UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

		FORM 10-Q					
(Mark One) ⊠ QUARTERLY REPORT	PURSUANT TO SECT	ION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITI	ES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934				
	For the	e quarterly period ended September 30, 2018					
		OR					
☐ TRANSITION REPORT	PURSUANT TO SECT	ION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITI	ES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934				
	For the tr	ansition period from to					
		Commission File Number: 1-13395					
	SONIC	AUTOMOTIVE, IN	С.				
	(Exact	name of registrant as specified in its charter)					
(State or	Delaware other jurisdiction of tion or organization)		56-2010790 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)				
Charlot	l Colwick Road tte, North Carolina orincipal executive offices)		28211 (Zip Code)				
	(Reg	(704) 566-2400 istrant's telephone number, including area code)					
		ired to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities d (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for t	Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or fo he past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □				
		lly every Interactive Data File required to be submitt e registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \mathbb{S}	ed pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ($\S 232.405$ of thi No \square				
		an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller ng company," and "emerging growth company" in Ru Accelerated filer	reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the le 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.				
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company					
		Emerging growth company					
If an emerging growth company, indica standards provided pursuant to Section		as elected not to use the extended transition period for	complying with any new or revised financial accounting				
		ed in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \(\square\) No class A Common Stock and 12,029,375 shares of the r					

Uncertainty of Forward-Looking Statements and Information

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains, and written or oral statements made from time to time by us or by our authorized officers may contain, "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements address our future objectives, plans and goals, as well as our intent, beliefs and current expectations regarding future operating performance, results and events, and can generally be identified by words such as "may," "will," "should," "believe," "expect," "estimate," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "foresee" and other similar words or phrases.

These forward-looking statements are based on our current estimates and assumptions and involve various risks and uncertainties. As a result, you are cautioned that these forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and that actual results could differ materially from those projected in these forward-looking statements. Factors which may cause actual results to differ materially from our projections include those risks described in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 and in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of this report and elsewhere herein, as well as:

- the number of new and used vehicles sold in the United States as compared to our expectations and the expectations of the market;
- our ability to generate sufficient cash flows or obtain additional financing to fund our EchoPark expansion, capital expenditures, our share repurchase program, dividends on our common stock, acquisitions and general operating activities;
- our business and growth strategies, including, but not limited to, our EchoPark store operations;
- the reputation and financial condition of vehicle manufacturers whose brands we represent, the financial incentives vehicle manufacturers offer and their ability to design, manufacture, deliver and market their vehicles successfully;
- our relationships with manufacturers, which may affect our ability to obtain desirable new vehicle models in inventory or complete additional acquisitions;
- the adverse resolution of one or more significant legal proceedings against us or our franchised dealerships or EchoPark stores;
- changes in laws and regulations governing the operation of automobile franchises, accounting standards, taxation requirements and environmental laws;
- changes in vehicle and parts import quotas, duties, tariffs or other restrictions;
- general economic conditions in the markets in which we operate, including fluctuations in interest rates, employment levels, the level of consumer spending and consumer credit availability;
- high competition in the retail automotive industry, which not only creates pricing pressures on the products and services we offer, but also on businesses we may seek to acquire;
- · our ability to successfully integrate potential future acquisitions; and
- the rate and timing of overall economic recovery or decline.

These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report or when made, and we undertake no obligation to revise or update these statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances, except as required under the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. FORM 10-Q FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
PART I - FIN.	ANCIAL INFORMATION	<u></u>
Item 1.	Financial Statements (unaudited)	<u>1</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income	<u>1</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	<u>2</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	<u>3</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity	<u>4</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	<u>5</u>
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>6</u>
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>20</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>64</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>65</u>
PART II – OT	HER INFORMATION	<u>66</u>
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>66</u>
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	<u>67</u>
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>68</u>
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>69</u>
SIGNATURES		70

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

	7	Three Months En	ded September 30,	Nine Mont	Nine Months Ended September 3			
		2018	2017	2018			2017	
		(Dollar	rs and shares in thousa	nds, except per s	except per share amounts)			
Revenues:								
New vehicles	\$	1,235,094	\$ 1,362,301	\$ 3,65	54,510	\$	3,809,302	
Used vehicles		745,998	659,724	2,21	17,616		1,936,088	
Wholesale vehicles		48,578	43,098	16	67,726		130,174	
Total vehicles		2,029,670	2,065,123	6,03	39,852		5,875,564	
Parts, service and collision repair		343,118	347,717	1,04	41,630		1,060,873	
Finance, insurance and other, net		98,061	92,861	29	95,890		262,832	
Total revenues		2,470,849	2,505,701	7,33	77,372		7,199,269	
Cost of Sales:								
New vehicles		(1,173,453)	(1,296,063)	(3,47	78,802)		(3,622,264)	
Used vehicles		(710,681)	(620,579)	(2,10	08,219)		(1,816,076)	
Wholesale vehicles		(49,877)	(46,390)	(17	76,806)		(136,555)	
Total vehicles		(1,934,011)	(1,963,032)	(5,76	53,827)		(5,574,895)	
Parts, service and collision repair		(176,302)	(180,047)	(53	38,135)		(550,788)	
Total cost of sales		(2,110,313)	(2,143,079)	(6,30	01,962)		(6,125,683)	
Gross profit		360,536	362,622	1,07	75,410		1,073,586	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(289,022)	(283,974)	(87	71,410)		(870,139)	
Impairment charges			(200)	(1	13,961)		(3,315)	
Depreciation and amortization		(23,377)	(22,686)	(7	71,067)		(65,751)	
Operating income (loss)		48,137	55,762	11	18,972		134,381	
Other income (expense):								
Interest expense, floor plan		(12,192)	(8,882)	(3	34,815)		(26,413)	
Interest expense, other, net		(13,313)	(13,028)		40,144)		(39,200	
Other income (expense), net		_	4	`	107		(14,490)	
Total other income (expense)		(25,505)	(21,906)	- (7	74,852)		(80,103)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes		22,632	33,856		44.120		54.278	
Provision for income taxes for continuing operations - benefit (expense)		(7,331)	(14,126)		13,711)		(22,254)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations		15,301	19.730		30,409	_	32,024	
Discontinued operations:		15,501	19,750		,0,10,		32,021	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before taxes		(252)	(481)		(797)		(1,650)	
Provision for income taxes for discontinued operations - benefit (expense)		69	191		218		657	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		(183)	(290)		(579)	_	(993)	
Net income (loss)	\$	15,118	\$ 19,440		29,830	\$	31,031	
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:	<u>-</u>	,		-	,,,,,,,,,,	_		
Earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$	0.36	\$ 0.45	S	0.71	\$	0.72	
Earnings (loss) per share from discontinued operations	Ψ	(0.01)	0.15	Ψ	(0.01)	Ψ	(0.02)	
	\$	0.35	\$ 0.45	\$	0.70	\$	0.70	
Earnings (loss) per common share	<u> </u>			-		Ψ		
Weighted average common shares outstanding	_	42,673	43,496		42,708	_	44,281	
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:								
Earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$	0.36			0.71	\$	0.72	
Earnings (loss) per share from discontinued operations		(0.01)	(0.01)		(0.02)		(0.02)	
Earnings (loss) per common share	\$	0.35	\$ 0.44	\$	0.69	\$	0.70	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	_	42,994	43,811	4	42,964		44,585	
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.06	\$ 0.05	\$	0.18	\$	0.15	

SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	_	2018		2017		2018		2017	
				(Dollars in t	housa	inds)			
Net income (loss)	\$	15,118	\$	19,440	\$	29,830	\$	31,031	
Other comprehensive income (loss) before taxes:									
Change in fair value of interest rate swap and interest rate cap agreements		533		747		5,736		2,891	
Provision for income tax benefit (expense) related to									
components of other comprehensive income (loss)		(145)		(284)		(1,563)		(1,099)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)		388		463		4,173		1,792	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	15,506	\$	19,903	\$	34,003	\$	32,823	

SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)				
	Septe	ember 30, 2018		nber 31, 2017
ACCEPTO		(Dollars in	thousands)	
ASSETS				
Current Assets:	e.	7.502	e.	(252
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,582	\$	6,352
Receivables, net Inventories		350,912		482,126
		1,474,832		1,512,745
Other current assets	-	30,649		18,574
Total current assets		1,863,975		2,019,797
Property and Equipment, net Goodwill		1,207,263		1,146,881
		510,160		525,780
Other Intangible Assets, net		71,957		74,589
Other Assets		50,576	Φ.	51,471
Total Assets	\$	3,703,931	\$	3,818,518
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current Liabilities:				
Notes payable - floor plan - trade	\$	750,512	\$	804,238
Notes payable - floor plan - non-trade		656,535		709,098
Trade accounts payable		119,082		129,903
Accrued interest		12,258		12,316
Other accrued liabilities		241,443		237,963
Current maturities of long-term debt		33,110		61,314
Total current liabilities		1,812,940		1,954,832
Long-Term Debt		957,519		963,389
Other Long-Term Liabilities		79,179		61,918
Deferred Income Taxes		50,449		51,619
Commitments and Contingencies		_		_
Stockholders' Equity:				
Class A Convertible Preferred Stock, none issued		_		_
Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 64,197,385 shares issued and 30,721,226 shares outstanding at September 30, 2018; 63,456,698 shares issued and 31,166,205 shares outstanding at December 31, 2017		642		635
Class B Common Stock, \$0.01 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 12,029,375 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017		121		121
Paid-in capital		743,788		732,854
Retained earnings		651,436		625,356
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		5,480		1,307
Treasury stock, at cost; 33,476,159 Class A Common Stock shares held at September 30, 2018 and 32,290,493 Class A Common Stock shares held at December 31, 2017		(597,623)		(573,513)
Total Stockholders' Equity		803,844		786,760
	\$	3,703,931	\$	3,818,518
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	ψ	3,703,931	Ψ	3,010,310

SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

		ass A on Stock		lass A ury Stock		lass B ion Stock	Paid-In	Retained	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital Earnings		(Loss)	Equity
						(Dollars in th	ousands)			
Balance at December 31, 2017	63,457	\$ 635	(32,290)	\$ (573,513)	12,029	\$ 121	\$ 732,854	\$ 625,356	\$ 1,307	\$ 786,760
Shares awarded under stock compensation plans	740	7	_	_	_	_	345	_	_	352
Purchases of treasury stock	_	_	(1,186)	(24,110)	_	_	_	_	_	(24,110)
Change in fair value of interest rate swap and interest rate cap agreements, net of tax expense of \$1,563	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,173	4,173
Restricted stock amortization	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,589	_	-	10,589
Net income (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	29,830	_	29,830
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (1)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,918	_	3,918
Dividends declared								(7,668)		(7,668)
Balance at September 30, 2018	64,197	\$ 642	(33,476)	\$ (597,623)	12,029	\$ 121	\$ 743,788	\$ 651,436	\$ 5,480	\$ 803,844

⁽¹⁾ See Note 1, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," of the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)			
		Nine Months Ended	September 30,
		2018	2017
CACH ELONG EDOM ODED ATING A CTIVITEIE		(Dollars in the	ousands)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income (loss)	\$	29,830 \$	31,031
` '	Ф	29,030 \$	31,031
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		71.062	65.747
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment		71,063	65,747
Provision for bad debt expense		370	657
Other amortization		463	487
Debt issuance cost amortization		1,828	1,784
Debt discount amortization, net of premium amortization		10.500	157
Stock-based compensation expense		10,589	8,902 2,745
Deferred income taxes		(5,708)	
Net distributions from equity investee		(21)	2 215
Asset impairment charges		13,961	3,315
Loss (gain) on disposal of dealerships and property and equipment		(41,116)	(8,594)
Loss (gain) on exit of leased dealerships		2,697	2,016
Loss (gain) on retirement of debt		_	14,607
Changes in assets and liabilities that relate to operations:		150.012	24 220
Receivables		150,013	24,330
Inventories		(20,270)	191,077
Other assets		2,017	(4,286)
Notes payable - floor plan - trade		(53,726)	(131,578)
Trade accounts payable and other liabilities		(6,517)	(14,282)
Total adjustments		125,643	157,101
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u> </u>	155,473	188,132
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of businesses, net of cash acquired		_	(76,610)
Purchases of land, property and equipment		(133,918)	(181,893)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment		13,290	392
Proceeds from sales of dealerships		121,859	22,578
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		1,231	(235,533)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net (repayments) borrowings on notes payable - floor plan - non-trade		(52,563)	(74,974)
Borrowings on revolving credit facilities		738,262	253,668
Repayments on revolving credit facilities		(799,736)	(118,668)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		21,072	288,419
Debt issuance costs		(149)	(4,673)
Principal payments and repurchase of long-term debt		(31,337)	(31,194)
Repurchase of debt securities		_	(210,914)
Purchases of treasury stock		(24,110)	(37,347)
Issuance of shares under stock compensation plans		352	46
Dividends paid		(7,265)	(6,691)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(155,474)	57,672
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,230	10,271
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		6,352	3,108
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	7,582 \$	13,379
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Change in fair value of interest rate swap and interest rate cap agreements (net of tax expense of \$1,563 and \$1,099 in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively)	\$	4,173 \$	1,792
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		,	,
Cash paid (received) during the period for:			
Interest, including amount capitalized	\$	73,372 \$	67,523
Income taxes	\$	32,956 \$	30,752

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation – The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of Sonic Automotive, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries ("Sonic," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our") for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all material normal recurring adjustments necessary to fairly state the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire fiscal year or future interim periods, because the first quarter historically has contributed less operating profit than the second, third and fourth quarters. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements – In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09 as well as several subsequent amendments to amend the accounting guidance on revenue recognition. The amendments to the revenue recognition accounting guidance are included in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers," and are intended to provide a more robust framework for addressing revenue issues, improve comparability of revenue recognition practices and improve disclosure requirements. The amendments to this guidance must be applied using either of the following transition methods: (1) a full retrospective approach reflecting the application of the amendments in each prior reporting period with the option to elect certain practical expedients; or (2) a modified retrospective approach with the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments recognized at the date of adoption (which requires additional footnote disclosures). These amendments were effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. On January 1, 2018, Sonic adopted ASC 606 (the "new revenue standard") using the modified retrospective transition approach applied to contracts not completed as of the date of adoption. We recognized the cumulative effect of initially applying the new revenue standard as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. The comparative financial information has not been restated and continues to be reported under the accounting standards in effect for that period. We do not expect the adoption of the new revenue standard to have a material impact on our net income on an ongoing basis.

Under the new revenue standard, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services and in an amount that reflects the consideration that the entity expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The principles apply a five-step model that includes: (1) identifying the contract(s) with the customer; (2) identifying the performance obligation(s) in the contract(s); (3) determining the transaction price; (4) allocating the transaction price to the performance obligation(s) in the contract(s); and (5) recognizing revenue as the performance obligation(s) are satisfied. The new revenue standard also requires disclosure of the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. Sonic does not include the cost of obtaining contracts within the related revenue streams. Sonic has elected the practical expedient to expense the costs to obtain a contract when incurred.

During the implementation process, management evaluated its established business processes, revenue transaction streams and accounting policies, and generally expects similar performance obligations to result under the new revenue standard as compared with prior U.S. GAAP. Management identified its material revenue streams to be (1) the sale of new vehicles; (2) the sale of used vehicles to retail customers; (3) the sale of wholesale used vehicles at third-party auctions; (4) the arrangement of vehicle financing and the sale of service and other insurance contracts; and (5) the performance of vehicle maintenance and repair services and the sale of related parts and accessories. As a result of this evaluation during the implementation process, management expects the amounts and timing of revenue recognition to generally remain the same, with the exception of the timing of revenue recognition related to: (1) service and collision repair orders that are incomplete as of a reporting date ("work in process") and (2) certain retrospective finance and insurance revenue earned in periods subsequent to the completion of the initial performance obligation ("F&I retro revenues"), both of which are subject to accelerated recognition under the new revenue standard. Work in process revenues are recognized over time based on the completed work to date and F&I retro revenues are recognized when the product contract has been executed with the end customer and are estimated each reporting period based on the expected value method using historical and projected data. F&I retro revenues, which represent variable consideration, subject to a constraint, are to be included in the transaction price and recognized when or as the performance obligation is satisfied. F&I retro revenues can vary based on a variety of factors, including number of contracts and history of cancellations and claims. Accordingly, Sonic utilizes this historical and projected data to constrain the consideration to the extent that it is probable that a significan

Generally, performance conditions are satisfied when the associated vehicle is either delivered or returned to a customer and customer acceptance has occurred or over time as the maintenance and repair services are performed. Sonic does not have any revenue streams with significant financing components as payments are typically received within a short period of time following completion of the performance obligation(s).

The cumulative effect of the adjustments to our September 30, 2018 condensed consolidated statements of income and January 1, 2018 condensed consolidated balance sheet for the adoption of ASC 606 were as follows:

		Pre-ASC 606 Results			As Reported
T. China		Three Months Ended September 30, 2018	Effects of Adoption 606	of ASC	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018
Income Statement		September 30, 2018	(In thousands	s)	September 30, 2018
Revenues:					
Parts, service and collision repair	\$	340,600	\$	2,518	\$ 343,118
Finance, insurance and other, net		96,031		2,030	98,061
Total revenues	\$	436,631	\$	4,548	\$ 441,179
Cost of Sales:					
Parts, service and collision repair	\$	(175,153)	\$	(1,149)	\$ (176,302)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	(288,639)	\$	(383)	\$ (289,022)
Operating income (loss):	\$	45,121	\$	3,016	\$ 48,137

Income Statement	Pre-ASC 606 Results Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018	E	Effects of Adoption of ASC 606 (In thousands)	As Reported Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018		
Revenues:						
Parts, service and collision repair	\$ 1,041,424	\$	206	\$	1,041,630	
Finance, insurance and other, net	289,937		5,953		295,890	
Total revenues	\$ 1,331,361	\$	6,159	\$	1,337,520	
Cost of Sales:						
Parts, service and collision repair	\$ (537,990)	\$	(145)	\$	(538,135)	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ (871,394)	\$	(16)	\$	(871,410)	
Operating income (loss):	\$ 112,974	\$	5,998	\$	118,972	

Balance Sheet	December 31, 2017	Effects of Adoption of ASC 606	January 1, 2018
		_	
Assets:			
Receivables, net	\$ 482,126	\$ 4,590	\$ 486,716
Contract assets (1)	_	2,082	2,082
Liabilities:			
Other accrued liabilities	\$ 237,963	\$ 1,286	\$ 239,249
Deferred income taxes	51,619	1,468	53,087
Stockholders' Equity:			
Retained earnings		\$ 3,918	\$ 629,274

⁽¹⁾ Contract assets are included in receivables, net in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Receivables, net at September 30, 2018 includes approximately \$4.7 million related to work in process and a contract asset of approximately \$8.0 million related to F&I retro revenues. Changes in contract assets from January 1, 2018 to September 30, 2018 were primarily due to ordinary business activity.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02 to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. The amendments in this ASU require that leases are classified as either finance or operating leases, a right-of-use asset and lease liability is recognized in the statement of financial position and repayments are classified within operating activities in the

statement of cash flows. The amendments in this ASU are to be applied using a modified retrospective approach and are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018 (early adoption is permitted). We plan to adopt this ASU effective January 1, 2019. While management is still in the process of quantifying the impact of adopting the provisions of this ASU, management expects that upon adoption of this ASU, the presentation of certain items in our consolidated financial position, cash flows and other disclosures will be materially impacted, primarily due to the recognition of a right-of-use asset and an associated liability in our consolidated balance sheets and a change in the timing and classification of certain items in our consolidated statements of income and consolidated statements of cash flows as a result of the derecognition of the lease liability. We are currently implementing the changes required under this ASU by identifying and assessing our existing lease contracts and importing lease data into specialized lease accounting software to meet the future reporting requirements of this ASU. As part of our implementation plan, we are also evaluating the changes in internal controls and processes that are necessary to implement this ASU, but do not expect material changes. We expect to provide a quantitative disclosure of the impact of the adoption of this ASU in our Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2018.

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12 which amends the hedge accounting recognition and presentation requirements in ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging. This ASU expands and refines hedge accounting for both non-financial and financial risk components and aligns the recognition and presentation of the effects of the hedging instrument and the hedged item in the financial statements. It also includes certain targeted improvements to simplify the application of current guidance related to hedge accounting. For public companies, this ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018 (early adoption is permitted). We do not believe the effects of this ASU will materially impact our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-02, which allows the reclassification of stranded tax effects, as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Acts of 2017, from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings. For public companies, this ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018 (early adoption is permitted). We are currently in the process of evaluating the effects of this ASU on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07 to expand the scope of ASC Topic 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation, to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from non-employees. For public companies, this ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018 (early adoption is permitted). We are currently in the process of evaluating the effects of this ASU on our consolidated financial statements.

Principles of Consolidation – All of our subsidiaries are wholly owned and consolidated in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, except for one 50%-owned dealership that is accounted for under the equity method. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

Income Tax Expense – Beginning January 1, 2018, the federal corporate income tax rate changed from 35.0% to 21.0% along with other tax provision changes that affect the deductibility of certain expenses. Sonic considered these items in its calculation of income tax amounts as of September 30, 2018 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. The overall effective tax rate from continuing operations was 32.4% and 31.1% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, and 41.7% and 41.0% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively. Income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2018 million discrete charge for non-deductible executive officer compensation related to executive transition costs. Income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 includes a \$0.8 million discrete charge for non-deductible executive officer compensation related to executive transition costs, a \$0.2 million discrete charge related to changes in uncertain tax positions and a \$0.6 million discrete charge for non-deductible book goodwill related to dealership dispositions, offset partially by a \$0.9 million discrete benefit related to vested or exercised stock compensation. Income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2017 includes a \$0.4 million discrete charge related to a non-deductible asset impairment charge. Income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 includes a \$0.4 million discrete charge related to a non-deductible asset impairment charge and a benefit of approximately \$0.5 million as a result of the adoption of ASU 2016-09 which requires all book-tax differences related to the exercise of stock options or vesting of restricted stock units to flow through the provision for income taxes. Sonic's effective tax rate varies from year to year based on the distribution of taxable income between states in which the Company operates and other tax adjustments. Sonic expects the annual effective tax rate in future perio

2. Business Acquisitions and Dispositions

Acquisitions – Sonic did not acquire any businesses during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. During the three months ended September 30, 2017, Sonic acquired a pre-owned vehicle business for approximately \$76.6 million.

Dispositions – Sonic disposed of six franchised dealerships during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 that generated net cash of approximately \$21.9 million. In addition to these dispositions, Sonic terminated one luxury franchised dealership and ceased operations at three stores in our EchoPark Segment. Sonic disposed of one mid-line import franchised dealership during the three months ended September 30, 2017 that generated net cash of approximately \$2.6 million.

Revenues and other activities associated with disposed franchised dealerships classified as discontinued operations were as follows:

	T	hree Months End	Nine Months E	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2018	2017	2018		2017	
			(In th	nousands)			
Income (loss) from operations	\$	(148)	\$ (119)) \$ (478) \$	(561)	
Lease exit accrual adjustments and charges		(104)	(362) (319)	(1,089)	
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$	(252)	\$ (481)	\$ (797) \$	(1,650)	
Total revenues	\$	_	\$	\$ —	- \$	_	

Revenues and other activities associated with disposed franchised dealerships that remain in continuing operations were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	 2018		2017		2018		2017		
			(In tho	usands)					
Income (loss) from operations	\$ (910)	\$	(1,779)	\$	(6,039)	\$	(4,067)		
Gain (loss) on disposal	(88)		8,490		39,149		8,466		
Lease exit accrual adjustments and charges	(15)		_		(33)		_		
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$ (1,013)	\$	6,711	\$	33,077	\$	4,399		
Total revenues	\$ _	\$	127,313	\$	108,754	\$	393,662		

3. Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

		September 30, 2018	De	cember 31, 2017
	_	(In th		
New vehicles	\$	992,93	5 \$	1,017,523
Used vehicles		280,143	3	294,496
Service loaners		137,33	7	130,406
Parts, accessories and other		64,417	7	70,320
Net inventories	\$	1,474,832	\$	1,512,745

4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, net consists of the following:

	 September 30, 2018	Dec	ember 31, 2017
	(In thou	ısands)	
Land	\$ 385,814	\$	370,828
Building and improvements	984,214		893,768
Software and computer equipment	127,515		147,812
Parts and service equipment	108,281		105,123
Office equipment and fixtures	94,942		96,066
Company vehicles	9,144		9,723
Construction in progress	74,576		54,429
Total, at cost	 1,784,486		1,677,749
Less accumulated depreciation	(567,559)		(527,379)
Subtotal	 1,216,927		1,150,370
Less assets held for sale (1)	(9,664)		(3,489)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 1,207,263	\$	1,146,881

(1) Classified in other current assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, capital expenditures were approximately \$4.3 million and \$133.9 million, respectively, and in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, capital expenditures were approximately \$60.7 million and \$181.9 million, respectively. Capital expenditures in all periods were primarily related to real estate acquisitions, construction of new franchised dealerships and EchoPark stores, building improvements and equipment purchased for use in our franchised dealerships and EchoPark stores. Assets held for sale as of September 30, 2018 consists of real property not being used in operations that we expect to dispose of in the next 12 months.

There were no impairment charges for the three months ended September 30, 2018. Impairment charges for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 were approximately \$14.0 million, which include the write-off of certain costs associated with internally developed software as well as the write-off of capitalized costs associated with the abandonment of certain construction projects. Impairment charges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 were approximately \$0.2 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, which include the write-off of goodwill and property and equipment related to the closure of two pre-owned stores that were purchased in 2016 as well as the write-off of capitalized costs associated with the abandonment of certain construction projects.

5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The carrying amount of goodwill was approximately \$510.2 million and \$525.8 million as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The carrying amount of goodwill is net of accumulated impairment losses of approximately \$797.6 million as of both September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The carrying amount of franchise assets was approximately \$67.8 million and \$69.9 million as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The changes in the carrying amount of both goodwill and franchise assets are related to the disposition of several franchised dealerships during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. At December 31, 2017, Sonic had approximately \$4.7 million of definite life intangibles related to favorable lease agreements. After the effect of amortization of the definite life intangibles, the balance recorded at September 30, 2018 was approximately \$4.2 million. Both franchise assets and favorable lease agreement assets are included in other intangible assets, net in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

6. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

_	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(In tho	usands)
2016 Revolving Credit Facility (1)	13,526	\$ 75,000
5.0% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2023 (the "5.0% Notes")	289,273	289,273
6.125% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2027 (the "6.125% Notes")	250,000	250,000
Mortgage notes to finance companies - fixed rate, bearing interest from 3.51% to 7.03%	226,548	199,972
Mortgage notes to finance companies - variable rate, bearing interest at 1.50 to 2.90 percentage points above one-month or three-month LIBOR	183,499	219,719
Debt issuance costs	(11,528)	(13,208)
Other	39,311	3,947
Total debt	990,629	\$ 1,024,703
Less current maturities	(33,110)	(61,314)
Long-term debt	957,519	\$ 963,389

(1) The interest rate on the 2016 Revolving Credit Facility (as defined below) was 250 and 225 basis points above the London Interbank Offer Rate ("LIBOR") at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

2016 Credit Facilities

On November 30, 2016, Sonic entered into an amended and restated syndicated revolving credit facility (the "2016 Revolving Credit Facility") and amended and restated syndicated new and used vehicle floor plan credit facilities (the "2016 Floor Plan Facilities" and, together with the 2016 Revolving Credit Facility, the "2016 Credit Facilities"), which are scheduled to mature on November 30, 2021.

Availability under the 2016 Revolving Credit Facility is calculated as the lesser of \$250.0 million or a borrowing base calculated based on certain eligible assets, less the aggregate face amount of any outstanding letters of credit under the 2016 Revolving Credit Facility (the "2016 Revolving Borrowing Base"). The 2016 Revolving Credit Facility may be increased at Sonic's option up to \$300.0 million upon satisfaction of certain conditions. As of September 30, 2018, the 2016 Revolving Borrowing Base was approximately \$222.5 million based on balances as of such date. As of September 30, 2018, Sonic had approximately \$13.5 million of outstanding borrowings and approximately \$16.2 million in outstanding letters of credit under the 2016 Revolving Credit Facility, resulting in total borrowing availability of approximately \$192.8 million under the 2016 Revolving Credit Facility.

The 2016 Floor Plan Facilities are comprised of a new vehicle revolving floor plan facility (the "2016 New Vehicle Floor Plan Facility") and a used vehicle revolving floor plan facility (the "2016 Used Vehicle Floor Plan Facility"), subject to a borrowing base, in a combined amount of up to \$1.015 billion. We may, under certain conditions, request an increase in the 2016 Floor Plan Facilities to a maximum borrowing limit of up to \$1.265 billion, which shall be allocated between the 2016 New Vehicle Floor Plan Facility and the 2016 Used Vehicle Floor Plan Facility as we request, with no more than 30% of the aggregate commitments allocated to the commitments under the 2016 Used Vehicle Floor Plan Facility. Outstanding obligations under the 2016 Floor Plan Facilities are guaranteed by us and certain of our subsidiaries and are secured by a pledge of substantially all of our and our subsidiaries' assets. The amounts outstanding under the 2016 Credit Facilities bear interest at variable rates based on specified percentages above LIBOR.

We agreed under the 2016 Credit Facilities not to pledge any assets to any third parties (other than those explicitly allowed under the amended terms of the 2016 Credit Facilities), including other lenders, subject to certain stated exceptions, including floor plan financing arrangements. In addition, the 2016 Credit Facilities contain certain negative covenants, including covenants which could restrict or prohibit indebtedness, liens, the payment of dividends, capital expenditures and material dispositions and acquisitions of assets, as well as other customary covenants and default provisions. Specifically, the 2016 Credit Facilities permit cash dividends on our Class A and Class B Common Stock so long as no event of default (as defined in the 2016 Credit Facilities) has occurred and is continuing and provided that we remain in compliance with all financial covenants under the 2016 Credit Facilities.

5.0% Notes

On May 9, 2013, Sonic issued \$300.0 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured senior subordinated 5.0% Notes, which are scheduled to mature on May 15, 2023. The 5.0% Notes were issued at a price of 100.0% of the principal amount thereof. The 5.0% Notes are guaranteed by Sonic's domestic operating subsidiaries. Interest on the 5.0% Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year. On September 30, 2016, Sonic repurchased approximately \$10.7 million of the outstanding 5.0% Notes for approximately \$10.6 million in cash, plus accrued and unpaid interest related thereto. Sonic may redeem the remaining outstanding 5.0% Notes, in whole or in part, at any time.

The indenture governing the 5.0% Notes contains certain specified restrictive covenants. Sonic has agreed not to pledge any assets to any third-party lender of senior subordinated debt except under certain limited circumstances. Sonic also has agreed to certain other limitations or prohibitions concerning the incurrence of other indebtedness, guarantees, liens, certain types of investments, certain transactions with affiliates, mergers, consolidations, issuance of preferred stock, cash dividends to stockholders, distributions, redemptions and the sale, assignment, lease, conveyance or disposal of certain assets. Specifically, the indenture governing the 5.0% Notes limits Sonic's Calibrative to pay quarterly cash dividends on Sonic's Class A and Class B Common Stock in excess of \$ 0.10 per share. Sonic may only pay quarterly cash dividends on Sonic's Class A and Class B Common Stock if Sonic complies with the terms of the indenture governing the 5.0% Notes. Sonic was in compliance with all restrictive covenants in the indenture governing the 5.0% Notes as of September 30, 2018.

6.125% Notes

On March 10, 2017, Sonic issued \$250.0 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured senior subordinated 6.125% Notes, which are scheduled to mature on March 15, 2027. The 6.125% Notes were issued at a price of 100.0% of the principal amount thereof. Sonic used the net proceeds from the issuance of the6.125% Notes (i) to repurchase all of its then outstanding 7.0% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2022 on March 27, 2017 (the "7.0% Notes") and (ii) for other general corporate purposes. The 6.125% Notes are guaranteed by Sonic's domestic operating subsidiaries. Interest on the 6.125% Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year. Sonic may redeem the 6.125% Notes, in whole or in part, at any time on or after March 15, 2022.

The indenture governing the 6.125% Notes contains certain specified restrictive covenants. Sonic has agreed not to pledge any assets to any third-party lender of senior subordinated debt except under certain limited circumstances. Sonic also has agreed to certain other limitations or prohibitions concerning the incurrence of other indebtedness, guarantees, liens, certain types of investments, certain transactions with affiliates, mergers, consolidations, issuance of preferred stock, cash dividends to stockholders, distributions, redemptions and the sale, assignment, lease, conveyance or disposal of certain assets. Specifically, the indenture governing the 6.125% Notes limits Sonic's ability to pay quarterly cash dividends on Sonic's Class A and Class B Common Stock in excess of \$ 0.12 per share. Sonic may only pay quarterly cash dividends on Sonic's Class A and Class B Common Stock if Sonic complies with the terms of the indenture governing the 6.125% Notes. Sonic was in compliance with all restrictive covenants in the indenture governing the 6.125% Notes as of September 30, 2018.

Mortgage Notes

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Sonic obtained approximately \$\Delta 1.1\$ million in mortgage financing related to three of its operating locations. As of September 30, 2018, the weighted average interest rate was 4.61% and the total outstanding mortgage principal balance was approximately \$\Delta 10.0\$ million. These mortgage notes require monthly payments of principal and interest through their respective maturities, are secured by the underlying properties and contain certain cross-default provisions. Maturity dates for these mortgage notes range between 2018 and 2033.

Other

Other debt consists of capital lease obligations, which increased approximately \$35.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 due to several new lease contracts executed in the three months ended September 30, 2018 meeting the criteria to be treated as a capital lease obligation. The recorded capital lease obligation and corresponding lease asset will be amortized into earnings over the term of the agreements.

Covenants

Under the 2016 Credit Facilities, Sonic agreed not to pledge any assets to any third parties (other than those explicitly allowed under the amended terms of the 2016 Credit Facilities), including other lenders, subject to certain stated exceptions, including floor plan financing arrangements. In addition, the 2016 Credit Facilities contain certain negative covenants, including covenants which could restrict or prohibit indebtedness, liens, the payment of dividends, capital expenditures and material dispositions and acquisitions of assets, as well as other customary covenants and default provisions.

Sonic was in compliance with the covenants under the 2016 Credit Facilities as of September 30, 2018. Financial covenants include required specified ratios (as each is defined in the 2016 Credit Facilities) of:

		Covenant	
	Minimum Consolidated Liquidity Ratio	Minimum Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	Maximum Consolidated Total Lease Adjusted Leverage Ratio
Required ratio	1.0	5 1.20	5.75
September 30, 2018 actual	1.1	3 1.45	5.11

The 2016 Credit Facilities contain events of default, including cross defaults to other material indebtedness, change of control events and other events of default customary for syndicated commercial credit facilities. Upon the future occurrence of an event of default, Sonic could be required to immediately repay all outstanding amounts under the 2016 Credit Facilities.

After giving effect to the applicable restrictions on the payment of dividends under its debt agreements, as of September 30, 2018, Sonic had approximately \$15.8 million of net income and retained earnings free of such restrictions. Sonic was in compliance with all restrictive covenants under its debt agreements as of September 30, 2018.

In addition, many of Sonic's facility leases are governed by a guarantee agreement between the landlord and Sonic that contains financial and operating covenants. The financial covenants under the guarantee agreement are identical to those under the 2016 Credit Facilities with the exception of one financial covenant related to the ratio of EBTDAR to Rent (as defined in the guarantee agreement) with a required ratio of no less than 1.50 to 1.00. As of September 30, 2018, the ratio was 3.55 to 1.00.

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Sonic has interest rate cap agreements designated as hedging instruments to limit its exposure to increases in LIBOR rates above certain levels. Under the terms of these interest rate caps, interest rates reset monthly. The fair value of these interest rate cap positions at September 30, 2018 was an asset of approximately \$8.6 million, with approximately \$6.6 million included in other assets and approximately \$2.0 million included in other current assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Sonic terminated all of its previously outstanding interest rate cash flow swap agreements for net cash proceeds of approximately \$4.8 million, which will be amortized into income as a reduction of interest expense, other, net on a ratable basis over the original term of these agreements (through July 1, 2020). The fair value of the outstanding interest rate swap and interest rate cap positions at December 31, 2017 was a net asset of approximately \$4.7 million, with approximately \$5.1 million included in other assets and approximately \$0.9 million included in other current assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets, offset partially by approximately \$1.0 million included in other accrued liabilities and approximately \$0.3 million included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Under the terms of the interest rate cap agreements, Sonic will receive and pay interest based on the following:

Notional Amount	Pay Rate (1)	Receive Rate (2)	Start Date	End Date
(In millions)				
\$ 250.0	2.000%	one-month LIBOR	September 1, 2017	June 30, 2018
\$ 375.0	2.000%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2018	June 30, 2019
\$ 375.0	3.000%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2018	June 30, 2019
\$ 312.5	2.000%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2019	June 30, 2020
\$ 250.0	3.000%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2019	June 30, 2020
\$ 225.0	3.000%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2020	June 30, 2021
\$ 150.0	2.000%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2021
\$ 250.0	3.000%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2021	July 1, 2022

- (1) Under these interest rate cap agreements, no payment to or from the counterparty will occur unless the stated receive rate exceeds the stated pay rate, in which case a net payment to Sonic from the counterparty based on the spread between the receive rate and the pay rate will be recognized as a reduction of interest expense, other, net in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.
- (2) The one-month LIBOR rate was approximately 2.261% at September 30, 2018.

The interest rate caps are designated as cash flow hedges, and the changes in the fair value of these instruments are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income and are disclosed in the supplemental schedule of non-cash financing activities in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The incremental interest income (the excess of interest received over interest paid) related to interest rate caps and interest rate swaps was approximately \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and the incremental interest expense (the excess of interest paid over interest received) related to interest rate caps and interest rate swaps was approximately \$0.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, and is included in interest expense, other, net in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income, and the interest paid amount is disclosed in the supplemental disclosures of cash flows information in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income, and the interest expense (the excess of interest paid over interest received) related to interest rate caps and interest rate swaps was approximately \$0.7 million and \$2.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, and is included in interest expense, other, net in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income, and the interest paid amount is disclosed in the supplemental disclosures of cash flows information in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income, and the interest paid amount is disclosed in the supplemental disclosures of cash flows information in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income, and the interest paid amount is disclosed in the supplemental disclosures of cash flows information in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of each flows. The estimated net benefit expected to be reclassified out of accumulated other

7. Per Share Data and Stockholders' Equity

The calculation of diluted earnings per share considers the potential dilutive effect of stock options and shares under Sonic's stock compensation plans and Class A Common Stock purchase warrants. Certain of Sonic's non-vested restricted stock awards contain rights to receive non-forfeitable dividends and, thus, are considered participating securities and are included in the two-class method of computing earnings per share. The following tables illustrate the dilutive effect of such items on earnings per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

				Tł	ree Months	Enc	led Septemb	er 3	0, 2018				
			Income	(Lo	ss)	Income (Loss)			oss)				
				Continuing rations		From Disco Operati					N Income	Net e (Loss)	
	Weighted Average Shares	Ā	Amount	Per Share Amount			Amount	Per Share Amount			Amount		Per Share Amount
		(In thousands, except per share amounts)											
Earnings (loss) and shares	42,673	\$	15,301			\$	(183)			\$	15,118		
Effect of participating securities:													
Non-vested restricted stock			(14)				_				(14)		
Basic earnings (loss) and shares	42,673	\$	15,287	\$	0.36	\$	(183)	\$	(0.01)	\$	15,104	\$	0.35
Effect of dilutive securities:													
Stock compensation plans	321												
Diluted earnings (loss) and shares	42,994	\$	15,287	\$	0.36	\$	(183)	\$	(0.01)	\$	15,104	\$	0.35

				T	hree Months	En	ded Septembe	er 3	0, 2017				
		Income (Loss)			oss)	Income (Loss)			oss)				
	Weighted Average Shares		From Continuing Operations			From Disc Opera					Net Income (s)
			Amount		Per Share Amount	Amount			Per Share Amount	Amount			Per Share mount
		(In thousands, except per share amounts)											
Earnings (loss) and shares	43,496	\$	19,730			\$	(290)			\$	19,440		
Effect of participating securities:													
Non-vested restricted stock			(18)				_				(18)		
Basic earnings (loss) and shares	43,496	\$	19,712	\$	0.45	\$	(290)	\$	_	\$	19,422	\$	0.45
Effect of dilutive securities:													
Stock compensation plans	315												
Diluted earnings (loss) and shares	43,811	\$	19,712	\$	0.45	\$	(290)	\$	(0.01)	\$	19,422	\$	0.44

				N	line Months	End	ed Septembei	. 30	, 2018				
		Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations			Income (Loss)			oss)					
					From Discontinued Operations				ied Incoi			ss)	
	Weighted Average Shares		Amount		Per Share Amount	S		Per Share Amount	Amount		1	Per Share Amount	
		(In thousands, except per share amounts)											
Earnings (loss) and shares	42,708	\$	30,409			\$	(579)			\$	29,830		
Effect of participating securities:													
Non-vested restricted stock			(29)				_				(29)		
Basic earnings (loss) and shares	42,708	\$	30,380	\$	0.71	\$	(579)	\$	(0.01)	\$	29,801	\$	0.70
Effect of dilutive securities:													
Stock compensation plans	256												
Diluted earnings (loss) and shares	42,964	\$	30,380	\$	0.71	\$	(579)	\$	(0.02)	\$	29,801	\$	0.69

				N	ine Months l	End	ed Septembe	r 30	, 2017				
			Income	(Lo	oss)	Income (Loss)							
		From Con Operati				From Dis Opera				Ne Income			s)
	Weighted Average Shares		Amount		Per Share Amount		Amount		Per Share Amount		Amount		Per Share mount
		(In thousands, except per share amounts)											
Earnings (loss) and shares	44,281	\$	32,024			\$	(993)			\$	31,031		
Effect of participating securities:													
Non-vested restricted stock			(28)				_				(28)		
Basic earnings (loss) and shares	44,281	\$	31,996	\$	0.72	\$	(993)	\$	(0.02)	\$	31,003	\$	0.70
Effect of dilutive securities:													
Stock compensation plans	304												
Diluted earnings (loss) and shares	44,585	\$	31,996	\$	0.72	\$	(993)	\$	(0.02)	\$	31,003	\$	0.70

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Lease Exit Accruals

A significant number of our dealership properties are leased under long-term operating lease arrangements. When leased properties are no longer utilized in operations, we record lease exit accruals. These situations could include the relocation of an existing facility or the sale of a dealership when the buyer will not be subleasing the property for either the remaining term of the lease or for an amount equal to our obligation under the lease, or situations in which a store is closed as a result of the associated franchise being terminated by us or the manufacturer and no other operations continue on the leased property. The lease exit accruals represent the present value of the lease payments, net of estimated sublease rentals, for the remaining life of the operating leases and other accruals necessary to satisfy lease commitments to the landlords. As of September 30, 2018, we had approximately \$6.3 million accrued for lease exit costs. In addition, based on the terms and conditions negotiated in the sale of dealerships in the future, additional accruals may be necessary if the purchaser of the dealership does not assume any of the associated lease, or we are unable to negotiate a sublease with the buyer of the dealership on terms that are identical to or better than those associated with the original lease.

A summary of the activity of these operating lease exit accruals consists of the following:

	 (In thousands)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 6,478
Lease exit expense (1)	2,697
Payments (2)	(2,336)
Lease buyout/other (3)	 (580)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 6,259

- (1) Expense of approximately \$2.3 million is recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses and expense of approximately \$0.1 million is recorded in interest expense, other, net in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. In addition, expense of approximately \$0.3 million is recorded in income (loss) from discontinued operations before taxes in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.
- (2) Amount is recorded as an offset to rent expense, with approximately \$0.8 million and \$1.5 million recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses and income (loss) from discontinued operations before taxes, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.
- (3) Amount represents cash paid to settle deferred maintenance costs related to terminating and exiting leased properties.

Legal and Other Proceedings

Sonic is involved, and expects to continue to be involved, in various legal and administrative proceedings arising out of the conduct of its business, including regulatory investigations and private civil actions brought by plaintiffs purporting to represent a potential class or for which a class has been certified. Although Sonic vigorously defends itself in all legal and administrative proceedings, the outcomes of pending and future proceedings arising out of the conduct of Sonic's business, including litigation with customers, employment-related lawsuits, contractual disputes, class actions, purported class actions and actions brought by governmental authorities, cannot be predicted with certainty. An unfavorable resolution of one or more of these matters could have a material adverse effect on Sonic's business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or prospects.

Included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities at September 30, 2018 was approximately \$2.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, in reserves that Sonic was holding for pending proceedings. Included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities at December 31, 2017 was approximately \$3.0 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, for such reserves. Except as reflected in such reserves, Sonic is currently unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss, or a range of reasonably possible loss in excess of the amount accrued, for pending proceedings.

Guarantees and Indemnification Obligations

In accordance with the terms of Sonic's operating lease agreements, Sonic's dealership subsidiaries, acting as lessees, generally agree to indemnify the lessor from certain exposure arising as a result of the use of the leased premises, including environmental exposure and repairs to leased property upon termination of the lease. In addition, Sonic has generally agreed to indemnify the lessor in the event of a breach of the lease by the lessee.

In connection with dealership dispositions and facility relocations, certain of Sonic's subsidiaries have assigned or sublet to the buyer their interests in real property leases associated with such dealerships. In general, the subsidiaries retain responsibility for the performance of certain obligations under such leases, including rent payments and repairs to leased property upon termination of the lease, to the extent that the assignee or sublessee does not perform. In the event an assignee or a sublessee does not perform its obligations, Sonic remains liable for the lease payments. See Note 12, "Commitments and Contingencies," to the consolidated financial statements in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 for further discussion.

In accordance with the terms of agreements entered into for the sale of Sonic's dealerships, Sonic generally agrees to indemnify the buyer from certain liabilities and costs arising subsequent to the date of sale, including environmental exposure and exposure resulting from the breach of representations or warranties made in accordance with the agreements. While Sonic's exposure with respect to environmental remediation and repairs is difficult to quantify, Sonic's maximum exposure associated with these general indemnifications was approximately \$14.0 million and \$5.0 million at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. These indemnifications typically expire within a period of one to three years following the date of sale. The estimated fair value of these indemnifications was not material and the amount recorded for this contingency was not significant at September 30, 2018.

Sonic also guarantees the floor plan commitments of its 50%-owned joint venture, the amount of which was approximately \$2.8 million at both September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

Earnout Consideration

In association with the acquisition of a business in the three months ended September 30, 2017, Sonic entered into an earnout agreement whereby the seller may be entitled to certain variable earnout payments, subject to certain restrictions, based on the acquired business achieving specified earnings targets over a 10-year period, not to exceed a maximum aggregate earnout payment of \$80.0 million. Sonic will recognize the accrual of any such variable earnout payments as compensation expense as earned. Sonic had recorded approximately \$23.3 million in earnout accruals as of September 30, 2018, with approximately \$7.7 million and \$15.6 million recorded in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

9. Fair Value Measurements

In determining fair value, Sonic uses various valuation approaches, including market, income and/or cost approaches. "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" in the ASC establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of Sonic. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect Sonic's assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

- Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that Sonic has the ability to access. Assets utilizing Level 1 inputs include marketable securities that are actively traded, including Sonic's stock or public bonds.
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. Assets and liabilities utilizing Level 2 inputs include cash flow swap instruments and deferred compensation plan balances.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. Asset and liability measurements utilizing Level 3 inputs include those used in estimating fair value of non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities in purchase acquisitions, those used in assessing impairment of property, plant and equipment and other intangibles and those used in the reporting unit valuation in the annual goodwill impairment evaluation.

The availability of observable inputs can vary and is affected by a wide variety of factors. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment required by Sonic in determining fair value is greatest for assets and liabilities categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is disclosed is determined based on the lowest level input (Level 3 being the lowest level) that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant who holds the asset or owes the liability rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, Sonic's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Sonic uses inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods when the market may be abnormally high or abnormally low. Accordingly, fair value measurements can be volatile based on various factors that may or may not be within Sonic's control.

Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Fair '	Fair Value Based on Significant Other Observable Inp (Level 2)							
	Se	ptember 30, 2018	Decei	mber 31, 2017					
		(In tho	ısands)						
Assets:									
Cash surrender value of life insurance policies (1)	\$	34,699	\$	33,747					
Cash flow swaps and interest rate caps designated as hedges (2)		8,604		5,968					
Total assets	\$	43,303	\$	39,715					
Liabilities:									
Cash flow swaps and interest rate caps designated as hedges (3)	\$	_	\$	1,286					
Deferred compensation plan (4)		20,412		18,417					
Total liabilities	\$	20,412	\$	19,703					

- (1) Included in other assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.
 (2) As of September 30, 2018, approximately \$2.0 million and \$6.6 million were included in other current assets and other assets, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2017, approximately \$0.9 million and \$5.1 million were included in other current assets and other assets, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

- (3) As of December 31, 2017, approximately \$1.0 million and \$0.3 million were included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- (4) Included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

There were no instances during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 which required a fair value measurement of assets ordinarily measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Therefore, the carrying value of assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2018 has not changed since December 31, 2017. These assets will be evaluated as of the annual valuation assessment date of October 1, 2018 or as events or changes in circumstances require.

As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the fair values of Sonic's financial instruments, including receivables, notes receivable from finance contracts, notes payable – floor plan, trade accounts payable, borrowings under the revolving credit facilities and certain mortgage notes, approximated their carrying values due either to length of maturity or existence of variable interest rates that approximate prevailing market rates.

At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the fair value and carrying value of Sonic's significant fixed rate long-term debt were as follows:

	 Septembe	r 30,	2018		December	r 31,	2017
	 Fair Value		Carrying Value	Fair Value			Carrying Value
			(In tho	usands	s)		
5.0% Notes (1)	\$ 271,917	\$	289,273	\$	279,148	\$	289,273
6.125% Notes (1)	\$ 233,125	\$	250,000	\$	248,750	\$	250,000
Mortgage Notes (2)	\$ 229,626	\$	226,548	\$	203,031	\$	199,972
Other (2)	\$ 39,177	\$	39,311	\$	3,760	\$	3,947

- (1) As determined by market quotations as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively (Level 1).
- (2) As determined by discounted cash flows (Level 3) based on estimated current market interest rates for comparable instruments.

10. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Gains and Losses on Cash Flow Hedges	Defined Benefit Pension Plan	Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
		(In thousands)	
Balance at December 31, 2017 \$	1,750	\$ (443)	\$ 1,307
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications (1)	4,140	_	4,140
Amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (2)	33	_	33
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	4,173	_	4,173
Balance at September 30, 2018	5,923	\$ (443)	\$ 5,480

- (1) Net of tax expense of \$1,551.
- (2) Net of tax expense of \$12.

See the heading "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" in Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," for further discussion of Sonic's cash flow hedges. For further discussion of Sonic's defined benefit pension plan, see Note 10, "Employee Benefit Plans," to the consolidated financial statements in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

11. Segment Information

As of September 30, 2018, Sonic had two operating segments comprised of: (1) retail automotive franchises that sell new vehicles and buy and sell used vehicles, sell replacement parts, perform vehicle repair and maintenance services, and arrange finance and insurance products (the "Franchised Dealerships Segment") and (2) stand-alone pre-owned vehicle specialty retail locations that buy and sell used vehicles, perform vehicle repair and maintenance services, and arrange finance and insurance products under the EchoPark brand (the "EchoPark Segment").

The operating segments identified above are the business activities of Sonic for which discrete financial information is available and for which operating results are regularly reviewed by Sonic's chief operating decision maker to assess operating performance and allocate resources. Sonic's chief operating decision maker is a group of three individuals consisting of: (1) the Company's Chief Executive Officer; (2) the Company's Chief Financial Officer; and (3) the Company's President. Sonic has determined that its operating segments also represent its reportable segments.

Reportable segment revenues and segment income (loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	 2018		2017		2018		2017			
	 (In thousands)									
Revenues:										
Franchised Dealerships Segment	\$ 2,284,931	\$	2,448,574	\$	6,879,783	\$	7,051,291			
EchoPark Segment	185,918		57,127		497,589		147,978			
Total consolidated revenues	\$ 2,470,849	\$	2,505,701	\$	7,377,372	\$	7,199,269			

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2018 20		2017	2018			2017			
	(In thousands)									
Segment income (loss) (1):										
Franchised Dealerships Segment (2)	\$	40,971	\$	51,486	\$	130,856	\$	125,553		
EchoPark Segment (3)		(5,026)		(4,606)		(46,699)		(17,585)		
Total segment income (loss)		35,945		46,880		84,157		107,968		
Interest expense, other, net		(13,313)		(13,028)		(40,144)		(39,200)		
Other income (expense), net		_		4		107		(14,490)		
Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	\$	22,632	\$	33,856	\$	44,120	\$	54,278		

- (1) Segment income (loss) for each segment is defined as operating income (loss) less interest expense, floor plan.
- (2) For the three months ended September 30, 2018, the above amount includes approximately \$0.3 million of net loss on the disposal of franchised dealerships, approximately \$1.6 million of executive transition costs and approximately \$1.2 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs. For the three months ended September 30, 2017, the above amount includes approximately \$8.5 million of net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships, offset partially by approximately \$3.5 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs and approximately \$0.2 million of impairment expense.
- For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the above amount includes approximately \$8.9 million of net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships, offset partially by approximately \$5.8 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs, approximately \$2.2 million of lease exit charges, approximately \$1.6 million of executive transition costs and approximately \$14.0 million of impairment expense. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the above amount includes approximately \$5.5 million of net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships, offset partially by approximately \$10.3 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs, approximately \$0.3 million of lease exit charges, approximately \$14.6 million of net loss on the extinguishment of debt, approximately \$0.7 million of double-carry interest and approximately \$3.3 million of impairment expense.
- (3) For the three months ended September 30, 2017, the above amount includes approximately \$0.5 million of long-term compensation-related charges.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the above amount includes approximately \$2.5 million of long-term compensation-related charges. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the above amount includes approximately \$0.6 million of lease exit charges and approximately \$0.5 million of long-term compensation-related charges.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto and "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in this report, as well as the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Except to the extent that differences among operating segments are material to an understanding of our business taken as a whole, we present the discussion in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations on a consolidated basis.

Overview

We are one of the largest automotive retailers in the United States (as measured by total revenue). As of September 30, 2018, we operated 107 new vehicle franchises in 13 states (representing 23 different brands of cars and light trucks), 15 collision repair centers and seven EchoPark stores. As a result of the way we manage our business, we had two operating segments as of September 30, 2018: (1) Franchised Dealerships Segment and (2) EchoPark Segment. For management and operational reporting purposes, we group certain businesses together that share management and inventory (principally used vehicles) into "stores." As of September 30, 2018, we operated 96 stores in the Franchised Dealerships Segment and seven stores in the EchoPark Segment.

The Franchised Dealerships Segment provides comprehensive services, including (1) sales of both new and used cars and light trucks; (2) sales of replacement parts and performance of vehicle maintenance, manufacturer warranty repairs, and paint and collision repair services (collectively, "Fixed Operations"); and (3) arrangement of extended warranties, service contracts, financing, insurance and other aftermarket products (collectively, "F&l") for our customers. The EchoPark Segment provides the same services (excluding new vehicle sales and manufacturer warranty repairs) in stand-alone pre-owned vehicle specialty retail locations. Our EchoPark business operates independently from our franchised dealerships business. Sales operations in our first EchoPark market in Denver, Colorado began in the fourth quarter of 2014. As of September 30, 2018, we had four EchoPark stores in operation in Colorado and three EchoPark stores in Texas. By the end of 2018, we expect to open two additional EchoPark stores in North Carolina and Texas. We believe that the expansion of our EchoPark stores will provide long-term benefits to us, our stockholders and our guests. However, in the short term, this strategic initiative may negatively impact our overall operating results as we allocate management and capital resources to this business.

Executive Summary

The U.S. retail automotive industry's total new vehicle seasonally adjusted annual rate of sales ("SAAR") decreased 1.2% to 16.9 million vehicles in the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to 17.1 million vehicles in the three months ended September 30, 2017, according to data from Bloomberg Financial Markets, provided by Stephens Inc. The SAAR increased 0.6% to 17.1 million vehicles in the nine months ended September 30, 2018, compared to 17.0 million vehicles in the nine months ended September 30, 2017, according to data from Bloomberg Financial Markets, provided by Stephens Inc. For 2018, analysts' average industry expectation for the new vehicle SAAR is approximately 16.8 million vehicles. We currently estimate the 2018 new vehicle SAAR will be between 16.8 million and 17.0 million vehicles. Changes in consumer confidence, replacement demand as a result of natural disasters, availability of consumer financing, manufacturer inventory production levels or incentive levels from automotive manufacturers could cause actual 2018 new vehicle SAAR to vary from expectations. Many factors, including brand and geographic concentrations as well as the industry sales mix between retail and fleet new vehicle unit sales volume, have caused our past results to differ from the industry's overall trend. As a result of our minimal fleet new vehicle sales volume, we believe it is appropriate to compare our new vehicle unit sales volume to the retail new vehicle SAAR (which excludes fleet new vehicle sales). According to the Power Information Network ("PIN") from J.D. Power, retail new vehicle SAAR was 13.7 million vehicles for the three months ended September 30, 2018, a decrease of 2.2% from the prior year period.

As a result of the disposition, termination or closure of several franchised dealership stores since September 30, 2017, the change in consolidated reported amounts from period to period may not be indicative of the actual operational or financial performance of our current group of operating stores. Unless otherwise noted, all discussion of increases or decreases are for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and are compared to the same prior year period, as applicable. The following discussion of new vehicles, used vehicles, wholesale vehicles, parts, service and collision repair, and finance, insurance and other, net are on a same store basis, except where otherwise noted. All currently operating continuing operations

stores (both our franchised dealerships and EchoPark stores) are included within the same store group in the first full month following the first anniversary of the store's opening or acquisition.

New vehicle revenue decreased 4.2% and 0.1% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, driven by a decrease in new vehicle unit sales volume. New vehicle gross profit decreased 3.9% during both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, primarily due to lower new vehicle unit sales volume as a result of higher new vehicle unit sales volume in the three months ended September 30, 2017 related to replacement demand in the Houston market as a result of Hurricane Harvey. New vehicle gross profit per unit increased \$53 per unit, or 2.8%, to \$1,971 per unit in the three months ended September 30, 2018, and decreased \$19 per unit, or 1.0%, to \$1,944 per unit in the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Beginning in the second quarter of 2018, new vehicle gross profit per unit at our BMW and Honda dealerships was significantly lower than expected due primarily to lower manufacturer-to-dealer incentives on certain models. We experienced some improvement in both brands during the third quarter of 2018, but are still below historical levels. We continue to be optimistic that support from our manufacturer partners and highly anticipated new model releases from BMW in the fourth quarter of 2018 will drive consumer demand and increased profitability on new vehicle unit sales.

Retail used vehicle revenue increased 6.3% and 6.6% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively. Retail used vehicle unit sales volume increased 7.8% and 6.5% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, primarily driven by increased volumes at our EchoPark stores. Retail used vehicle gross profit increased 0.1% during the three months ended September 30, 2018, primarily driven by an increase in retail used vehicle unit sales volume, offset partially by lower retail used vehicle gross profit per unit. Retail used vehicle gross profit per unit decreased 2.4% during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, primarily driven by a decrease in retail used vehicle gross profit per unit. Retail used vehicle gross profit per unit decreased \$89 per unit, or 7.1%, to \$1,156 per unit in the three months ended September 30, 2018 and decreased \$107 per unit, or 8.3%, to \$1,175 per unit in the nine months ended September 30, 2018, driven primarily by a shift in pricing strategy at our EchoPark stores which reduces front-end gross profit per unit unit in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 primarily driven by a decrease in front-end gross profit. Wholesale vehicle gross loss decreased approximately \$1.7 million during the three months ended September 30, 2018 primarily driven by a decrease in wholesale vehicle gross loss per unit of \$242, or 59.6%. Wholesale vehicle gross loss increased approximately \$3.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 primarily driven by market pricing declines, inventory supply and allocation challenges related to the Houston market that negatively impacted the first quarter of 2018. We focus on maintaining used vehicle inventory days' supply in the 30 to 40 day range in order to limit our exposure to market pricing volatility. Our used vehicle inventory days' supply was approximately 31 and 38 days as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Fixed Operations revenue increased 2.4% and 1.2% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively. Fixed Operations gross profit increased 2.8% and 2.1% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, driven primarily by a 4.6% and 5.6% increase in customer pay (as hereinafter defined) gross profit, respectively. Fixed Operations gross margin increased 20-basis points, to 48.3%, during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and increased 40 basis points, to 48.3%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

F&I revenue increased 2.1% and 6.8% during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, driven primarily by an increase in F&I gross profit per retail unit. F&I gross profit per retail unit increased \$39 per unit, or 2.8%, to \$1,444 per unit, for the three months ended September 30, 2018, and increased \$71 per unit, or 5.1%, to \$1,452 per unit, for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. We believe that our proprietary software applications, playbook processes and customer-centric selling approach enable us to maximize gross profit per F&I contract and penetration rates (the number of F&I products sold per vehicle) across our F&I product lines. We believe that we will continue to increase revenue in this area as we refine our processes, train our associates and continue to sell high levels of retail new and used vehicles at our stores.

The following table depicts the breakdown of our new vehicle revenues from continuing operations by brand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	Three Months End	ed September 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Brand	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Luxury:						
BMW	19.7 %	17.2 %	19.4 %	19.1 %		
Mercedes	9.4 %	9.5 %	10.4 %	10.1 %		
Lexus	6.7 %	6.4 %	6.1 %	5.9 %		
Audi	6.4 %	6.2 %	6.4 %	5.7 %		
Land Rover	4.1 %	3.3 %	4.4 %	3.4 %		
Porsche	2.6 %	2.5 %	2.5 %	2.5 %		
Cadillac	2.0 %	2.6 %	2.3 %	2.7 %		
MINI	1.6 %	1.3 %	1.4 %	1.4 %		
Other luxury (1)	3.0 %	3.2 %	2.8 %	2.8 %		
Total Luxury	55.5 %	52.2 %	55.7 %	53.6 %		
Mid-line Import:						
Honda	18.2 %	17.8 %	17.7 %	18.1 %		
Toyota	10.5 %	12.6 %	10.5 %	12.1 %		
Volkswagen	2.1 %	1.9 %	2.1 %	1.7 %		
Hyundai	1.9 %	1.5 %	1.7 %	1.5 %		
Other imports (2)	1.8 %	1.5 %	1.8 %	1.5 %		
Total Mid-line Import	34.5 %	35.3 %	33.8 %	34.9 %		
Domestic:						
Ford	5.4 %	7.7 %	5.8 %	7.0 %		
General Motors (3)	4.6 %	4.8 %	4.7 %	4.5 %		
Total Domestic	10.0 %	12.5 %	10.5 %	11.5 %		
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %		

- (1) Includes Volvo, Acura, Infiniti and Jaguar.
- (2) Includes Nissan, Kia and Subaru.
- (3) Includes Buick, Chevrolet and GMC.

Results of Operations

As a result of the disposition, termination or closure of several franchised dealership stores since September 30, 2017, the change in consolidated reported amounts from period to period may not be indicative of the actual operational or financial performance of our current group of operating stores. Please refer to the same store tables and discussion on the following pages for more meaningful comparison and discussion of financial results on a comparable store basis.

Unless otherwise noted, all discussion of increases or decreases are for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and are compared to the same prior year period, as applicable. The following discussion of new vehicles, used vehicles, wholesale vehicles, parts, service and collision repair, and finance, insurance and other, net are on a same store basis, except where otherwise noted. All currently operating continuing operations stores (both our franchised dealerships and EchoPark stores) are included within the same store group in the first full month following the first anniversary of the store's opening or acquisition.

Results of Operations - Consolidated

New Vehicles - Consolidated

The retail automotive industry uses the total new vehicle SAAR to measure the annual amount of expected new vehicle unit sales activity (both retail and fleet sales) within the United States. The total and retail SAAR below reflect all brands marketed or sold in the United States. The total and retail SAAR include brands we do not sell and markets in which we do not operate; therefore, our new vehicle sales may not trend directly in line with the total and retail SAAR. We believe that retail SAAR is a more meaningful metric for comparing our new vehicle unit sales volume to the industry due to our minimal fleet vehicle business.

	Three Months Ended S	rree Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended	Better / (Worse)	
	2018	2017	% Change	2018	2017	% Change
			(In millions of	vehicles)		
Retail SAAR (1)	13.7	14.1	(2.8) %	13.5	13.8	(2.2) %
Fleet SAAR	3.2	3.0	6.7 %	3.6	3.2	12.5 %
Total SAAR (2)	16.9	17.1	(1.2) %	17.1	17.0	0.6 %

(1) Source: PIN from J.D. Power

(2) Source: Bloomberg Financial Markets, provided by Stephens Inc.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of consolidated same store basis and reported basis for total new vehicles (combined retail and fleet data):

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)			
	2018		2017	2017 Change		% Change			
			(In thousands, ex	cept uni	t data)				
Total new vehicle revenue:									
Same store	\$ 1,235,103	\$	1,288,932	\$	(53,829)	(4.2)%			
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	 (9)		73,369		(73,378)	NM			
Total as reported	\$ 1,235,094	\$	1,362,301	\$	(127,207)	(9.3)%			
Total new vehicle gross profit:									
Same store	\$ 61,106	\$	63,590	\$	(2,484)	(3.9)%			
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	 535		2,648		(2,113)	NM			
Total as reported	\$ 61,641	\$	66,238	\$	(4,597)	(6.9)%			
Total new vehicle unit sales:									
Same store	31,010		33,162		(2,152)	(6.5)%			
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	 (1)		2,327		(2,328)	NM			
Total as reported	31,009		35,489		(4,480)	(12.6)%			

NM = Not Meaningful

		Nine Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)			
		2018		2017	Change		% Change			
	·			(In thousands, ex	cept unit	data)				
Total new vehicle revenue:										
Same store	\$	3,588,102	\$	3,590,192	\$	(2,090)	(0.1)%			
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		66,408		219,110		(152,702)	NM			
Total as reported	\$	3,654,510	\$	3,809,302	\$	(154,792)	(4.1)%			
Total new vehicle gross profit:										
Same store	\$	173,825	\$	180,889	\$	(7,064)	(3.9)%			
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		1,883		6,149		(4,266)	NM			
Total as reported	\$	175,708	\$	187,038	\$	(11,330)	(6.1)%			
Total new vehicle unit sales:										
Same store		89,414		92,135		(2,721)	(3.0)%			
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		1,972		6,997		(5,025)	NM			
Total as reported		91,386		99,132		(7,746)	(7.8)%			

NM = Not Meaningful

Our consolidated reported new vehicle results (combined retail and fleet data) are as follows:

	Three Months En	ded S	September 30,	Better / (Worse)								
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change						
	 (In thousands, except unit and per unit data)											
Reported new vehicle:												
Revenue	\$ 1,235,094	\$	1,362,301	\$	(127,207)	(9.3)%						
Gross profit	\$ 61,641	\$	66,238	\$	(4,597)	(6.9)%						
Unit sales	31,009		35,489		(4,480)	(12.6)%						
Revenue per unit	\$ 39,830	\$	38,387	\$	1,443	3.8 %						
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,988	\$	1,866	\$	122	6.5 %						
Gross profit as a % of revenue	5.0 %		4.9 %		10	bps						

		Nine Months End	ded Se	eptember 30,		Better / (Worse)		
	2018			2017	Change		% Change	
			(1	In thousands, except unit an	unit data)			
Reported new vehicle:								
Revenue	\$	3,654,510	\$	3,809,302	\$	(154,792)	(4.1)%	
Gross profit	\$	175,708	\$	187,038	\$	(11,330)	(6.1)%	
Unit sales		91,386		99,132		(7,746)	(7.8)%	
Revenue per unit	\$	39,990	\$	38,427	\$	1,563	4.1 %	
Gross profit per unit	\$	1,923	\$	1,887	\$	36	1.9 %	
Gross profit as a % of revenue		4.8 %		4.9 %		(10) b	ps	

Our consolidated same store new vehicle results (combined retail and fleet data) are as follows:

	Three Months En	ded Septen		Better / (Worse)			
	 2018		2017	Change		% Change	
		(In tho	usands, except unit an	d per	unit data)		
Same store new vehicle:							
Revenue	\$ 1,235,103	\$	1,288,932	\$	(53,829)	(4.2)%	
Gross profit	\$ 61,106	\$	63,590	\$	(2,484)	(3.9)%	
Unit sales	31,010		33,162		(2,152)	(6.5)%	
Revenue per unit	\$ 39,829	\$	38,868	\$	961	2.5 %	
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,971	\$	1,918	\$	53	2.8 %	
Gross profit as a % of revenue	4.9 %		4.9 %		— bps		

	Nine Months End	led S	eptember 30,		Better / (Worse)							
	 2018				Change	% Change						
	 (In thousands, except unit and per unit data)											
Same store new vehicle:												
Revenue	\$ 3,588,102	\$	3,590,192	\$	(2,090)	(0.1)%						
Gross profit	\$ 173,825	\$	180,889	\$	(7,064)	(3.9)%						
Unit sales	89,414		92,135		(2,721)	(3.0)%						
Revenue per unit	\$ 40,129	\$	38,967	\$	1,162	3.0 %						
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,944	\$	1,963	\$	(19)	(1.0)%						
Gross profit as a % of revenue	4.8 %		5.0 %		(20) bps							

For further analysis of new vehicle results, see the tables and discussion under the heading "New Vehicles – Franchised Dealerships Segment" in the Franchised Dealerships Segment section below.

Used Vehicles - Consolidated

Used vehicle revenues are directly affected by a number of factors, including the level of manufacturer incentives on new vehicles, the number and quality of trade-ins and lease turn-ins, the availability and pricing of used vehicles acquired at auction and the availability of consumer credit.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of consolidated same store basis and reported basis for retail used vehicles:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)			
		2018		2017	Change		% Change		
				(In thousands, ex	cept u	ınit data)			
Total used vehicle revenue:									
Same store	\$	653,793	\$	614,894	\$	38,899	6.3 %		
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		92,205		44,830		47,375	NM		
Total as reported	\$	745,998	\$	659,724	\$	86,274	13.1 %		
Total used vehicle gross profit:									
Same store	\$	35,302	\$	35,270	\$	32	0.1 %		
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		15		3,875		(3,860)	NM		
Total as reported	\$	35,317	\$	39,145	\$	(3,828)	(9.8)%		
Total used vehicle unit sales:									
Same store		30,527		28,328		2,199	7.8 %		
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		4,425		2,513		1,912	NM		
Total as reported		34,952	_	30,841		4,111	13.3 %		

NM = Not Meaningful

		Nine Months End	ed Sept	ember 30,		Better / (Worse)		
		2018		2017	Change		% Change	
				(In thousands, ex	cept unit	data)		
Total used vehicle revenue:								
Same store	\$	1,913,815	\$	1,795,568	\$	118,247	6.6 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		303,801		140,520		163,281	NM	
Total as reported	\$	2,217,616	\$	1,936,088	\$	281,528	14.5 %	
Total used vehicle gross profit:								
Same store	\$	104,945	\$	107,503	\$	(2,558)	(2.4) %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		4,452		12,509		(8,057)	NM	
Total as reported	\$	109,397	\$	120,012	\$	(10,615)	(8.8)%	
Total used vehicle unit sales:								
Same store		89,311		83,873		5,438	6.5 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		15,159		7,876		7,283	NM	
Total as reported	· · · · · ·	104,470		91,749		12,721	13.9 %	

NM = Not Meaningful

Our consolidated reported used vehicle results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Better / (V	Worse)
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change
		(In thousands, except unit a	nd p	er unit data)	
Reported used vehicle:						
Revenue	\$ 745,998	\$	659,724	\$	86,274	13.1 %
Gross profit	\$ 35,317	\$	39,145	\$	(3,828)	(9.8)%
Unit sales	34,952		30,841		4,111	13.3 %
Revenue per unit	\$ 21,343	\$	21,391	\$	(48)	(0.2)%
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,010	\$	1,269	\$	(259)	(20.4)%
Gross profit as a % of revenue	4.7 %		5.9 %		(120)	bps

		Nine Months End	Better / (Worse)								
	2018			2017		Change	% Change				
	(In thousands, except unit and per unit data)										
Reported used vehicle:											
Revenue	\$	2,217,616	\$	1,936,088	\$	281,528	14.5 %				
Gross profit	\$	109,397	\$	120,012	\$	(10,615)	(8.8)%				
Unit sales		104,470		91,749		12,721	13.9 %				
Revenue per unit	\$	21,227	\$	21,102	\$	125	0.6 %				
Gross profit per unit	\$	1,047	\$	1,308	\$	(261)	(20.0)%				
Gross profit as a % of revenue		4.9 %		6.2 %		(130) bps					

Our consolidated same store used vehicle results are as follows:

		Three Months En	ded S		Better / (W	orse)					
	2018			2017		Change	% Change				
	(In thousands, except unit and per unit data)										
Same store used vehicle:											
Revenue	\$	653,793	\$	614,894	\$	38,899	6.3 %				
Gross profit	\$	35,302	\$	35,270	\$	32	0.1 %				
Unit sales		30,527		28,328		2,199	7.8 %				
Revenue per unit	\$	21,417	\$	21,706	\$	(289)	(1.3)%				
Gross profit per unit	\$	1,156	\$	1,245	\$	(89)	(7.1)%				
Gross profit as a % of revenue		5.4 %		5.7 %		(30) b	ps				

		Nine Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)		
		2018			2017		Change	% Change	
	_			(1	In thousands, except unit an	nds, except unit and per unit data)			
Same store used vehicle:									
Revenue	\$		1,913,815	\$	1,795,568	\$	118,247	6.6 %	
Gross profit	\$		104,945	\$	107,503	\$	(2,558)	(2.4) %	
Unit sales			89,311		83,873		5,438	6.5 %	
Revenue per unit	\$		21,429	\$	21,408	\$	21	0.1 %	
Gross profit per unit	\$		1,175	\$	1,282	\$	(107)	(8.3)%	
Gross profit as a % of revenue		5.5	%		6.0 %		(50)	bps	

For further analysis of used vehicle results, see the tables and discussion under the headings "Used Vehicles – Franchised Dealerships Segment" and "Used Vehicles and F&I - EchoPark Segment" in the Franchised Dealerships Segment and EchoPark Segment sections, respectively, below.

Wholesale Vehicles - Consolidated

Wholesale vehicle revenues are highly correlated with new and used vehicle retail sales and the associated trade-in volume. Wholesale vehicle revenues are also significantly affected by our corporate inventory management strategy and policies, which are designed to optimize our total used vehicle inventory.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of consolidated same store basis and reported basis for wholesale vehicles:

	Three Months End	ded Septe	mber 30,	Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017	Change		% Change
			(In thousands, ex	cept unit	t data)	
Total wholesale vehicle revenue:						
Same store	\$ 46,238	\$	40,254	\$	5,984	14.9 %
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	 2,340		2,844		(504)	NM
Total as reported	\$ 48,578	\$	43,098	\$	5,480	12.7 %
Total wholesale vehicle gross profit (loss):						
Same store	\$ (1,212)	\$	(2,912)	\$	1,700	58.4 %
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	 (87)		(380)		293	NM
Total as reported	\$ (1,299)	\$	(3,292)	\$	1,993	60.5 %
Total wholesale vehicle unit sales:						
Same store	7,377		7,180		197	2.7 %
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	 454		652		(198)	NM
Total as reported	 7,831		7,832		(1)	%

NM = Not Meaningful

	:	Nine Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)		
	2018			2017		Change	% Change	
				(In thousands, ex	cept un	it data)		
Total wholesale vehicle revenue:								
Same store	\$	155,463	\$	121,102	\$	34,361	28.4 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		12,263		9,072		3,191	NM	
Total as reported	\$	167,726	\$	130,174	\$	37,552	28.8 %	
Total wholesale vehicle gross profit (loss):								
Same store	\$	(9,118)	\$	(5,539)	\$	(3,579)	(64.6)%	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		38		(842)		880	NM	
Total as reported	\$	(9,080)	\$	(6,381)	\$	(2,699)	(42.3)%	
Total wholesale vehicle unit sales:								
Same store		23,817		21,799		2,018	9.3 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		2,136		2,123		13	NM	
Total as reported		25,953		23,922		2,031	8.5 %	

NM = Not Meaningful

Our consolidated reported wholesale vehicle results are as follows:

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Better / (V	Worse)				
		2018		2017		Change	% Change				
	(In thousands, except unit and per unit data)										
Reported wholesale vehicle:											
Revenue	\$	48,578	\$	43,098	\$	5,480	12.7 %				
Gross profit (loss)	\$	(1,299)	\$	(3,292)	\$	1,993	60.5 %				
Unit sales		7,831		7,832		(1)	-%				
Revenue per unit	\$	6,203	\$	5,503	\$	700	12.7 %				
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$	(166)	\$	(420)	\$	254	60.5 %				
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue		(2.7) %		(7.6) %		490	bps				

		Nine Months Ended September 30,					Vorse)				
	2018			2017		Change	% Change				
	(In thousands, except unit and per unit data)										
Reported wholesale vehicle:											
Revenue	\$	167,726	\$	130,174	\$	37,552	28.8 %				
Gross profit (loss)	\$	(9,080)	\$	(6,381)	\$	(2,699)	(42.3)%				
Unit sales		25,953		23,922		2,031	8.5 %				
Revenue per unit	\$	6,463	\$	5,442	\$	1,021	18.8 %				
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$	(350)	\$	(267)	\$	(83)	(31.1)%				
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue		(5.4) %		(4.9) %		(50) 1	bps				

Our consolidated same store wholesale vehicle results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Worse)					
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change					
	 (In thousands, except unit and per unit data)										
Same store wholesale vehicle:											
Revenue	\$ 46,238	\$	40,254	\$	5,984	14.9 %					
Gross profit (loss)	\$ (1,212)	\$	(2,912)	\$	1,700	58.4 %					
Unit sales	7,377		7,180		197	2.7 %					
Revenue per unit	\$ 6,268	\$	5,606	\$	662	11.8 %					
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ (164)	\$	(406)	\$	242	59.6 %					
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	(2.6) %		(7.2) %		460	bps					

		Nine Months Ended September 30,					Vorse)					
		2018		2017		Change	% Change					
	(In thousands, except unit and per unit data)											
Same store wholesale vehicle:												
Revenue	\$	155,463	\$	121,102	\$	34,361	28.4 %					
Gross profit (loss)	\$	(9,118)	\$	(5,539)	\$	(3,579)	(64.6)%					
Unit sales		23,817		21,799		2,018	9.3 %					
Revenue per unit	\$	6,527	\$	5,555	\$	972	17.5 %					
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$	(383)	\$	(254)	\$	(129)	(50.8)%					
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue		(5.9) %		(4.6) %		(130)	bps					

For further analysis of wholesale vehicle results, see the tables and discussion under the headings "Wholesale Vehicles – Franchised Dealerships Segment" and "Wholesale Vehicles - EchoPark Segment" in the Franchised Dealerships Segment and EchoPark Segment sections, respectively, below.

Fixed Operations - Consolidated

Parts, service and collision repair revenues consist of customer requested repair orders ("customer pay"), warranty repairs, wholesale parts and internal, sublet and other. Parts and service revenue is driven by the mix of warranty repairs versus customer pay repairs, available service capacity, vehicle quality, manufacturer recalls, customer loyalty and prepaid maintenance programs. Internal, sublet and other primarily relates to preparation and reconditioning work performed on vehicles that are sold to customers. When that work is performed by one of our dealerships or stores, the work is classified as internal. In the event the work is performed by a third party on our behalf, it is classified as sublet.

We believe that over time, vehicle quality will continue to improve, but vehicle complexity and the associated demand for repairs by qualified technicians at franchised dealerships will offset any revenue lost from improvement in vehicle quality. We also believe that over the long term, we have the ability to continue to add service capacity at our dealerships and stores to further increase revenues. Manufacturers continue to extend new vehicle warranty periods and have also begun to include regular maintenance items in the warranty or complimentary maintenance program coverage. These factors, over the long term, combined with the extended manufacturer warranties on certified preowned vehicles, should facilitate long-term growth in our service and parts business. Barriers to long-term growth may include reductions in the rate paid by manufacturers to dealers for warranty work performed, as well as the improved quality of vehicles that may affect the level and frequency of future customer pay or warranty-related revenues.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of consolidated same store basis and reported basis for Fixed Operations:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Better / (Worse)			
		2018		2017		Change	% Change
				(In thou	sands)		
Total Fixed Operations revenue:							
Same store	\$	337,842	\$	330,025	\$	7,817	2.4 %
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		5,276		17,692		(12,416)	NM
Total as reported	\$	343,118	\$	347,717	\$	(4,599)	(1.3)%
Total Fixed Operations gross profit:			-				
Same store	\$	163,320	\$	158,881	\$	4,439	2.8 %
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		3,496		8,789		(5,293)	NM
Total as reported	\$	166,816	\$	167,670	\$	(854)	(0.5)%

NM = Not Meaningful

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)			
	2018			2017	Change		% Change	
				(In thous	ands)			
Total Fixed Operations revenue:								
Same store	\$	1,015,241	\$	1,003,361	\$	11,880	1.2 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		26,389		57,512		(31,123)	NM	
Total as reported	\$	1,041,630	\$	1,060,873	\$	(19,243)	(1.8)%	
Total Fixed Operations gross profit:								
Same store	\$	490,757	\$	480,820	\$	9,937	2.1 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		12,738		29,265		(16,527)	NM	
Total as reported	\$	503,495	\$	510,085	\$	(6,590)	(1.3)%	

NM = Not Meaningful

Our consolidated reported Fixed Operations results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	%	Change
			(In thousand	ls)			
Reported Fixed Operations:							
Revenue							
Customer pay	\$ 139,642	\$	137,850	\$	1,792		1.3 %
Warranty	66,730		70,575		(3,845)		(5.4) %
Wholesale parts	39,419		40,927		(1,508)		(3.7)%
Internal, sublet and other	97,327		98,365		(1,038)		(1.1)%
Total revenue	\$ 343,118	\$	347,717	\$	(4,599)		(1.3)%
Gross profit							
Customer pay	\$ 74,994	\$	74,302	\$	692		0.9 %
Warranty	38,563		38,821		(258)		(0.7)%
Wholesale parts	6,784		6,958		(174)		(2.5) %
Internal, sublet and other	46,475		47,589		(1,114)		(2.3) %
Total gross profit	\$ 166,816	\$	167,670	\$	(854)		(0.5)%
Gross profit as a % of revenue							
Customer pay	53.7 %		53.9 %		(20)	bps	
Warranty	57.8 %		55.0 %		280	bps	
Wholesale parts	17.2 %		17.0 %		20	bps	
Internal, sublet and other	47.8 %		48.4 %		(60)	bps	
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	48.6 %		48.2 %		40	bps	

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change	
			(In thousands)			
Reported Fixed Operations:							
Revenue							
Customer pay	\$ 422,3	48 \$	415,179	\$	7,169	1.7	7 %
Warranty	198,2	19	213,155		(14,936)	(7.0))%
Wholesale parts	122,7	63	127,014		(4,251)	(3.3	8)%
Internal, sublet and other	298,3	00	305,525		(7,225)	(2.4	l)%
Total revenue	\$ 1,041,6	30 \$	1,060,873	\$	(19,243)	(1.8	8)%
Gross profit							
Customer pay	\$ 226,4	43 \$	222,086	\$	4,357	2.0) %
Warranty	112,3	35	117,809		(5,474)	(4.6	5)%
Wholesale parts	20,9	49	21,839		(890)	(4.1	.)%
Internal, sublet and other	143,7	68	148,351		(4,583)	(3.1)%
Total gross profit	\$ 503,4	95 \$	510,085	\$	(6,590)	(1.3	3)%
Gross profit as a % of revenue							
Customer pay	53.6	%	53.5 %		10	bps	
Warranty	56.7	%	55.3 %		140	bps	
Wholesale parts	17.1	%	17.2 %		(10)	bps	
Internal, sublet and other	48.2	%	48.6 %		(40)	bps	
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	48.3	%	48.1 %		20	bps	

Our consolidated same store Fixed Operations results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change	
			(In thousand	ls)			
Same store Fixed Operations:							
Revenue							
Customer pay	\$ 137,848	\$	131,453	\$	6,395	4.9 %	
Warranty	65,923		67,182		(1,259)	(1.9)%	
Wholesale parts	39,419		38,961		458	1.2 %	
Internal, sublet and other	94,652		92,429		2,223	2.4 %	
Total revenue	\$ 337,842	\$	330,025	\$	7,817	2.4 %	
Gross profit							
Customer pay	\$ 74,047	\$	70,769	\$	3,278	4.6 %	
Warranty	36,605		36,949		(344)	(0.9)%	
Wholesale parts	6,782		6,634		148	2.2 %	
Internal, sublet and other	45,886		44,529		1,357	3.0 %	
Total gross profit	\$ 163,320	\$	158,881	\$	4,439	2.8 %	
Gross profit as a % of revenue							
Customer pay	53.7 %		53.8 %)	(10)	bps	
Warranty	55.5 %		55.0 %)	50	bps	
Wholesale parts	17.2 %		17.0)	20	bps	
Internal, sublet and other	48.5 %		48.2 %)	30	bps	
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	48.3 %		48.1 %)	20	bps	

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017			Change		% Change
			(In	thousands))			
Same store Fixed Operations:								
Revenue								
Customer pay	\$ 413,	920	\$	393,933	\$	19,987		5.1 %
Warranty	195,	477		202,223		(6,746)		(3.3) %
Wholesale parts	120,	819		120,731		88		0.1 %
Internal, sublet and other	285,	025		286,474		(1,449)		(0.5)%
Total revenue	\$ 1,015,	241	\$ 1,	003,361	\$	11,880		1.2 %
Gross profit								
Customer pay	\$ 222,	048	\$	210,369	\$	11,679		5.6 %
Warranty	109,	107		111,714		(2,607)		(2.3) %
Wholesale parts	20,	654		20,807		(153)		(0.7)%
Internal, sublet and other	138,	948		137,930		1,018		0.7 %
Total gross profit	\$ 490,	757	\$	480,820	\$	9,937		2.1 %
Gross profit as a % of revenue								
Customer pay	53.6	%	53.4	%		20	bps	
Warranty	55.8	%	55.2	%		60	bps	
Wholesale parts	17.1	%	17.2	%		(10)	bps	
Internal, sublet and other	48.7	%	48.1	%		60	bps	
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	48.3	%	47.9	%		40	bps	

For further analysis of Fixed Operations results, see the tables and discussion under the headings "Fixed Operations – Franchised Dealerships Segment" and "Fixed Operations - EchoPark Segment" in the Franchised Dealerships Segment and EchoPark Segment sections, respectively, below.

F&I - Consolidated

Finance, insurance and other, net revenues include commissions for arranging vehicle financing and insurance, sales of third-party extended warranties and service contracts for vehicles, and sales of other aftermarket products. In connection with vehicle financing, extended warranties, service contracts, other aftermarket products and insurance contracts, we receive commissions from the providers for originating contracts. F&I revenues are recognized net of estimated chargebacks and other costs associated with originating contracts. F&I revenues are affected by the level of new and used vehicle unit sales, the age and average selling price of vehicles sold, the level of manufacturer financing specials or leasing incentives and our F&I penetration rate. The F&I penetration rate represents the number of finance contracts, extended warranties and service contracts, other aftermarket products or insurance contracts that we are able to originate per vehicle sold, expressed as a percentage.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of consolidated same store basis and reported basis for F&I:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)		
	<u></u>	2018		2017		Change	% Change	
				(In thousands, exc	ept per un	it data)		
Total F&I revenue:								
Same store	\$	87,697	\$	85,928	\$	1,769	2.1 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		10,364		6,933		3,431	NM	
Total as reported	\$	98,061	\$	92,861	\$	5,200	5.6 %	
Total F&I gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet):								
Same store	\$	1,444	\$	1,405	\$	39	2.8 %	
Reported	\$	1,505	\$	1,408	\$	97	6.9 %	

NM = Not Meaningful

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			Better / (Worse)		
		2018		2017	Change	% Change
Total F&I revenue:						
Same store	\$	257,369	\$	241,018	\$ 16,351	6.8 %
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		38,521		21,814	16,707	NM
Total as reported	\$	295,890	\$	262,832	\$ 33,058	12.6 %
Total F&I gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet):						
Same store	\$	1,452	\$	1,381	\$ 71	5.1 %
Reported	\$	1,523	\$	1,389	\$ 134	9.6 %

NM = Not Meaningful

Our consolidated reported F&I results are as follows:

	T	Three Months Ended September 30,			Better / (Worse)					
		2018		2017		Change	% Change			
		(In thousands, except per unit data)								
Reported F&I:										
Revenue	\$	98,061	\$	92,861	\$	5,200	5.6 %			
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)		1,505		1,408		97	6.9 %			

		Nine Months Ended September 30,			Better / (Worse)					
	<u></u>	2018		2017	-	Change	% Change			
		(In thousands, except per unit data)								
Reported F&I:										
Revenue	\$	295,890	\$	262,832	\$	33,058	12.6 %			
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)		1,523		1,389		134	9.6 %			

Our consolidated same store F&I results are as follows:

	T	hree Months Ended	September 30,	Better / (Worse)						
		2018	2017	Change	% Change					
		(In thousands, except per unit data)								
Same store F&I:										
Revenue	\$	87,697 \$	85,928	\$ 1,769	2.1 %					
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)		1,444	1,405	39	2.8 %					

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			Better / (Worse)					
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change			
	(In thousands, except per unit data)								
Same store F&I:									
Revenue	\$ 257,369	\$	241,018	\$	16,351	6.8 %			
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)	1,452		1,381		71	5.1 %			

For further analysis of F&I results, see the tables and discussion under the headings "F&I – Franchised Dealerships Segment" and "Used Vehicles and F&I - EchoPark Segment" in the Franchised Dealerships Segment and EchoPark Segment sections, respectively, below.

Results of Operations - Franchised Dealerships Segment

As a result of the disposition, termination or closure of several franchised dealership stores since September 30, 2017, the change in reported amounts from period to period may not be indicative of the actual operational or financial performance of our current group of operating stores. Please refer to the same store tables and discussion on the following pages for more meaningful comparison and discussion of financial results on a comparable store basis.

Unless otherwise noted, all discussion of increases or decreases are for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and are compared to the same prior year period, as applicable. The following discussion of new vehicles, used vehicles, wholesale vehicles, parts, service and collision repair, and finance, insurance and other, net are on a same store basis, except where otherwise noted. All currently operating continuing operations stores are included within the same store group in the first full month following the first anniversary of the store's opening or acquisition.

New Vehicles - Franchised Dealerships Segment

New vehicle revenues include the sale of new vehicles to retail customers, as well as the sale of fleet vehicles. New vehicle revenues and gross profit can be influenced by vehicle manufacturer incentives to consumers (which vary from cash-back incentives to low interest rate financing, among other things), the availability of consumer credit and the level and type of manufacturer-to-dealer incentives, as well as manufacturers providing adequate inventory allocations to our dealerships to meet customer demands. The automobile manufacturing industry is cyclical and historically has experienced periodic downturns characterized by oversupply and weak demand. As an automotive retailer, we seek to mitigate the effects of this sales cycle by maintaining a diverse brand mix of dealerships. Our brand diversity allows us to offer a broad range of products at a wide range of prices from lower-priced/economy vehicles to luxury vehicles.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of Franchised Dealerships Segment same store basis and reported basis for total new vehicles (combined retail and fleet data):

	Three Months Ended September 30,					orse)
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change
			(In thousands, ex	cept uni	it data)	
Total new vehicle revenue:						
Same store	\$ 1,235,103	\$	1,288,932	\$	(53,829)	(4.2)%
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	(9)		73,369		(73,378)	NM
Total as reported	\$ 1,235,094	\$	1,362,301	\$	(127,207)	(9.3)%
Total new vehicle gross profit:						
Same store	\$ 61,106	\$	63,590	\$	(2,484)	(3.9)%
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	535		2,648		(2,113)	NM
Total as reported	\$ 61,641	\$	66,238	\$	(4,597)	(6.9)%
Total new vehicle unit sales:						
Same store	31,010		33,162		(2,152)	(6.5)%
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	(1)		2,327		(2,328)	NM
Total as reported	 31,009		35,489		(4,480)	(12.6)%

NM = Not Meaningful

		Nine Months End	led S	eptember 30,	Better / (Worse)		
	2018			2017	Change		% Change
				(In thousands, ex	cept ı	ınit data)	
Total new vehicle revenue:							
Same store	\$	3,588,102	\$	3,590,192	\$	(2,090)	(0.1)%
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		66,408		219,110		(152,702)	NM
Total as reported	\$	3,654,510	\$	3,809,302	\$	(154,792)	(4.1)%
Total new vehicle gross profit:			-				
Same store	\$	173,825	\$	180,889	\$	(7,064)	(3.9)%
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		1,883		6,149		(4,266)	NM
Total as reported	\$	175,708	\$	187,038	\$	(11,330)	(6.1)%
Total new vehicle unit sales:							
Same store		89,414		92,135		(2,721)	(3.0)%
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		1,972		6,997		(5,025)	NM
Total as reported		91,386		99,132		(7,746)	(7.8)%

NM = Not Meaningful

Our Franchised Dealerships Segment reported new vehicle results (combined retail and fleet data) are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change	
		(In thousands, except unit ar	ıd pe	er unit data)		
Reported new vehicle:							
Revenue	\$ 1,235,094	\$	1,362,301	\$	(127,207)	(9.3)%	
Gross profit	\$ 61,641	\$	66,238	\$	(4,597)	(6.9)%	
Unit sales	31,009		35,489		(4,480)	(12.6)%	
Revenue per unit	\$ 39,830	\$	38,387	\$	1,443	3.8 %	
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,988	\$	1,866	\$	122	6.5 %	
Gross profit as a % of revenue	5.0 %		4.9 %		10	bps	

		Nine Months End	led Se	ptember 30,	Better / (Worse)		
	'	2018		2017		Change	% Change
	'		(I:	n thousands, except unit an	d per	unit data)	
Reported new vehicle:							
Revenue	\$	3,654,510	\$	3,809,302	\$	(154,792)	(4.1)%
Gross profit	\$	175,708	\$	187,038	\$	(11,330)	(6.1)%
Unit sales		91,386		99,132		(7,746)	(7.8)%
Revenue per unit	\$	39,990	\$	38,427	\$	1,563	4.1 %
Gross profit per unit	\$	1,923	\$	1,887	\$	36	1.9 %
Gross profit as a % of revenue		4.8 %		4.9 %		(10) bps	

Our Franchised Dealerships Segment same store new vehicle results (combined retail and fleet data) are as follows:

	Three Months En	ded Se	Better / (Worse)			
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change
		(In	thousands, except unit an	d per	unit data)	
Same store new vehicle:						
Revenue	\$ 1,235,103	\$	1,288,932	\$	(53,829)	(4.2)%
Gross profit	\$ 61,106	\$	63,590	\$	(2,484)	(3.9)%
Unit sales	31,010		33,162		(2,152)	(6.5)%
Revenue per unit	\$ 39,829	\$	38,868	\$	961	2.5 %
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,971	\$	1,918	\$	53	2.8 %
Gross profit as a % of revenue	4.9 %		4.9 %		— bps	

	Nine Months End	led Se		Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change
		(Ir	thousands, except unit and	per	unit data)	
Same store new vehicle:						
Revenue	\$ 3,588,102	\$	3,590,192	\$	(2,090)	(0.1)%
Gross profit	\$ 173,825	\$	180,889	\$	(7,064)	(3.9)%
Unit sales	89,414		92,135		(2,721)	(3.0)%
Revenue per unit	\$ 40,129	\$	38,967	\$	1,162	3.0 %
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,944	\$	1,963	\$	(19)	(1.0)%
Gross profit as a % of revenue	4.8 %		5.0 %		(20) b	ps

Franchised Dealerships Segment New Vehicles - Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

New vehicle revenue decreased 4.2% and new vehicle unit sales volume decreased 6.5%, driven primarily by decreases in new vehicle unit sales volume at our Honda, Toyota and Ford dealerships, offset partially by increases in new vehicle unit sales volume at our Hyundai, BMW and MINI dealerships. New vehicle gross profit decreased approximately \$2.5 million, or 3.9%, primarily driven by a decrease in new vehicle gross profit in the Houston market as a result of higher sales volume in the prior year period due to replacement demand from Hurricane Harvey. New vehicle gross profit per unit increased \$53 per unit, or 2.8%, primarily driven by increases in new vehicle gross profit per unit at our BMW, Hyundai and Land Rover dealerships, offset partially by decreases in new vehicle gross profit per unit at our GM (excluding Cadillac), Audi and Jaguar dealerships.

Franchised Dealerships Segment New Vehicles - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

New vehicle revenue decreased 0.1% and new vehicle unit sales volume decreased 3.0%, driven primarily by decreases in new vehicle unit sales volume at our Honda, Toyota and Ford dealerships, offset partially by increases in new vehicle unit sales volume at our Hyundai, GM (excluding Cadillac) and Land Rover dealerships. New vehicle gross profit decreased approximately \$7.1 million, or 3.9%, primarily driven by decreases in new vehicle gross profit at our Honda, BMW and Toyota dealerships, offset partially by increases in new vehicle gross profit at our Land Rover, Hyundai and Lexus dealerships. New vehicle gross profit per unit decreased \$19 per unit, or 1.0%, primarily driven by decreases in new vehicle gross profit per unit at our Honda, Toyota and BMW dealerships, offset partially by increases in new vehicle gross profit per unit at our Land Rover, Hyundai and Lexus dealerships.

Beginning in the second quarter of 2018, new vehicle gross profit per unit at our BMW and Honda dealerships was significantly lower than expected due primarily to lower manufacturer-to-dealer incentives on certain models. We experienced some improvement in both brands during the third quarter of 2018, but are still below historical levels. We continue to be optimistic that support from our manufacturer partners and highly anticipated new model releases from BMW in the fourth quarter of 2018 will drive consumer demand and increased profitability on new vehicle unit sales.

Used Vehicles - Franchised Dealerships Segment

Used vehicle revenues are directly affected by a number of factors, including the level of manufacturer incentives on new vehicles, the number and quality of trade-ins and lease turn-ins, the availability and pricing of used vehicles acquired at auction and the availability of consumer credit.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of Franchised Dealerships Segment same store basis and reported basis for retail used vehicles:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)		
		2018		2017	Change		% Change	
				(In thousands, ex	cept un	it data)		
Total used vehicle revenue:								
Same store	\$	585,289	\$	581,432	\$	3,857	0.7 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		11		29,868		(29,857)	NM	
Total as reported	\$	585,300	\$	611,300	\$	(26,000)	(4.3)%	
Total used vehicle gross profit:								
Same store	\$	36,106	\$	33,684	\$	2,422	7.2 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		1,374		3,470		(2,096)	NM	
Total as reported	\$	37,480	\$	37,154	\$	326	0.9 %	
Total used vehicle unit sales:								
Same store		27,254		26,657		597	2.2 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		<u> </u>		1,784		(1,784)	NM	
Total as reported		27,254		28,441		(1,187)	(4.2)%	

NM = Not Meaningful

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)		
		2018		2017		Change	% Change	
				(In thousands, exc	ept ui	nit data)		
Total used vehicle revenue:								
Same store	\$	1,765,366	\$	1,712,589	\$	52,777	3.1 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		29,037		97,495		(68,458)	NM	
Total as reported	\$	1,794,403	\$	1,810,084	\$	(15,681)	(0.9)%	
Total used vehicle gross profit:								
Same store	\$	106,244	\$	103,523	\$	2,721	2.6 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		6,721		10,956		(4,235)	NM	
Total as reported	\$	112,965	\$	114,479	\$	(1,514)	(1.3)%	
Total used vehicle unit sales:								
Same store		82,126		79,768		2,358	3.0 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		1,669		5,859		(4,190)	NM	
Total as reported		83,795		85,627		(1,832)	(2.1)%	

NM = Not Meaningful

Our Franchised Dealerships Segment reported used vehicle results are as follows:

	Three Months En	ded S	September 30,	Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change
		(In thousands, except unit a	nd pe	er unit data)	
Reported used vehicle:						
Revenue	\$ 585,300	\$	611,300	\$	(26,000)	(4.3)%
Gross profit	\$ 37,480	\$	37,154	\$	326	0.9 %
Unit sales	27,254		28,441		(1,187)	(4.2)%
Revenue per unit	\$ 21,476	\$	21,494	\$	(18)	(0.1)%
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,375	\$	1,306	\$	69	5.3 %
Gross profit as a % of revenue	6.4 %		6.1 %		30 bj	os

	Nine Months End	led S		Better / (Worse)					
	 2018		2017	Change		% Change			
	 (In thousands, except unit and per unit data)								
Reported used vehicle:									
Revenue	\$ 1,794,403	\$	1,810,084	\$	(15,681)	(0.9)%			
Gross profit	\$ 112,965	\$	114,479	\$	(1,514)	(1.3)%			
Unit sales	83,795		85,627		(1,832)	(2.1)%			
Revenue per unit	\$ 21,414	\$	21,139	\$	275	1.3 %			
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,348	\$	1,337	\$	11	0.8 %			
Gross profit as a % of revenue	6.3 %		6.3 %		— bps				

Our Franchised Dealerships Segment same store used vehicle results are as follows:

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)
		2018		2017		Change	% Change
	_		(Iı	n thousands, except unit an	d pe	r unit data)	
Same store used vehicle:							
Revenue	\$	585,289	\$	581,432	\$	3,857	0.7 %
Gross profit	\$	36,106	\$	33,684	\$	2,422	7.2 %
Unit sales		27,254		26,657		597	2.2 %
Revenue per unit	\$	21,475	\$	21,812	\$	(337)	(1.5)%
Gross profit per unit	\$	1,325	\$	1,264	\$	61	4.8 %
Gross profit as a % of revenue		6.2 %		5.8 %		40	bps

	Nine Months End	led Sep	Better / (Worse)			
	 2018		2017		Change %	Change
		(In	thousands, except unit and	l per	unit data)	
Same store used vehicle:						
Revenue	\$ 1,765,366	\$	1,712,589	\$	52,777	3.1 %
Gross profit	\$ 106,244	\$	103,523	\$	2,721	2.6 %
Unit sales	82,126		79,768		2,358	3.0 %
Revenue per unit	\$ 21,496	\$	21,470	\$	26	0.1 %
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,294	\$	1,298	\$	(4)	(0.3)%
Gross profit as a % of revenue	6.0 %		6.0 %		— bps	

Franchised Dealerships Segment Used Vehicles - Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Retail used vehicle revenue increased 0.7%, driven primarily by a 2.2% increase in retail used vehicle unit sales volume. This increase in retail used vehicle unit sales volume was primarily driven by increases in retail used vehicle unit sales volume at our BMW, Honda and Mercedes dealerships, offset partially by decreases in retail used vehicle unit sales volume at our Audi and Lexus dealerships. Retail used vehicle gross profit increased approximately \$2.4 million, or 7.2%, driven primarily by increases in retail used vehicle unit sales volume and retail used vehicle gross profit per unit at our BMW, Mercedes and Honda dealerships, offset partially by a decrease in retail used vehicle unit sales volume and retail used vehicle gross profit per unit at our Ford dealerships. Retail used vehicle gross profit per unit increased \$61 per unit, or 4.8%, driven primarily by increases in retail used vehicle gross profit per unit at our BMW, Mercedes and Honda dealerships, offset partially by a decrease in retail used vehicle gross profit per unit at our Ford dealerships.

Franchised Dealerships Segment Used Vehicles - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Retail used vehicle revenue increased 3.1%, driven primarily by a 3.0% increase in retail used vehicle unit sales volume. This increase in retail used vehicle unit sales volume was primarily driven by increases in retail used vehicle unit sales volume at our BMW, Honda and Mercedes dealerships, offset partially by a decrease in retail used vehicle unit sales volume at our Lexus dealerships. Retail used vehicle gross profit increased approximately \$2.7 million, or 2.6%, driven primarily by an increase in retail used vehicle unit sales volume and retail used vehicle gross profit per unit at our Mercedes dealerships, offset partially by a decrease in retail used vehicle gross profit per unit at our Lexus dealerships. Retail used vehicle gross profit per unit at our Lexus dealerships, offset partially by an increase in retail used vehicle gross profit per unit at our Lexus dealerships, offset partially by an increase in retail used vehicle gross profit per unit at our Mercedes dealerships.

Wholesale Vehicles - Franchised Dealerships Segment

Wholesale vehicle revenues are highly correlated with new and used vehicle retail sales and the associated trade-in volume. Wholesale vehicle revenues are also significantly affected by our corporate inventory management strategy and policies, which are designed to optimize our total used vehicle inventory.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of Franchised Dealerships Segment same store basis and reported basis for wholesale vehicles:

	Three Months End	led Septer	nber 30,		Better / (Worse)		
	2018		2017	-	Change	% Change	
			(In thousands, ex	cept unit	data)		
Total wholesale vehicle revenue:							
Same store	\$ 43,379	\$	38,247	\$	5,132	13.4 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	2		2,288		(2,286)	NM	
Total as reported	\$ 43,381	\$	40,535	\$	2,846	7.0 %	
Total wholesale vehicle gross profit (loss):							
Same store	\$ (1,261)	\$	(2,846)	\$	1,585	55.7 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	 1_		(412)		413	NM	
Total as reported	\$ (1,260)	\$	(3,258)	\$	1,998	61.3 %	
Total wholesale vehicle unit sales:							
Same store	6,905		6,609		296	4.5 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	1		550		(549)	NM	
Total as reported	 6,906		7,159		(253)	(3.5)%	

NM = Not Meaningful

		Nine Months End	ed Sep	ptember 30,	Better / (Worse)			
	·	2018 201				Change	% Change	
				(In thousands, ex	cept un	it data)		
Total wholesale vehicle revenue:								
Same store	\$	143,334	\$	116,322	\$	27,012	23.2 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		4,703		7,730		(3,027)	NM	
Total as reported	\$	148,037	\$	124,052	\$	23,985	19.3 %	
Total wholesale vehicle gross profit (loss):	·							
Same store	\$	(9,111)	\$	(5,354)	\$	(3,757)	(70.2)%	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		(597)		(800)		203	NM	
Total as reported	\$	(9,708)	\$	(6,154)	\$	(3,554)	(57.8)%	
Total wholesale vehicle unit sales:								
Same store		21,789		20,394		1,395	6.8 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		665		1,837		(1,172)	NM	
Total as reported		22,454		22,231		223	1.0 %	

NM = Not Meaningful

Our Franchised Dealerships Segment reported wholesale vehicle results are as follows:

	Three Months En	ded Sej	ptember 30,		Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change	
		(In	thousands, except unit a	nd pe	r unit data)		
Reported wholesale vehicle:							
Revenue	\$ 43,381	\$	40,535	\$	2,846	7.0 %	
Gross profit (loss)	\$ (1,260)	\$	(3,258)	\$	1,998	61.3 %	
Unit sales	6,906		7,159		(253)	(3.5)%	
Revenue per unit	\$ 6,282	\$	5,662	\$	620	11.0 %	
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ (182)	\$	(455)	\$	273	60.0 %	
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	(2.9) %		(8.0) %		510 b	ps	

	Nine Months End	led Sept	ember 30,		Better / (Worse)			
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change		
		(In	thousands, except unit an	d per	unit data)			
Reported wholesale vehicle:								
Revenue	\$ 148,037	\$	124,052	\$	23,985	19.3 %		
Gross profit (loss)	\$ (9,708)	\$	(6,154)	\$	(3,554)	(57.8)%		
Unit sales	22,454		22,231		223	1.0 %		
Revenue per unit	\$ 6,593	\$	5,580	\$	1,013	18.2 %		
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ (432)	\$	(277)	\$	(155)	(56.0)%		
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	(6.6) %		(5.0) %		(160) bps			

Our Franchised Dealerships Segment same store wholesale vehicle results are as follows:

	Three Months End	ded S	eptember 30,	Better / (Worse)			
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change	
		(I	n thousands, except unit a	nd pe	er unit data)		
Same store wholesale vehicle:							
Revenue	\$ 43,379	\$	38,247	\$	5,132	13.4 %	
Gross profit (loss)	\$ (1,261)	\$	(2,846)	\$	1,585	55.7 %	
Unit sales	6,905		6,609		296	4.5 %	
Revenue per unit	\$ 6,282	\$	5,787	\$	495	8.6 %	
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ (183)	\$	(431)	\$	248	57.5 %	
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	(2.9) %		(7.4) %		450	bps	

		Nine Months End	ed September 30,			Worse)					
		2018	2017			Change	% Change				
	(In thousands, except unit and per unit data)										
Same store wholesale vehicle:											
Revenue	\$	143,334	\$	116,322	\$	27,012	23.2 %				
Gross profit (loss)	\$	(9,111)	\$	(5,354)	\$	(3,757)	(70.2)%				
Unit sales		21,789		20,394		1,395	6.8 %				
Revenue per unit	\$	6,578	\$	5,704	\$	874	15.3 %				
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$	(418)	\$	(263)	\$	(155)	(58.9)%				
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue		(6.4) %	(4.6)	%		(180)	bps				

We focus on maintaining used vehicle inventory days' supply in the 30 to 40 day range in order to limit our exposure to market pricing volatility. Our used vehicle inventory days' supply was approximately 31 and 38 days as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Wholesale vehicle revenue and wholesale vehicle unit sales volume fluctuations are typically a result of retail new and used vehicle unit sales volumes that generate additional trade-in vehicle volume that we are not always able to sell as retail used vehicles and choose to sell at auction. Whenever possible, we prefer to sell a used vehicle through retail channels rather than wholesaling the vehicle at auction.

Franchised Dealerships Segment Wholesale Vehicles - Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Wholesale vehicle revenue and wholesale vehicle unit sales volume increased, while wholesale vehicle gross loss decreased in the three months ended September 30, 2018. The decrease in wholesale vehicle gross loss was driven by lower gross loss per unit on higher unit sales volume.

Franchised Dealerships Segment Wholesale Vehicles - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Wholesale vehicle revenue, wholesale vehicle gross loss and wholesale vehicle unit sales volume increased in the nine months ended September 30, 2018, primarily driven by inventory supply and allocation challenges related to the Houston market in the first quarter of 2018, in addition to our actions to reduce the number of days' sales we had on hand in used vehicle inventory. Early in 2018, we aggressively disposed of units at retail and wholesale in higher volumes and at lower gross margins to achieve the desired inventory levels in a short period of time. As of the end of the third quarter of 2018, our days' sales outstanding for used vehicle inventory was 30 days compared to 34 days at the end of the fourth quarter of 2017.

Fixed Operations - Franchised Dealerships Segment

Parts, service and collision repair revenues consist of customer pay repairs, warranty repairs, wholesale parts and internal, sublet and other. Parts and service revenue is driven by the mix of warranty repairs versus customer pay repairs, available service capacity, vehicle quality, manufacturer recalls, customer loyalty and prepaid maintenance programs. Internal, sublet and other primarily relates to preparation and reconditioning work performed on vehicles that are sold to customers. When that work is performed by one of our dealerships, the work is classified as internal. In the event the work is performed by a third party on our behalf, it is classified as sublet.

We believe that over time, vehicle quality will continue to improve, but vehicle complexity and the associated demand for repairs by qualified technicians at franchised dealerships will offset any revenue lost from improvement in vehicle quality. We also believe that over the long term, we have the ability to continue to add service capacity at our dealerships to further increase revenues. Manufacturers continue to extend new vehicle warranty periods and have also begun to include regular maintenance items in the warranty or complimentary maintenance program coverage. These factors, over the long term, combined with the extended manufacturer warranties on certified pre-owned vehicles, should facilitate long-term growth in our service and parts business. Barriers to long-term growth may include reductions in the rate paid by manufacturers to dealers for warranty work performed, as well as the improved quality of vehicles that may affect the level and frequency of future customer pay or warranty-related revenues.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of Franchised Dealerships Segment same store basis and reported basis for Fixed Operations:

 2018		2017		CI	
		2017		Change	% Change
		(In thou	sands)		
\$ 336,503	\$	327,208	\$	9,295	2.8 %
2,563		16,955		(14,392)	NM
\$ 339,066	\$	344,163	\$	(5,097)	(1.5)%
	-				
\$ 163,410	\$	157,612	\$	5,798	3.7 %
2,915		8,384		(5,469)	NM
\$ 166,325	\$	165,996	\$	329	0.2 %
\$ \$ \$	\$ 339,066 \$ 339,066 \$ 163,410 2,915	\$ 339,066 \$ \$ \$ 163,410 \$ \$ 2,915	\$ 336,503 \$ 327,208 2,563 16,955 \$ 339,066 \$ 344,163 \$ 163,410 \$ 157,612 2,915 8,384	\$ 339,066 \$ 344,163 \$ \$ 2,915 \$ 8,384	\$ 336,503 \$ 327,208 \$ 9,295 2,563 16,955 (14,392) \$ 339,066 \$ 344,163 \$ (5,097) \$ 163,410 \$ 157,612 \$ 5,798 2,915 8,384 (5,469)

NM = Not Meaningful

	Nine Months End	led Sept	ember 30,	Better / (Worse)			
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change	
			(In thous	sands)			
Total Fixed Operations revenue:							
Same store	\$ 1,010,481	\$	996,352	\$	14,129	1.4 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	17,878		55,355		(37,477)	NM	
Total as reported	\$ 1,028,359	\$	1,051,707	\$	(23,348)	(2.2)%	
Total Fixed Operations gross profit:							
Same store	\$ 490,318	\$	477,689	\$	12,629	2.6 %	
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions	10,791		28,180		(17,389)	NM	
Total as reported	\$ 501,109	\$	505,869	\$	(4,760)	(0.9)%	

NM = Not Meaningful

Our Franchised Dealerships Segment reported Fixed Operations results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)			
	 2018		2017	-	Change	%	6 Change		
			(In thousand	s)					
Reported Fixed Operations:									
Revenue									
Customer pay	\$ 139,504	\$	137,516	\$	1,988		1.4 %		
Warranty	66,730		70,575		(3,845)		(5.4)%		
Wholesale parts	39,419		40,927		(1,508)		(3.7)%		
Internal, sublet and other	93,413		95,145		(1,732)		(1.8)%		
Total revenue	\$ 339,066	\$	344,163	\$	(5,097)		(1.5)%		
Gross profit									
Customer pay	\$ 74,983	\$	74,187	\$	796		1.1 %		
Warranty	38,563		38,821		(258)		(0.7)%		
Wholesale parts	6,784		6,958		(174)		(2.5)%		
Internal, sublet and other	 45,995		46,030		(35)		(0.1)%		
Total gross profit	\$ 166,325	\$	165,996	\$	329		0.2 %		
Gross profit as a % of revenue									
Customer pay	53.7 %		53.9 %		(20)	bps			
Warranty	57.8 %		55.0 %		280	bps			
Wholesale parts	17.2 %		17.0 %		20	bps			
Internal, sublet and other	49.2 %		48.4 %		80	bps			
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	49.1 %		48.2 %		90	bps			

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change		% Change	
			(In thousands)				
Reported Fixed Operations:								
Revenue								
Customer pay	\$ 421,484	\$	414,193	\$	7,291		1.8 %	
Warranty	198,219		213,155		(14,936)		(7.0)%	
Wholesale parts	122,763		127,014		(4,251)		(3.3)%	
Internal, sublet and other	 285,893		297,345		(11,452)		(3.9) %	
Total revenue	\$ 1,028,359	\$	1,051,707	\$	(23,348)		(2.2) %	
Gross profit								
Customer pay	\$ 226,207	\$	221,736	\$	4,471		2.0 %	
Warranty	112,335		117,809		(5,474)		(4.6)%	
Wholesale parts	20,949		21,839		(890)		(4.1)%	
Internal, sublet and other	 141,618		144,485		(2,867)		(2.0)%	
Total gross profit	\$ 501,109	\$	505,869	\$	(4,760)		(0.9)%	
Gross profit as a % of revenue								
Customer pay	53.7 %		53.5 %		20	bps		
Warranty	56.7 %		55.3 %		140	bps		
Wholesale parts	17.1 %		17.2 %		(10)	bps		
Internal, sublet and other	49.5 %		48.6 %		90	bps		
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	48.7 %		48.1 %		60	bps		

Our Franchised Dealerships Segment same store Fixed Operations results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)			
	 2018		2017		Change	%	Change		
			(In thousand	s)					
Same store Fixed Operations:									
Revenue									
Customer pay	\$ 137,756	\$	131,222	\$	6,534		5.0 %		
Warranty	65,923		67,182		(1,259)		(1.9)%		
Wholesale parts	39,419		38,961		458		1.2 %		
Internal, sublet and other	93,405		89,843		3,562		4.0 %		
Total revenue	\$ 336,503	\$	327,208	\$	9,295		2.8 %		
Gross profit									
Customer pay	\$ 74,039	\$	70,692	\$	3,347		4.7 %		
Warranty	36,605		36,949		(344)		(0.9)%		
Wholesale parts	6,782		6,634		148		2.2 %		
Internal, sublet and other	 45,984		43,337		2,647		6.1 %		
Total gross profit	\$ 163,410	\$	157,612	\$	5,798		3.7 %		
Gross profit as a % of revenue									
Customer pay	53.7 %		53.9 %		(20)	bps			
Warranty	55.5 %		55.0 %		50	bps			
Wholesale parts	17.2 %		17.0 %		20	bps			
Internal, sublet and other	49.2 %		48.2 %		100	bps			
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	48.6 %		48.2 %		40	bps			

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)			
		2018		2017			Change	e	% Change
				(In thousand	s)			
Same store Fixed Operations:									
Revenue									
Customer pay	\$	413	3,401	\$	393,311	\$	20,090		5.1 %
Warranty		195	5,477		202,223		(6,746)		(3.3)%
Wholesale parts		120),819		120,731		88		0.1 %
Internal, sublet and other		280),784		280,087		697		0.2 %
Total revenue	\$	1,010	0,481	\$	996,352	\$	14,129		1.4 %
Gross profit									
Customer pay	\$	221	,917	\$	210,153	\$	11,764		5.6 %
Warranty		109	9,107		111,714		(2,607)		(2.3)%
Wholesale parts		20),654		20,807		(153)		(0.7)%
Internal, sublet and other		138	3,640		135,015		3,625		2.7 %
Total gross profit	\$	490),318	\$	477,689	\$	12,629		2.6 %
Gross profit as a % of revenue									
Customer pay		53.7	%	5	3.4 %)	30	bps	
Warranty		55.8	%	5	5.2 %)	60	bps	
Wholesale parts		17.1	%	1	7.2 %)	(10)	bps	
Internal, sublet and other		49.4	%	4	8.2 %)	120	bps	
Total gross profit as a % of revenue		48.5	%	4	7.9 %)	60	bps	

Franchised Dealerships Segment Fixed Operations - Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Fixed Operations revenue increased approximately \$9.3 million, or 2.8%, and Fixed Operations gross profit increased approximately \$5.8 million, or 3.7%. Customer pay gross profit increased approximately \$0.3 million, or 0.9%, wholesale parts gross profit increased approximately \$0.2 million, or 2.2%, and internal, sublet and other gross profit increased approximately \$2.6 million, or 6.1%, on higher levels of used vehicle reconditioning.

Franchised Dealerships Segment Fixed Operations - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Fixed Operations revenue increased approximately \$14.1 million, or 1.4%, and Fixed Operations gross profit increased approximately \$12.6 million, or 2.6%. Customer pay gross profit increased approximately \$1.8 million, or 5.6%, warranty gross profit decreased approximately \$2.6 million, or 2.3%, wholesale parts gross profit decreased approximately \$0.2 million, or 0.7%, and internal, sublet and other gross profit increased approximately \$3.6 million, or 2.7%, on higher levels of used vehicle reconditioning.

F&I - Franchised Dealerships Segment

Finance, insurance and other, net revenues include commissions for arranging vehicle financing and insurance, sales of third-party extended warranties and service contracts for vehicles, and sales of other aftermarket products. In connection with vehicle financing, extended warranties, service contracts, other aftermarket products and insurance contracts, we receive commissions from the providers for originating contracts. F&I revenues are recognized net of estimated chargebacks and other costs associated with originating contracts. F&I revenues are affected by the level of new and used vehicle unit sales, the age and average selling price of vehicles sold, the level of manufacturer financing specials or leasing incentives and our F&I penetration rate. The F&I penetration rate represents the number of finance contracts, extended warranties and service contracts, other aftermarket products or insurance contracts that we are able to originate per vehicle sold, expressed as a percentage.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of Franchised Dealerships Segment same store basis and reported basis for F&I:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)		
		2018		2017		Change	% Change
				(In thousands, exc	ept per	unit data)	_
Total F&I revenue:							
Same store	\$	80,565	\$	84,203	\$	(3,638)	(4.3)%
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		1,524		6,072		(4,548)	NM
Total as reported	\$	82,089	\$	90,275	\$	(8,186)	(9.1)%
Total F&I gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet):			-				
Same store	\$	1,402	\$	1,415	\$	(13)	(0.9)%
Reported	\$	1,428	\$	1,420	\$	8	0.6 %

NM = Not Meaningful

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					orse)	
	<u></u>	2018		2017		Change	% Change
				(In thousands, exce	pt per un	it data)	
Total F&I revenue:							
Same store	\$	243,768	\$	236,731	\$	7,037	3.0 %
Acquisitions, open points and dispositions		10,705		19,415		(8,710)	NM
Total as reported	\$	254,473	\$	256,146	\$	(1,673)	(0.7)%
Total F&I gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet):							
Same store	\$	1,433	\$	1,389	\$	44	3.2 %
Reported	\$	1,465	\$	1,399	\$	66	4.7 %

NM = Not Meaningful

Our Franchised Dealerships Segment reported F&I results are as follows:

	T	hree Months Ended S	September 30,	Better / (Worse)
		2018	2017	Change	% Change
			(In thousands, excep	pt per unit data)	
Reported F&I:					
Revenue	\$	82,089 \$	90,275	\$ (8,186)	(9.1)%
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)		1,428	1,420	8	0.6 %

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change
			(In thousands, exce	pt per u	nit data)	
Reported F&I:						
Revenue	\$ 254,473	\$	256,146	\$	(1,673)	(0.7)%
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)	1,465		1,399		66	4.7 %

Our Franchised Dealerships Segment same store F&I results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)	
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change
			(In thousands, exc	ept per	unit data)	
Same store F&I:						
Revenue	\$ 80,565	\$	84,203	\$	(3,638)	(4.3)%
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)	1,402		1,415		(13)	(0.9)%

	Nine Months Ende	ed Septer	nber 30,	Better / (Worse)				
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change		
	 (In thousands, except per unit data)							
Same store F&I:								
Revenue	\$ 243,768	\$	236,731	\$	7,037	3.0 %		
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)	1,433		1,389		44	3.2 %		

Franchised Dealerships Segment F&I - Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

F&I revenues decreased approximately \$3.6 million, or 4.3%, and F&I gross profit per retail unit decreased \$13 per unit, or 0.9%, to \$1,402 per unit. The decline in F&I revenues and F&I gross profit per retail unit was primarily due to a decrease in retail new vehicle unit sales volume and an increase in service contract chargeback reserves.

Finance contract revenue decreased 2.5% primarily due to a 4.0% decrease in finance contract volume and a 40-basis point decrease in the finance contract penetration rate, offset partially by a 1.6% increase in gross profit per finance contract. Service contract revenue decreased 0.8% primarily due to a 5.6% decrease in service contract volume and an 80-basis point decrease in the service contract penetration rate, offset partially by a 5.2% increase in gross profit per service contract. Other aftermarket contract revenue increased 9.4%, primarily driven by a 9.8% increase in gross profit per other aftermarket contract and by a 400-basis point increase in the other aftermarket contract penetration rate.

Franchised Dealerships Segment F&I - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

F&I revenues increased approximately \$7.0 million, or 3.0%, and F&I gross profit per retail unit increased \$44 per unit, or 3.2%, to \$1,433 per unit. The growth in F&I revenues and F&I gross profit per retail unit was due to an increase in gross profit per finance contract, gross profit per service contract and gross profit per other aftermarket contract due to additional product offerings and increased visibility into performance drivers provided by our proprietary internal software applications.

Finance contract revenue increased 2.5% primarily due to a 2.8% increase in gross profit per finance contract, offset partially by a 10-basis point decrease in the finance contract penetration rate. Service contract revenue increased 2.8% due primarily to a 4.6% increase in gross profit per service contract, offset partially by a 50-basis point decrease in the service contract penetration rate. Other aftermarket contract revenue increased 12.5%, primarily driven by an 8.4% increase in gross profit per other aftermarket contract and by a 500-basis point increase in the other aftermarket contract penetration rate.

Results of Operations - EchoPark Segment

Unless otherwise noted, all discussion of increases or decreases are for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and are compared to the same prior year period, as applicable. The following discussion of used vehicles and F&I, wholesale vehicles, and parts, service and collision repair are on a same store basis, except where otherwise noted. All currently operating continuing operations stores are included within the same store group in the first full month following the first anniversary of the store's opening or acquisition.

The EchoPark Segment same store results consist of results of operations from four EchoPark stores in Colorado for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. Due to the ongoing expansion of our EchoPark Segment, same store results may vary significantly from reported results due to stores that began operations or were acquired in the last 12 months.

Used Vehicles and F&I - EchoPark Segment

Based on the way we manage the EchoPark Segment, our operating strategy focuses on maximizing total used-related gross profit (based on a combination of unit sales volume, front-end retail used vehicle gross profit per unit and F&I gross profit per unit) rather than emphasizing certain levels of front-end retail used vehicle gross profit per unit. As such, we believe the best per unit measure of gross profit performance at our EchoPark stores is a combined total gross profit per unit, which includes both front-end retail used vehicle gross profit and F&I gross profit per unit sale transaction.

See the discussion in Franchised Dealerships Segment Results of Operations for a discussion of the macro drivers of used vehicle revenues and F&I revenues.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of EchoPark Segment same store basis and reported basis for retail used vehicles:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			ember 30,	Better / (Worse)			
	2018			2017	Change		% Change	
				(In thousands,	except uni	t data)		
Total used vehicle revenue:								
Same store	\$	68,504	\$	33,462	\$	35,042	104.7 %	
Acquisitions, open points and closures		92,194		14,962		77,232	NM	
Total as reported	\$	160,698	\$	48,424	\$	112,274	231.9 %	
Total used vehicle gross profit:								
Same store	\$	(804)	\$	1,586	\$	(2,390)	(150.7)%	
Acquisitions, open points and closures		(1,359)		405		(1,764)	NM	
Total as reported	\$	(2,163)	\$	1,991	\$	(4,154)	(208.6)%	
Total used vehicle unit sales:	·							
Same store		3,273		1,671		1,602	95.9 %	
Acquisitions, open points and closures		4,425		729		3,696	NM	
Total as reported		7,698		2,400		5,298	220.8 %	

NM = Not Meaningful

		Nine Months End	led S	eptember 30,		Better / (Worse)		
	-	2018		2017	Change		% Change	
				(In thousands, e	xcep	t unit data)		
Total used vehicle revenue:								
Same store	\$	148,449	\$	82,979	\$	65,470	78.9 %	
Acquisitions, open points and closures		274,764		43,025		231,739	NM	
Total as reported	\$	423,213	\$	126,004	\$	297,209	235.9 %	
Total used vehicle gross profit:								
Same store	\$	(1,299)	\$	3,980	\$	(5,279)	(132.6)%	
Acquisitions, open points and closures		(2,269)		1,553		(3,822)	NM	
Total as reported	\$	(3,568)	\$	5,533	\$	(9,101)	(164.5)%	
Total used vehicle unit sales:								
Same store		7,185		4,105		3,080	75.0 %	
Acquisitions, open points and closures		13,490		2,017		11,473	NM	
Total as reported		20,675		6,122		14,553	237.7 %	

NM = Not Meaningful

The following tables provide a reconciliation of EchoPark Segment same store basis and reported basis for F&I:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Better / (Worse)				
		2018		2017		Change	% Change	
	(In thousands)							
Total F&I revenue:								
Same store	\$	7,132	\$	1,725	\$	5,407	313.4 %	
Acquisitions, open points and closures		8,840		861		7,979	NM	
Total as reported	\$	15,972	\$	2,586	\$	13,386	517.6 %	

NM = Not Meaningful

	N	Nine Months Ended September 30,			Better / (Worse)		
		2018	2	017	Cl	hange	% Change
				(In tho	usands)		
Total F&I revenue:							
Same store	\$	13,601	\$	4,287	\$	9,314	217.3 %
Acquisitions, open points and closures		27,816		2,399		25,417	NM
Total as reported	\$	41,417	\$	6,686	\$	34,731	519.5 %

NM = Not Meaningful

Our EchoPark Segment reported used vehicle and F&I results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change	
		((In thousands, except	unit :	and per unit data)		
Reported used vehicle and F&I:							
Used vehicle revenue	\$ 160,698	\$	48,424	\$	112,274	231.9 %	
Used vehicle gross profit	\$ (2,163)	\$	1,991	\$	(4,154)	(208.6)%	
Used vehicle unit sales	7,698		2,400		5,298	220.8 %	
Used vehicle revenue per unit	\$ 20,875	\$	20,177	\$	698	3.5 %	
F&I revenue	\$ 15,972	\$	2,586	\$	13,386	517.6 %	
Combined used vehicle gross profit and F&I revenue	\$ 13,809	\$	4,577	\$	9,232	201.7 %	
Total used vehicle and F&I gross profit per unit	\$ 1,794	\$	1.907	\$	(113)	(5.9)%	

		Nine Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)		
		2018		2017		Change	% Change	
	·			(In thousands, except u	ınit a	nd per unit data)		
Reported used vehicle and F&I:								
Used vehicle revenue	\$	423,213	\$	126,004	\$	297,209	235.9 %	
Used vehicle gross profit	\$	(3,568)	\$	5,533	\$	(9,101)	(164.5)%	
Used vehicle unit sales		20,675		6,122		14,553	237.7 %	
Used vehicle revenue per unit	\$	20,470	\$	20,582	\$	(112)	(0.5)%	
F&I revenue	\$	41,417	\$	6,686	\$	34,731	519.5 %	
Combined used vehicle gross profit and F&I revenue	\$	37,849	\$	12,219	\$	25,630	209.8 %	
Total used vehicle and F&I gross profit per unit	\$	1,831	\$	1,996	\$	(165)	(8.3)%	

Our EchoPark Segment same store used vehicle and F&I results are as follows:

	-	Three Months En	ded S	September 30,	Better / (Worse)		
		2018		2017		Change	% Change
				(In thousands, except	unit a	and per unit data)	
Same store used vehicle and F&I:							
Used vehicle revenue	\$	68,504	\$	33,462	\$	35,042	104.7 %
Used vehicle gross profit	\$	(804)	\$	1,586	\$	(2,390)	(150.7)%
Used vehicle unit sales		3,273		1,671		1,602	95.9 %
Used vehicle revenue per unit	\$	20,930	\$	20,025	\$	905	4.5 %
F&I revenue	\$	7,132	\$	1,725	\$	5,407	313.4 %
Combined used vehicle gross profit and F&I revenue	\$	6,328	\$	3,311	\$	3,017	91.1 %
Total used vehicle and F&I gross profit per unit	\$	1,933	\$	1,981	\$	(48)	(2.4)%

	1	Nine Months Ende	d Septem	ber 30,		Better / (Worse)		
		2018		2017	Cha	ange	% Change	
			(In th	ousands, except t	ınit and per u	nit data)	_	
Same store used vehicle and F&I:								
Used vehicle revenue	\$	148,449	\$	82,979	\$	65,470	78.9 %	
Used vehicle gross profit	\$	(1,299)	\$	3,980	\$	(5,279)	(132.6)%	
Used vehicle unit sales		7,185		4,105		3,080	75.0 %	
Used vehicle revenue per unit	\$	20,661	\$	20,214	\$	447	2.2 %	
F&I revenue	\$	13,601	\$	4,287	\$	9,314	217.3 %	
Combined used vehicle gross profit and F&I revenue	\$	12,302	\$	8,267	\$	4,035	48.8 %	
Total used vehicle and F&I gross profit per unit	\$	1,712	\$	2,014	\$	(302)	(15.0)%	

EchoPark Segment Used Vehicles and F&I - Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Retail used vehicle revenue increased by approximately \$35.0 million, or 104.7%, driven primarily by a 95.9% increase in retail used vehicle unit sales volume. Combined retail used vehicle and F&I gross profit per unit decreased approximately \$48 per unit, or 2.4%, to \$1,933 per unit, driven primarily by lower retail used vehicle gross profit, partially offset by an increase in F&I gross profit. The decrease in combined retail used vehicle and F&I gross profit per unit was due primarily to a shift in pricing strategy to reduce front-end retail used vehicle gross profit per unit, driving higher used vehicle unit sales volume and total gross profit, while increasing F&I gross profit per unit to somewhat offset the lower front-end gross profit per unit. F&I revenues increased approximately \$5.4 million, or 313.4%, driven by an increase in gross profit per finance contract due to an increase in finance contract sales volume. Finance contract revenue increased 201.2%, primarily due to a 95.8% increase in finance contract sales volume and a 53.9% increase in gross profit per finance contract, despite a flat finance contract penetration rate. Service contract revenue increased 175.9% due primarily to a 115.4% increase in service contract

sales volume and a 28.1% increase in gross profit per service contract, in addition to a 480-basis point increase in the service contract penetration rate. Other aftermarket contract revenue increased 186.3%, driven primarily by a 95.1% increase in other aftermarket contract sales volume and a 46.8% increase in gross profit per other aftermarket contract, partially offset by a 30-basis point decrease in the other aftermarket contract penetration rate. F&I penetration rates are generally higher in our EchoPark Segment than in our Franchised Dealerships Segment.

Increases in reported retail used vehicle revenue, retail used vehicle unit sales volume and F&I revenue were primarily due to the opening of two additional stores in the San Antonio, Texas market subsequent to September 30, 2017 as well as the acquisition of a used vehicle business in the Dallas, Texas market. These additional stores drove significant incremental increases in retail used vehicle revenue, retail used vehicle unit sales volume and F&I revenue, and are expected to continue to grow as their operations mature.

EchoPark Segment Used Vehicles and F&I - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Retail used vehicle revenue increased by approximately \$65.5 million, or 78.9%, driven primarily by a 75.0% increase in retail used vehicle unit sales volume. Combined retail used vehicle and F&I gross profit per unit decreased approximately \$302 per unit, or 15.0%, to \$1,712 per unit, primarily driven by lower retail used vehicle gross profit, partially offset by an increase in F&I gross profit. The decrease in combined retail used vehicle and F&I gross profit per unit was due primarily to a shift in pricing strategy to reduce front-end retail used vehicle gross profit per unit, driving higher used vehicle unit sales volume and total gross profit, while increasing F&I gross profit per unit to somewhat offset the lower front-end gross profit per unit. Included in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was a transition period in this pricing and inventory allocation strategy and the combined retail used vehicle and F&I gross profit per unit presented is not indicative of our anticipated results in future periods that are not affected by this strategic transition. Same store F&I revenues increased approximately \$9.3 million, or 217.3%, driven primarily by an increase in gross profit per service contract revenue increased 146.7%, primarily due to a 71.6% increase in finance contract sales volume, in addition to a 43.7% increase in gross profit per finance contract, partially offset by a 160-basis point decrease in the finance contract, in addition to a 390-basis point increase in the service contract penetration rate. Other aftermarket contract revenue increased 123.5%, driven primarily by a 64.4% increase in other aftermarket contract sales volume and a 36.0% increase in gross profit per other aftermarket contract, partially offset by a 470-basis point decrease in the other aftermarket contract penetration rate. F&I penetration rates are generally higher in our EchoPark Segment than in our Franchised Dealerships Segment.

Increases in reported retail used vehicle revenue, retail used vehicle unit sales volume and F&I revenue were primarily due to the opening of two additional stores in the San Antonio, Texas market subsequent to September 30, 2017 as well as the acquisition of a used vehicle business in the Dallas, Texas market. These additional stores drove significant incremental increases in retail used vehicle revenue, retail used vehicle unit sales volume and F&I revenue, and are expected to continue to grow as their operations mature.

Wholesale Vehicles - EchoPark Segment

See the discussion in Franchised Dealerships Segment Results of Operations for a discussion of the macro drivers of wholesale vehicle revenues.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of EchoPark Segment same store basis and reported basis for wholesale vehicles:

	Th	Three Months Ended September 30,				Better / (Worse)			
		2018		2017	Change		% Change		
	(In thousands, except unit data)								
Total wholesale vehicle revenue:									
Same store	\$	2,859	\$	2,007	\$	852	42.5 %		
Acquisitions, open points and closures		2,338		556		1,782	NM		
Total as reported	\$	5,197	\$	2,563	\$	2,634	102.8 %		
Total wholesale vehicle gross profit (loss):									
Same store	\$	49	\$	(66)	\$	115	174.2 %		
Acquisitions, open points and closures		(88)		32		(120)	NM		
Total as reported	\$	(39)	\$	(34)	\$	(5)	(14.7)%		
Total wholesale vehicle unit sales:									
Same store		472		571		(99)	(17.3)%		
Acquisitions, open points and closures		453		102		351	NM		
Total as reported		925		673		252	37.4 %		

NM = Not Meaningful

	1	Nine Months Ende	ed Sept	tember 30,	Better / (Worse)		
		2018		2017	Change		% Change
				(In thousands, e	xcept ui	nit data)	
Total wholesale vehicle revenue:							
Same store	\$	12,129	\$	4,780	\$	7,349	153.7 %
Acquisitions, open points and closures		7,560		1,342		6,218	NM
Total as reported	\$	19,689	\$	6,122	\$	13,567	221.6 %
Total wholesale vehicle gross profit (loss):							
Same store	\$	(7)	\$	(185)	\$	178	96.2 %
Acquisitions, open points and closures		635		(42)		677	NM
Total as reported	\$	628	\$	(227)	\$	855	376.7 %
Total wholesale vehicle unit sales:							
Same store		2,028		1,405		623	44.3 %
Acquisitions, open points and closures		1,471		286		1,185	NM
Total as reported		3,499		1,691		1,808	106.9 %

NM = Not Meaningful

Our EchoPark Segment reported wholesale vehicle results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended Septem	nber 30,	Better /	(Worse)
	 2018	2017	Change	% Change
	 (In tho	usands, except unit a	nd per unit data)	
Reported wholesale vehicle:				
Revenue	\$ 5,197 \$	2,563	\$ 2,634	102.8 %
Gross profit (loss)	\$ (39) \$	(34)	\$ (5)	(14.7)%
Unit sales	925	673	252	37.4 %
Revenue per unit	\$ 5,618 \$	3,808	\$ 1,810	47.5 %
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ (42) \$	(51)	\$ 9	17.6 %
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	(0.8) %	(1.3) %	50	bps

	Nine Months End	led Sep	tember 30,	Better	/ (Worse)
	 2018		2017	Change	% Change
		(In	thousands, except unit a	and per unit data)	
Reported wholesale vehicle:					
Revenue	\$ 19,689	\$	6,122	\$ 13,567	221.6 %
Gross profit (loss)	\$ 628	\$	(227)	\$ 855	376.7 %
Unit sales	3,499		1,691	1,808	106.9 %
Revenue per unit	\$ 5,627	\$	3,620	\$ 2,007	55.4 %
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ 179	\$	(134)	\$ 313	233.6 %
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	3.2 %		(3.7) %	690	bps

Our EchoPark Segment same store wholesale vehicle results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Better / (Worse)		
	2018		2017		Change	% Change
		(1	In thousands, except unit	and per	unit data)	
Same store wholesale vehicle:						
Revenue	\$ 2,859	\$	2,007	\$	852	42.5 %
Gross profit (loss)	\$ 49	\$	(66)	\$	115	174.2 %
Unit sales	472		571		(99)	(17.3)%
Revenue per unit	\$ 6,057	\$	3,515	\$	2,542	72.3 %
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ 104	\$	(116)	\$	220	189.7 %
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	1.7 %		(3.3) %		500	bps

	Nine Months Ended Septer	nber 30,	Better / (Worse)			
	 2018	2017	Change	% Change		
	 (In th	ousands, except unit and pe	r unit data)			
Same store wholesale vehicle:						
Revenue	\$ 12,129 \$	4,780 \$	7,349	153.7 %		
Gross profit (loss)	\$ (7) \$	(185) \$	178	96.2 %		
Unit sales	2,028	1,405	623	44.3 %		
Revenue per unit	\$ 5,981 \$	3,402 \$	2,579	75.8 %		
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ (3) \$	(132) \$	129	97.7 %		
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	(0.1) %	(3.9) %	380 1	bps		

EchoPark Segment Wholesale Vehicles - Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Wholesale vehicle revenue and wholesale vehicle gross profit increased, while wholesale vehicle unit sales volume decreased due to a shift from gross loss per unit to gross profit per unit as a result of a shift in our pricing and inventory acquisition strategy at our EchoPark stores.

EchoPark Segment Wholesale Vehicles - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Wholesale vehicle revenue and wholesale vehicle unit sales volume increased, while wholesale vehicle gross loss decreased due to lower gross loss per unit as a result of a shift in our pricing and inventory acquisition strategy at our EchoPark stores.

Fixed Operations - EchoPark Segment

Parts, service and collision repair revenues consist of customer pay repairs and internal, sublet and other. Parts and service revenue is driven by the mix of customer pay repairs, reconditioning work, available service capacity, vehicle quality, customer loyalty and prepaid maintenance programs. Internal, sublet and other primarily relates to preparation and reconditioning work performed on vehicles that are sold to customers. When that work is performed by one of our stores, the work is classified as internal. In the event the work is performed by a third party on our behalf, it is classified as sublet.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of EchoPark Segment same store basis and reported basis for Fixed Operations:

	Three Months End	led Sep	tember 30,		Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change	
			(In the	ousands))		
Total Fixed Operations revenue:							
Same store	\$ 1,339	\$	2,817	\$	(1,478)	(52.5)%	
Acquisitions, open points and closures	2,713		737		1,976	268.1 %	
Total as reported	\$ 4,052	\$	3,554	\$	498	14.0 %	
Total Fixed Operations gross profit:	 	-		-			
Same store	\$ (90)	\$	1,269	\$	(1,359)	(107.1)%	
Acquisitions, open points and closures	 581		405		176	43.5 %	
Total as reported	\$ 491	\$	1,674	\$	(1,183)	(70.7)%	

	Nine Months End	ed Septe	Better / (Worse)			
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change
			(In the	usands)		
Total Fixed Operations revenue:						
Same store	\$ 4,760	\$	7,009	\$	(2,249)	(32.1)%
Acquisitions, open points and closures	8,511		2,157		6,354	294.6 %
Total as reported	\$ 13,271	\$	9,166	\$	4,105	44.8 %
Total Fixed Operations gross profit:						
Same store	\$ 439	\$	3,131	\$	(2,692)	(86.0)%
Acquisitions, open points and closures	1,947		1,085		862	79.4 %
Total as reported	\$ 2,386	\$	4,216	\$	(1,830)	(43.4)%

Our EchoPark Segment reported Fixed Operations results are as follows:

	Three Months En	ded Sep	tember 30,	Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change
			(In thousar	ıds)		
Reported Fixed Operations:						
Revenue						
Customer pay	\$ 138	\$	334	\$	(196)	(58.7)%
Internal, sublet and other	3,914		3,220		694	21.6 %
Total revenue	\$ 4,052	\$	3,554	\$	498	14.0 %
Gross profit	 					
Customer pay	\$ 11	\$	115	\$	(104)	(90.4)%
Internal, sublet and other	480		1,559		(1,079)	(69.2)%
Total gross profit	\$ 491	\$	1,674	\$	(1,183)	(70.7)%
Gross profit as a % of revenue						
Customer pay	8.0 %		34.4 %		(2,640)	bps
Internal, sublet and other	12.3 %		48.4 %		(3,610)	bps
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	12.1 %		47.1 %		(3,500)	bps

	Nine Months End	ed Septen	nber 30,	Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change	% Change
			(In thousan	ds)		
Reported Fixed Operations:						
Revenue						
Customer pay	\$ 864	\$	986	\$	(122)	(12.4)%
Internal, sublet and other	12,407		8,180		4,227	51.7 %
Total revenue	\$ 13,271	\$	9,166	\$	4,105	44.8 %
Gross profit						
Customer pay	\$ 236	\$	350	\$	(114)	(32.6)%
Internal, sublet and other	 2,150		3,866		(1,716)	(44.4)%
Total gross profit	\$ 2,386	\$	4,216	\$	(1,830)	(43.4)%
Gross profit as a % of revenue						
Customer pay	27.3 %		35.5 %		(820) b	ps
Internal, sublet and other	17.3 %		47.3 %		(3,000) b	ps
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	18.0 %		46.0 %		(2,800) b	ps

Our EchoPark Segment same store Fixed Operations results are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)			
	 2018		2017		Change	% Chang	% Change		
			(In thousa	nds)					
Same store Fixed Operations:									
Revenue									
Customer pay	\$ 92	\$	231	\$	(139)	(60.2)%		
Internal, sublet and other	1,247		2,586		(1,339)	(51.8)%		
Total revenue	\$ 1,339	\$	2,817	\$	(1,478)	(52.5)%		
Gross profit	 								
Customer pay	\$ 8	\$	77	\$	(69)	(89.6)%		
Internal, sublet and other	(98)		1,192		(1,290)	(1)	08.2)%		
Total gross profit	\$ (90)	\$	1,269	\$	(1,359)	(10	07.1)%		
Gross profit as a % of revenue	 								
Customer pay	8.7 %		33.3 %		(2,460)	bps			
Internal, sublet and other	(7.9) %		46.1 %		(5,400)	bps			
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	(6.7) %		45.0 %		(5,170)	bps			

	Nine Months Ended		Better / (Worse)			
	 2018	2017		Change	% Change	
		(In thousa	nds)			
Same store Fixed Operations:						
Revenue						
Customer pay	\$ 519 \$	622	\$	(103)	(16.6)%	
Internal, sublet and other	4,241	6,387		(2,146)	(33.6)%	
Total revenue	\$ 4,760	7,009	\$	(2,249)	(32.1)%	
Gross profit						
Customer pay	\$ 131 \$	\$ 216	\$	(85)	(39.4)%	
Internal, sublet and other	 308	2,915		(2,607)	(89.4)%	
Total gross profit	\$ 439 \$	3,131	\$	(2,692)	(86.0)%	
Gross profit as a % of revenue						
Customer pay	25.2 %	34.7 %		(950) bps	S	
Internal, sublet and other	7.3 %	45.6 %		(3,830) bps	3	
Total gross profit as a % of revenue	9.2 %	44.7 %		(3,550) bps	S	

EchoPark Segment Fixed Operations - Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Fixed Operations revenue decreased approximately \$1.5 million, or 52.5%, and Fixed Operations gross profit decreased approximately \$1.4 million, or 107.1%. Customer pay gross profit decreased approximately \$0.1 million, or 89.6%, and internal, sublet and other gross profit decreased approximately \$1.3 million, or 108.2%, primarily due to less reconditioning work required based on inventory mix and a shift in our inventory acquisition and pricing strategy.

Other than revenue and gross profit associated with internal reconditioning work on our used vehicle inventory, our Fixed Operations business at our EchoPark stores is still in the early stages of development. As we continue to expand EchoPark, we may begin to emphasize customer pay opportunities at certain locations to capture additional gross profit within certain markets.

EchoPark Segment Fixed Operations - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Fixed Operations revenue decreased approximately \$2.2 million, or 32.1%, and Fixed Operations gross profit decreased approximately \$2.7 million, or 86.0%. Customer pay gross profit decreased approximately \$0.1 million, or 39.4%, and internal, sublet and other gross profit decreased approximately \$2.6 million, or 89.4%, primarily due to less reconditioning work required based on inventory mix and a shift in our inventory acquisition and pricing strategy.

Other than revenue and gross profit associated with internal reconditioning work on our used vehicle inventory, our Fixed Operations business at our EchoPark stores is still in the early stages of development. As we continue to expand EchoPark, we may begin to emphasize customer pay opportunities at certain locations to capture additional gross profit within certain markets.

Segment Results Summary

In the following tables of financial data, total segment income (loss) of the operating segments is reconciled to consolidated operating income (loss):

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)			
		2018		2017		Change	% Change		
				(In thousands, ex	cept unit	ept unit data)			
Revenues:									
Franchised Dealerships Segment	\$	2,284,931	\$	2,448,574	\$	(163,643)	(6.7)%		
EchoPark Segment		185,918		57,127		128,791	225.4 %		
Total revenues	\$	2,470,849	\$	2,505,701	\$	(34,852)	(1.4)%		
Segment income (loss) (1):									
Franchised Dealerships Segment (2)	\$	40,971	\$	51,486	\$	(10,515)	(20.4)%		
EchoPark Segment (3)		(5,026)		(4,606)		(420)	(9.1)%		
Total segment income (loss)		35,945		46,880		(10,935)	(23.3)%		
Interest expense, other, net		(13,313)		(13,028)		(285)	(2.2)%		
Other income (expense), net		_		4		(4)	(100.0)%		
Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	\$	22,632	\$	33,856	\$	(11,224)	(33.2)%		
New and used vehicle unit sales volume:									
Franchised Dealerships Segment		58,263		63,930		(5,667)	(8.9)%		
EchoPark Segment	_	7,698		2,400		5,298	220.8 %		
Total new and used vehicle unit sales volume		65,961		66,330		(369)	(0.6)%		

⁽¹⁾ Segment income (loss) for each segment is defined as operating income (loss) less interest expense, floor plan.

⁽²⁾ For the three months ended September 30, 2018, the above amount includes approximately \$0.3 million of net loss on the disposal of franchised dealerships, approximately \$1.6 million of executive transition costs and approximately \$1.2 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs. For the three months ended September 30, 2017, the above amount includes approximately \$8.5 million of net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships, offset partially by approximately \$3.5 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs and approximately \$0.2 million of impairment expense.

⁽³⁾ For the three months ended September 30, 2017, the above amount includes approximately \$0.5 million of long-term compensation-related charges.

		Nine Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)		
	2018			2017		Change	% Change		
			data)						
Revenues:									
Franchised Dealerships Segment	\$	6,879,783	\$	7,051,291	\$	(171,508)	(2.4)%		
EchoPark Segment		497,589		147,978		349,611	236.3 %		
Total revenues	\$	7,377,372	\$	7,199,269	\$	178,103	2.5 %		
Segment income (loss) (1):	·								
Franchised Dealerships Segment (2)	\$	130,856	\$	125,553	\$	5,303	4.2 %		
EchoPark Segment (3)		(46,699)		(17,585)		(29,114)	(165.6)%		
Total segment income (loss)		84,157		107,968		(23,811)	(22.1)%		
Interest expense, other, net		(40,144)		(39,200)		(944)	(2.4)%		
Other income (expense), net		107		(14,490)		14,597	100.7 %		
Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	\$	44,120	\$	54,278	\$	(10,158)	(18.7)%		
New and used vehicle unit sales volume:									
Franchised Dealerships Segment		175,181		184,759		(9,578)	(5.2)%		
EchoPark Segment		20,675		6,122		14,553	237.7 %		
Total new and used vehicle unit sales volume		195,856		190,881		4,975	2.6 %		

- (1) Segment income (loss) for each segment is defined as operating income (loss) less interest expense, floor plan.
- (2) For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the above amount includes approximately \$38.9 million of net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships, offset partially by approximately \$5.8 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs, approximately \$2.2 million of lease exit charges, approximately \$1.6 million of executive transition costs and approximately \$14.0 million of impairment expense. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the above amount includes approximately \$8.5 million of net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships, offset partially by approximately \$10.3 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs, approximately \$0.3 million of lease exit charges, approximately \$14.6 million of net loss on the extinguishment of debt, approximately \$0.7 million of double-carry interest and approximately \$3.3 million of impairment expense.
- (3) For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the above amount includes approximately \$32.5 million of long-term compensation-related charges. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the above amount includes approximately \$0.6 million of lease exit charges and approximately \$0.5 million of long-term compensation-related charges.

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses - Consolidated

Consolidated SG&A expenses are comprised of four major groups: compensation expense, advertising expense, rent expense and other expense. Compensation expense primarily relates to store personnel who are paid a commission or a salary plus commission and support personnel who are paid a fixed salary. Commissions paid to store personnel typically vary depending on gross profits realized and sales volume objectives. Due to the salary component for certain store and corporate personnel, gross profits and compensation expense do not change in direct proportion to one another. Advertising expense and other expense vary based on the level of actual or anticipated business activity and number of dealerships in operation. Rent expense typically varies with the number of store locations owned, investments made for facility improvements and interest rates. Other expense includes various fixed and variable expenses, including certain customer-related costs, insurance, training, legal and IT expenses, which may not change in proportion to gross profit levels.

The following tables set forth information related to our consolidated reported SG&A expenses:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)		
		2018		2017		Change	9,	6 Change
				(In thousand	is)			
SG&A expenses:								
Compensation	\$	175,393	\$	172,691	\$	(2,702)		(1.6)%
Advertising		14,652	!	15,846		1,194		7.5 %
Rent		14,881		17,711		2,830		16.0 %
Other		84,096	<u> </u>	77,726		(6,370)		(8.2)%
Total SG&A expenses	\$	289,022	\$	283,974	\$	(5,048)		(1.8)%
SG&A expenses as a % of gross profit:								
Compensation		48.6 %	6	47.6 %	,	(100)	bps	
Advertising		4.1 %	6	4.4 %)	30	bps	
Rent		4.1 %	6	4.9 %	,	80	bps	
Other		23.4 %	6	21.4 %)	(200)	bps	
Total SG&A expenses as a % of gross profit		80.2 %	6	78.3 %		(190)	bps	

	Nine Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)		
	 2018		2017		Change		% Change	
			(In thou	isands)				
SG&A expenses:								
Compensation	\$ 558	,071 \$	520,	420 \$	(37,651)		(7.2)%	
Advertising	46	,938	46,	448	(490)		(1.1)%	
Rent	50	,451	55,	309	4,858		8.8 %	
Other	215	,950	247,	962	32,012		12.9 %	
Total SG&A expenses	\$ 871	,410 \$	870,	139 \$	(1,271)		(0.1)%	
SG&A expenses as a % of gross profit:								
Compensation	51.9	%	48.5	%	(340)	bps		
Advertising	4.4	%	4.3	%	(10)	bps		
Rent	4.7	%	5.2	%	50	bps		
Other	20.0	%	23.0	%	300	bps		
Total SG&A expenses as a % of gross profit	81.0	%	81.0	%	_	bps		

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Overall SG&A expenses increased both in dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit, primarily due to higher compensation and employee benefit-related expenses related to new EchoPark locations and a net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships in the prior year period, offset partially by decreases in advertising expense and rent expense. Compensation expense increased both in dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit, primarily due to higher levels of compensation and employee benefit-related expenses related to new EchoPark locations. Advertising expense decreased both in dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit, as we focused on targeted advertising where we would expect the best returns for our business. Rent expense decreased both in dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit, primarily due to our strategy to own more of our dealership properties. Other SG&A expenses increased both in dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit due primarily to a net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships in the prior year period, offset partially by lower storm-related physical damage costs, IT expenses and legal expenses.

On an adjusted basis, SG&A expenses as a percentage of gross profit were 79.3%, a decrease of 30 basis points. For the three months ended September 30, 2018, adjusted SG&A expenses exclude approximately \$1.6 million of executive transition costs, approximately \$1.2 million of storm-related physical damage costs and approximately \$0.3 million of net loss on the disposal of franchised dealerships. For the three months ended September 30, 2017, adjusted SG&A expenses exclude

approximately \$8.5 million of net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships, offset partially by approximately \$3.5 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs and approximately \$0.5 million of long-term compensation-related charges.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Overall SG&A expenses increased in dollar amount and was flat as a percentage of gross profit, primarily due to higher long-term compensation-related expenses and legal costs, offset by a net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships and a decrease in storm-related physical damage costs. Compensation expense increased both in dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit, primarily due to long-term compensation-related expenses for a 2017 acquisition and a higher level of employee benefit-related expenses. Advertising expense increased both in dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit due primarily to marketing efforts related to establishing new EchoPark locations. Rent expense decreased both in dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit, primarily due to our strategy to own more of our dealership properties, offset partially by lease exit charges related to the disposal of franchised dealerships. Other SG&A expenses decreased both in dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit due primarily to a net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships and decreases in storm-related physical damage costs, IT expenses and workers' compensation and garage insurance expenses, offset partially by higher legal and repairs and maintenance expenses.

On an adjusted basis, SG&A expenses as a percentage of gross profit were 80.7%, flat as compared to the prior year period. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, adjusted SG&A expenses exclude approximately \$3.5 million of long-term compensation-related charges, approximately \$5.7 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs, approximately \$2.2 million of lease exit charges and approximately \$1.6 million of executive transition costs, offset partially by approximately \$38.9 million of net gain on the disposal of franchised dealerships. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, adjusted SG&A expenses exclude approximately \$10.3 million of storm-related physical damage and legal costs, approximately \$1.0 million of lease exit charges and approximately \$0.5 million of long-term compensation-related charges, offset partially by a gain of approximately \$8.5 million on the disposal of franchised dealerships.

Impairment Charges - Consolidated

Impairment charges decreased approximately \$0.2 million and increased approximately \$10.6 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively. There were no impairment charges for the three months ended September 30, 2018. Impairment charges for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 include the write-off of certain costs associated with internally developed software as well as the write-off of capitalized costs associated with the abandonment of certain construction projects. Impairment charges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 include the write-off of goodwill and property and equipment related to the closure of two pre-owned stores that were purchased in 2016 as well as the write-off of capitalized costs associated with the abandonment of certain construction projects.

Depreciation and Amortization - Consolidated

Depreciation and amortization expense increased approximately \$0.7 million, or 3.0%, and \$5.3 million, or 8.1%, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, due primarily to completed construction projects and purchases of fixed assets for use in our franchised dealerships and EchoPark stores. Increasingly costly manufacturer-required facilities upgrades may continue to drive higher levels of depreciation expense in future periods.

Interest Expense, Floor Plan - Consolidated

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2017

Interest expense, floor plan for new vehicles increased approximately \$3.0 million, or 39.1%. The average new vehicle floor plan notes payable balance increased approximately \$70.2 million, resulting in an increase in new vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$0.4 million. The average new vehicle floor plan interest rate was 3.16%, up from 2.40% in the prior year period, resulting in an increase in new vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$2.6 million.

Interest expense, floor plan for used vehicles increased approximately \$0.3 million, or 24.8%. The average used vehicle floor plan notes payable balance increased approximately \$16.4 million, resulting in an increase in used vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$0.1 million. The average used vehicle floor plan interest rate was 2.96%, up from 2.60% in the prior year period, resulting in an increase in used vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$0.2 million.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Interest expense, floor plan for new vehicles increased approximately \$7.4 million, or 31.2%. The average new vehicle floor plan notes payable balance increased approximately \$23.7 million, resulting in an increase in new vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$0.4 million. The average new vehicle floor plan interest rate was 3.00%, up from 2.33% in the prior year period, resulting in an increase in new vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$7.0 million.

Interest expense, floor plan for used vehicles increased approximately \$1.1 million, or 37.2%. The average used vehicle floor plan notes payable balance increased approximately \$31.6 million, resulting in an increase in used vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$0.6 million. The average used vehicle floor plan interest rate was 2.84%, up from 2.51% in the prior year period, resulting in an increase in used vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$0.5 million.

Interest Expense, Other, Net - Consolidated

Interest expense, other, net is summarized in the tables below:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Better / (Worse)		
	2018			2017		hange	% Change	
				(In thou	sands)			
Stated/coupon interest	\$	12,712	\$	12,255	\$	(457)	(3.7)%	
Deferred loan cost amortization		611		591		(20)	(3.4)%	
Interest rate hedge expense (benefit)		(130)		641		771	120.3 %	
Capitalized interest		(484)		(579)		(95)	(16.4)%	
Other interest		604		120		(484)	(403.3)%	
Total interest expense, other, net	\$	13,313	\$	13,028	\$	(285)	(2.2)%	

	1	Nine Months End	ed September 30,	Better / (Worse)		
	2018		2017	Change	% Change	
			(In the	ousands)		
Stated/coupon interest	\$	38,468	\$ 36,403	\$ (2,065)	(5.7)%	
Discount/premium amortization		_	28	28	100.0 %	
Deferred loan cost amortization		1,828	1,784	(44)	(2.5)%	
Interest rate hedge expense (benefit)		(81)	2,231	2,312	103.6 %	
Capitalized interest		(1,133)	(1,589)	(456)	(28.7)%	
Other interest		1,062	343	(719)	(209.6)%	
Total interest expense, other, net	\$	40,144	\$ 39,200	\$ (944)	(2.4)%	

Interest expense, other, net increased approximately \$0.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2018, primarily due to higher other interest related to capital lease obligations and higher stated/coupon interest related to additional mortgage notes payable balances, offset partially by a decrease in net interest rate hedge payments. Interest expense, other, net increased approximately \$0.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, primarily due to higher other interest related to capital lease obligations and higher stated/coupon interest related to additional mortgage notes payable balances, offset partially by a decrease in net interest rate hedge payments. Included in the results for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 is a \$0.7 million charge for double-carry interest expense for the period during which both the 6.125% Notes and the 7.0% Notes were outstanding.

Other Income (Expense), Net - Consolidated

Other expense decreased approximately \$14.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, due to a charge of approximately \$14.6 million related to the extinguishment of the 7.0% Notes in the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Income Taxes

Beginning January 1, 2018, the federal corporate income tax rate changed from 35.0% to 21.0% along with other tax provision changes that affect the deductibility of certain expenses. Sonic considered these items in its calculation of income tax amounts as of September 30, 2018 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. The overall effective tax rate from continuing operations was 32.4% and 31.1% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, and 41.7% and 41.0% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively. Income tax expense for the three

months ended September 30, 2018 includes a \$0.8 million discrete charge for non-deductible executive officer compensation related to executive transition costs. Income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 includes a \$0.8 million discrete charge for non-deductible executive officer compensation related to executive transition costs, a \$0.2 million discrete charge related to changes in uncertain tax positions and a \$0.6 million discrete charge for non-deductible book goodwill related to dealership dispositions, offset partially by a \$0.9 million discrete benefit related to vested or exercised stock compensation. Income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2017 includes a \$0.4 million discrete charge related to a non-deductible asset impairment charge. Income tax expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 includes a \$0.4 million discrete charge related to a non-deductible asset impairment charge and a benefit of approximately \$0.5 million as a result of the adoption of ASU 2016-09 which requires all book-tax differences related to the exercise of stock options or vesting of restricted stock units to flow through the provision for income taxes. Sonic's effective tax rate varies from year to year based on the distribution of taxable income between states in which the Company operates and other tax adjustments. Sonic expects the annual effective tax rate in future periods to fall within a range of 26.0% to 28.0% before the impact, if any, of changes in valuation allowances related to deferred income tax assets or discrete tax adjustments.

Discontinued Operations

Significant components of results from discontinued operations were as follows:

	T	hree Months Ended Septe	mber 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2018	2017	2018	2017		
			(In thousands)				
Income (loss) from operations	\$	(148) \$	(119) \$	(478)	(561)		
Lease exit accrual adjustments and charges		(104)	(362)	(319)	(1,089)		
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$	(252) \$	(481) \$	(797)	\$ (1,650)		
Total revenues	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_ :	<u> </u>		

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We require cash to fund debt service, operating lease obligations, working capital requirements, facility improvements and other capital improvements, and dividends on our common stock and to finance acquisitions and otherwise invest in our business. We rely on cash flows from operations, borrowings under our revolving credit and floor plan borrowing arrangements, real estate mortgage financing, asset sales and offerings of debt and equity securities to meet these requirements. We closely monitor our available liquidity and projected future operating results in order to remain in compliance with restrictive covenants under the 2016 Credit Facilities and our other debt obligations and lease arrangements. However, our liquidity could be negatively affected if we fail to comply with the financial covenants in our existing debt or lease arrangements. After giving effect to the applicable restrictions on the payment of dividends under our debt agreements, as of September 30, 2018, we had approximately \$151.8 million of net income and retained earnings free of such restrictions. Cash flows provided by our dealerships are derived from various sources. The primary sources include individual consumers, automobile manufacturers, automobile manufacturers' captive finance subsidiaries and finance companies. Disruptions in these cash flows could have a material adverse impact on our operations and overall liquidity.

Because the majority of our consolidated assets are held by our dealership subsidiaries, the majority of our cash flows from operations are generated by these subsidiaries. As a result, our cash flows and our ability to service our obligations depend to a substantial degree on the results of operations of these subsidiaries and their ability to provide us with cash.

We had the following liquidity resources available as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	September 30, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	(In thousands)					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,582	\$	6,352		
Availability under the 2016 Revolving Credit Facility		192,765		155,304		
Availability under our used vehicle floor plan facilities		14,377		7,104		
Floor plan deposit balance		5,000		3,000		
Total available liquidity resources	\$	219,724	\$	171,760		

We participate in a program with two of our manufacturer-affiliated finance companies and one commercial bank wherein we maintain a deposit balance (included in the table above) with the lender that earns interest based on the agreed upon rate. This deposit balance is not designated as a pre-payment of notes payable – floor plan, nor is it our intent to use this amount

to offset principal amounts owed under notes payable – floor plan in the future, although we have the right and ability to do so. The deposit balance of \$5.0 million and \$3.0 million as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, is classified in other current assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Floor Plan Facilities

We finance our new and certain of our used vehicle inventory through standardized floor plan facilities with manufacturer captive finance companies and a syndicate of manufacturer-affiliated finance companies and commercial banks. These floor plan facilities are due on demand and bear interest at variable rates based on either LIBOR or the prime rate. The weighted average interest rate for our combined new and used vehicle floor plan facilities was 3.14% and 2.99% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, and 2.42% and 2.35% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively.

We receive floor plan assistance from certain manufacturers. Floor plan assistance received is capitalized in inventory and charged against cost of sales when the associated inventory is sold. We received approximately \$10.2 million and \$30.8 million in floor plan assistance in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, and approximately \$9.6 million and \$31.3 million in floor plan assistance in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively. We recognized manufacturer floor plan assistance in cost of sales of approximately \$10.4 million and \$31.1 million in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively, and approximately \$11.8 million and \$32.7 million in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively. Interest payments under each of our floor plan facilities are due monthly and we generally are not required to make principal repayments prior to the sale of the associated vehicles.

Long-Term Debt and Credit Facilities

See Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for a discussion of our long-term debt and credit facilities and compliance with debt covenants.

Capital Expenditures

Our capital expenditures include the purchase of land and buildings, construction of new franchised dealerships, EchoPark stores and collision repair centers, building improvements and equipment purchased for use in our franchised dealerships and EchoPark stores. We selectively construct new or improve existing dealership facilities to maintain compliance with manufacturers' image requirements. We typically finance these projects through new mortgages or, alternatively, through our credit facilities. We also fund these projects through cash flows from operations.

Capital expenditures in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 were approximately \$133.9 million. Of this amount, approximately \$79.9 million was related to facility construction projects and approximately \$42.7 million was related to real estate acquisitions, while fixed assets utilized in our store operations accounted for the remaining \$11.3 million of capital expenditures.

Of the capital expenditures in the nine months ended September 30, 2018, approximately \$21.1 million was funded through mortgage financing and approximately \$112.8 million was funded through cash from operations and use of our credit facilities. As of September 30, 2018, commitments for facility construction projects totaled approximately \$20.4 million. We expect investments related to capital expenditures to be partly dependent upon our overall liquidity position and the availability of mortgage financing to fund significant capital projects.

Stock Repurchase Program

Our Board of Directors has authorized us to repurchase shares of our Class A Common Stock. Historically, we have used our share repurchase authorization to offset dilution caused by the exercise of stock options or the vesting of equity compensation awards and to maintain our desired capital structure. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we repurchased approximately 1.2 million shares of our Class A Common Stock for approximately \$24.1 million in open-market transactions at prevailing market prices and in connection with tax withholding on the vesting of equity compensation awards. As of September 30, 2018, our total remaining repurchase authorization was approximately \$83.6 million. Under the 2016 Credit Facilities, share repurchases are permitted to the extent that no event of default exists.

Our share repurchase activity is subject to the business judgment of our Board of Directors and management, taking into consideration our historical and projected results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, capital requirements, covenant compliance, current economic environment and other factors considered relevant. These factors are considered each quarter and will be scrutinized as our Board of Directors and management determine our share repurchase policy in the future.

Dividends

During the three months ended September 30, 2018, our Board of Directors approved a cash dividend of \$0.06 per share on all outstanding shares of Class A and Class B Common Stock as of September 14, 2018, which was paid on October 15,

2018. Subsequent to September 30, 2018, our Board of Directors approved a cash dividend of \$0.06 per share on all outstanding shares of Class A and Class B Common Stock as of December 14, 2018 to be paid on January 15, 2019. Under the 2016 Credit Facilities, dividends are permitted to the extent that no event of default exists and we are in compliance with the financial covenants contained therein. The indentures governing the 5.0% Notes and the 6.125% Notes also contain restrictions on our ability to pay dividends. The payment of any future dividend is subject to the business judgment of our Board of Directors, taking into consideration our historical and projected results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, capital requirements, covenant compliance, share repurchases, current economic environment and other factors considered relevant. These factors are considered each quarter and will be scrutinized as our Board of Directors determines our future dividend policy. There is no guarantee that additional dividends will be declared and paid at any time in the future. See Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for a description of restrictions on the payment of dividends.

Cash Flows

Net cash provided by operating activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was approximately \$155.5 million. This provision of cash was comprised primarily of cash inflows related to operating profits and a decrease in receivables, offset partially by an increase in inventories and a decrease in notes payable – floor plan – trade. In the nine months ended September 30, 2017, net cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$188.1 million. This provision of cash was comprised primarily of cash inflows related to operating profits and a decrease in receivables and inventories, offset partially by a decrease in notes payable – floor plan – trade.

Net cash provided by investing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was approximately \$1.2 million. This provision of cash was comprised primarily of proceeds from the sale of franchised dealerships and property and equipment, offset partially by purchases of land, property and equipment. Net cash used in investing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was approximately \$235.5 million. This use of cash was comprised primarily of purchases of land, property and equipment and the acquisition of one pre-owned vehicle business, offset partially by proceeds from the sale of franchised dealerships.

Net cash used in financing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was approximately \$155.5 million. This use of cash was comprised primarily of net repayments on revolving credit facilities and notes payable - floor plan - non-trade, purchases of treasury stock and payments on long-term debt, offset partially by proceeds from mortgage notes. Net cash provided by financing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was approximately \$57.7 million. This provision of cash was comprised primarily of proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt (including mortgages) and net borrowings on revolving credit facilities, offset partially by repurchases of debt securities and purchases of treasury stock and net repayments on notes payable - floor plan - non-trade.

We arrange our inventory floor plan financing through both manufacturer captive finance companies and a syndicate of manufacturer-affiliated finance companies and commercial banks. Our floor plan financing with manufacturer captives is recorded as trade floor plan liabilities (with the resulting change being reflected as operating cash flows). Our dealerships that obtain floor plan financing from a syndicate of manufacturer-affiliated finance companies and commercial banks record their obligation as non-trade floor plan liabilities (with the resulting change being reflected as financing cash flows). Due to the presentation differences for changes in trade floor plan and non-trade floor plan in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, decisions made by us to move dealership floor plan financing arrangements from one finance source to another may cause significant variations in operating and financing cash flows without affecting our overall liquidity, working capital or cash flow. Net cash used in combined trade and non-trade floor plan financing was approximately \$106.3 million and \$206.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Accordingly, if all changes in floor plan notes payable were classified as an operating activity, the result would have been net cash provided by operating activities of approximately \$102.9 million and \$113.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Future Liquidity Outlook

We believe our best sources of liquidity for operations and debt service remain cash flows generated from operations combined with the availability of borrowings under our floor plan facilities (or any replacements thereof) and the 2016 Credit Facilities (or any replacements thereof), real estate mortgage financing, selected dealership and other asset sales and our ability to raise funds in the capital markets through offerings of debt or equity securities. Because the majority of our consolidated assets are held by our dealership subsidiaries, the majority of our cash flows from operations are generated by these subsidiaries. As a result, our cash flows and our ability to service our obligations depend to a substantial degree on the results of operations of these subsidiaries and their ability to provide us with cash.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Guarantees and Indemnification Obligations

In accordance with the terms of our operating lease agreements, our dealership subsidiaries, acting as lessees, generally agree to indemnify the lessor from certain exposure arising as a result of the use of the leased premises, including environmental exposure and repairs to leased property upon termination of the lease. In addition, we have generally agreed to indemnify the lessor in the event of a breach of the lease by the lessee.

In connection with dealership dispositions and facility relocations, certain of our subsidiaries have assigned or sublet to the buyer their interests in real property leases associated with such dealerships. In general, the subsidiaries retain responsibility for the performance of certain obligations under such leases, including rent payments and repairs to leased property upon termination of the lease, to the extent that the assignee or sublessee does not perform. In the event an assignee or a sublessee does not perform its obligations, we remain liable for the lease payments.

In accordance with the terms of agreements entered into for the sale of our dealerships, we generally agree to indemnify the buyer from certain liabilities and costs arising subsequent to the date of sale, including environmental exposure and exposure resulting from the breach of representations or warranties made in accordance with the agreements. While our exposure with respect to environmental remediation and repairs is difficult to quantify, our maximum exposure associated with these general indemnifications was approximately \$14.0 million and \$5.0 million at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. These indemnifications typically expire within a period of one to three years following the date of sale. The estimated fair value of these indemnifications was not material and the amount recorded for this contingency was not significant at September 30, 2018.

We also guarantee the floor plan commitments of our 50%-owned joint venture, the amount of which was approximately \$2.8 million at both September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

See Note 8, "Commitments and Contingencies," to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and Note 12, "Commitments and Contingencies," to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 for further discussion regarding these guarantees and indemnification obligations.

Seasonality

Our operations are subject to seasonal variations. The first quarter historically has contributed less operating profit than the second and third quarters, while the fourth quarter historically has contributed the highest operating profit of any quarter. Weather conditions, the timing of manufacturer incentive programs and model changeovers cause seasonality and may adversely affect vehicle demand and, consequently, our profitability. Comparatively, parts and service demand remains stable throughout the year.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Our variable rate floor plan facilities, the 2016 Revolving Credit Facility and our other variable rate notes expose us to risks caused by fluctuations in the applicable interest rates. The total outstanding balance of such variable instruments, after considering the effect of our interest rate caps (see below), was approximately \$854.1 million at September 30, 2018. An increase in interest rates of 100 basis points would have caused a change in interest expense of approximately \$10.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Of the total change in interest expense, approximately \$8.2 million would have resulted from the floor plan facilities.

In addition to our variable rate debt, certain of our dealership lease facilities have monthly lease payments that fluctuate based on LIBOR interest rates. An increase in interest rates of 100 basis points would not have had a significant impact on rent expense in the nine months ended September 30, 2018 due to the leases containing LIBOR floors which were above the LIBOR rate during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Sonic also has interest rate cap agreements designated as hedging instruments to limit its exposure to increases in LIBOR rates above certain levels. Under the terms of these interest rate caps, interest rates reset monthly. The fair value of these interest rate cap positions at September 30, 2018 was an asset of approximately \$8.6 million, with approximately \$6.6 million included in other assets and approximately \$2.0 million included in other current assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Sonic terminated all of its previously outstanding interest rate cash flow swap agreements for net cash proceeds of approximately \$4.8 million, which will be amortized into income as a reduction of interest expense, other, net on a ratable basis over the original term of these agreements (through July 1, 2020). The fair value of the outstanding interest rate swap and interest rate cap positions at December 31, 2017 was a net asset of approximately \$4.7 million, with approximately \$5.1 million included in other assets and approximately \$0.9 million included in other current assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets, offset partially by approximately \$1.0 million included in other accrued liabilities and approximately \$0.3 million included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. See Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for a discussion of our outstanding interest rate instruments.

Foreign Currency Risk

We purchase certain of our new vehicle and parts inventories from foreign manufacturers. Although we purchase our inventories in U.S. dollars, our business is subject to foreign exchange rate risk that may influence automobile manufacturers' ability to provide their products at competitive prices in the United States. To the extent that we cannot recapture this volatility in prices charged to customers or if this volatility negatively impacts consumer demand for our products, this volatility could adversely affect our future operating results.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures – Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), we evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of September 30, 2018. Based upon that evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2018.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting – There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended September 30, 2018, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting can provide only reasonable assurance that the objectives of the control system are met and may not prevent or detect misstatements. In addition, any evaluation of the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting in future periods is subject to risk that those internal controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We are involved, and expect to continue to be involved, in various legal and administrative proceedings arising out of the conduct of our business, including regulatory investigations and private civil actions brought by plaintiffs purporting to represent a potential class or for which a class has been certified. Although we vigorously defend ourselves in all legal and administrative proceedings, the outcomes of pending and future proceedings arising out of the conduct of our business, including litigation with customers, employment-related lawsuits, contractual disputes, class actions, purported class actions and actions brought by governmental authorities, cannot be predicted with certainty. An unfavorable resolution of one or more of these matters could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or prospects.

Included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities at September 30, 2018 was approximately \$2.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, in reserves that we were holding for pending proceedings. Except as reflected in such reserves, we are currently unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss, or a range of reasonably possible loss in excess of the amount accrued, for pending proceedings.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those included in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, except as noted below.

Our business may be adversely affected by import product restrictions and foreign trade risks that may impair our ability to sell foreign vehicles profitably.

A significant portion of our new vehicle business involves the sale of vehicles, parts, or vehicles composed of parts that are manufactured outside the United States. As a result, our operations are subject to risks of importing merchandise, including fluctuations in the relative values of currencies, import duties or tariffs, exchange controls, trade restrictions, work stoppages and general political and socioeconomic conditions in other countries. The United States or the countries from which our products are imported may, from time to time, impose new quotas, duties, tariffs or other restrictions, or adjust presently prevailing quotas, duties or tariffs, which may affect our operations and our ability to purchase imported vehicles and/or parts at reasonable prices, which may negatively affect the consumer-affordability of certain new vehicles and reduce demand for certain vehicle makes and models.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The following table sets forth information about the shares of Class A Common Stock we repurchased during the three months ended September 30, 2018:

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (1)				
	(In thousands, except per share data)								
July 2018	_	\$	_	_	\$	84,218			
August 2018	_	\$	_	_	\$	84,218			
September 2018	32,207	\$	19.95	32,207	\$	83,575			
Total	32,207			32,207					

(1) On February 13, 2017, we announced that our Board of Directors had increased the dollar amount authorized for us to repurchase shares of our Class A Common Stock pursuant to our share repurchase program that we previously announced on January 20, 2016. Our share repurchase program does not have an expiration date and current remaining availability under the program is as follows:

	(In thousands)
January 2016 authorization	\$ 100,000
February 2017 authorization	100,000
Total active program repurchases prior to September 30, 2018	(116,425)
Current remaining availability as of September 30, 2018	\$ 83,575

See "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" for additional discussion of restrictions on share repurchases and payment of dividends.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Sonic Automotive, Inc., dated August 7, 1997 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-13395)).
3.2	Certificate of Designation, Preferences and Rights of Class A Convertible Preferred Stock, dated March 20, 1998 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-13395)).
3.3	Certificate of Amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Sonic Automotive, Inc., dated June 16, 1999 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-13395)).
3.4	Certificate of Amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Sonic Automotive, Inc., dated April 18, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 (File No. 001-13395)).
3.5	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Sonic Automotive, Inc., dated July 27, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.5 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 (File No. 001-13395)).
10.1	Agreement between Sonic Automotive, Inc. and B. Scott Smith, effective as of September 25, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 27, 2018 (File No. 001-13395)). (1)
31.1*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

^{*} Filed herewith.

**Furnished herewith.

(1) Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC.	
Date: October 25, 2018	Ву:	/s/ DAVID BRUTON SMITH
		David Bruton Smith
		Chief Executive Officer
Date: October 25, 2018	Ву:	/s/ HEATH R. BYRD
		Heath R. Byrd
	Executiv	e Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION

- I, Heath R. Byrd, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Sonic Automotive, Inc.;
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 25, 2018

By: /s/ HEATH R. BYRD

Heath R. Byrd

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION

- I, David Bruton Smith, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Sonic Automotive, Inc.;
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material
 information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period
 in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

October 25, 2018

By: /s/ DAVID BRUTON SMITH

David Bruton Smith Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Sonic Automotive, Inc. (the Company) on Form10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, Heath R. Byrd, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ HEATH R. BYRD

Heath R. Byrd
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
October 25, 2018

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Sonic Automotive, Inc. (the Company) on Form10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2018, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), I, David Bruton Smith, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ DAVID BRUTON SMITH

David Bruton Smith Chief Executive Officer October 25, 2018