### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

	F	ORM 10-Q	
(Mark One)		<del></del>	
☑ QUARTERLY	REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1	3 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the quarter	ly period ended June 30, 2015	
		OR	
☐ TRANSITION I	REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1	3 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the transition per	riod from to	
	Commission	on File Number: 1-13395	
		TOMOTIVE, INC.	
	Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	56-2010790 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
(Ad	4401 Colwick Road Charlotte, North Carolina ldress of principal executive offices)	28211 (Zip Code)	
		(704) 566-2400 Shone number, including area code)	
		n subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☑ No ☐	(or for
		on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such	
	r the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated maller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchan	filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated Act.	rated
Large accelerated filer	$\boxtimes$	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	☐ (Do not check if a smaller reporting comp	oany) Smaller reporting company	
Indicate by check mark whether	r the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12	b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No ⊠	
As of July 17, 2015, there were	38,696,067 shares of Class A common stock and 12,029	9,375 shares of Class B common stock outstanding.	

### SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. FORM 10-Q FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 INDEX

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### PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 1. Financial Statements.

# SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

		Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months E	ıded J	une 30,			
		2015		2014		2015		2014			
		(Dollars and shares in thousand					ds, except per share amounts)				
Revenues:											
New vehicles	\$	1,295,288	\$	1,298,777	\$	2,497,610	\$	2,445,397			
Used vehicles		658,794		603,868		1,252,536		1,163,684			
Wholesale vehicles		41,131		44,765		82,789		86,363			
Total vehicles		1,995,213		1,947,410		3,832,935		3,695,444			
Parts, service and collision repair		346,164		329,134		669,358		647,905			
Finance, insurance and other, net		82,363		76,736		156,963		146,317			
Total revenues		2,423,740		2,353,280		4,659,256		4,489,666			
Cost of Sales:											
New vehicles		(1,230,352)		(1,224,584)		(2,369,325)		(2,304,531)			
Used vehicles		(618,098)		(566,395)		(1,170,996)		(1,085,517)			
Wholesale vehicles		(43,807)		(46,079)		(85,673)		(87,772)			
Total vehicles		(1,892,257)		(1,837,058)		(3,625,994)		(3,477,820)			
Parts, service and collision repair		(175,929)		(169,275)		(342,749)		(335,899)			
Total cost of sales		(2,068,186)		(2,006,333)		(3,968,743)		(3,813,719)			
Gross profit		355,554		346,947		690,513		675,947			
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(284,661)		(268,914)		(555,523)		(532,887)			
Impairment charges		(10,469)		(4)		(16,661)		(7)			
Depreciation and amortization		(17,294)		(14,431)		(33,703)		(28,812)			
Operating income (loss)		43,130		63,598		84,626		114,241			
Other income (expense):											
Interest expense, floor plan		(5,345)		(4,846)		(10,123)		(9,535)			
Interest expense, other, net		(13,054)		(13,865)		(26,274)		(27,683)			
Other income (expense), net		10		3		100		100			
Total other income (expense)		(18,389)		(18,708)		(36,297)		(37,118)			
Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	_	24,741		44,890		48,329		77,123			
Provision for income taxes for continuing operations - benefit (expense)		(9,649)		(17,829)		(18,848)		(30,078)			
Income (loss) from continuing operations		15,092	_	27,061	_	29,481	_	47,045			
Discontinued operations:		13,072		27,001		27,401		47,043			
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before taxes		(509)		(127)		(1,200)		(1,092)			
Provision for income taxes for discontinued operations - benefit (expense)		198		59		468		426			
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		(311)	_	(68)	_	(732)		(666)			
•	\$		\$	26,993	S		\$				
Net income (loss)	2	14,781	3	26,993	<b>3</b>	28,749	3	46,379			
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:											
Earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations	\$	0.30	\$	0.51	\$	0.58	\$	0.89			
Earnings (loss) per share from discontinued operations	*	(0.01)	*	-	-	(0.01)	-	(0.01)			
Earnings (loss) per common share	\$	0.29	\$	0.51	\$	0.57	\$	0.88			
	Ψ	50.784	Ψ	52,514	Ψ	50,819	Ψ				
Weighted average common shares outstanding		50,784	_	52,514		50,819	_	52,466			
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:											
Earnings (loss) per continuing operations	\$	0.30	\$	0.51	\$	0.57	\$	0.89			
Earnings (loss) per share from discontinued operations	Ψ	(0.01)		5.51	<u> </u>	(0.01)	4	(0.02)			
Earnings (loss) per snare from discontinued operations  Earnings (loss) per common share	<u>s</u>	0.29	s	0.51	S	0.56	\$	0.87			
	<u>\$</u>		Ψ		ψ		Ψ				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	_	51,093	_	52,930	_	51,247	_	52,938			
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.025	\$	0.025	\$	0.05	\$	0.05			

# SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months E	nded June 30,		
	2015 2014			2015			2014	
	(Dollars in				thousan	ids)		
Net income (loss)	\$	14,781	\$	26,993	\$	28,749	\$	46,379
Other comprehensive income (loss) before taxes:								
Change in fair value of interest rate swap agreements		1,439		(487)		(50)		1,186
Provision for income tax benefit (expense) related to								
components of other comprehensive income (loss)		(547)		185		19		(451)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		892		(302)		(31)		735
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	15,673	\$	26,691	\$	28,718	\$	47,114

# SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

		June 30, 2015	D	ecember 31, 2014
		(Dollars in	thousands	3)
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,552	\$	4,182
Receivables, net		308,853		371,994
Inventories		1,441,148		1,311,702
Other current assets		81,755		81,081
Total current assets		1,835,308		1,768,959
Property and Equipment, net		829,698		799,319
Goodwill		473,713		475,929
Other Intangible Assets, net		80,998		83,720
Other Assets		55,778	_	55,208
Total Assets	\$	3,275,495	\$	3,183,135
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current Liabilities:				
Notes payable - floor plan - trade	\$	763.523	\$	711,618
Notes payable - floor plan - non-trade	Ψ	545,901	Ψ	551,118
Trade accounts payable		113,621		132,405
Accrued interest		12,524		12,409
Other accrued liabilities		198,896		208,654
Current maturities of long-term debt		38,536		30,802
Total current liabilities		1,673,001		1,647,006
Long-Term Debt		780.883		742,610
Other Long-Term Liabilities		70,198		69,200
Deferred Income Taxes		65,979		57,601
Commitments and Contingencies		03,979		37,001
Stockholders' Equity:				
Class A convertible preferred stock, none issued		_		_
Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 62,451,254 shares issued and 38,696,067 shares outstanding at June 30, 2015; 62,046,966 shares issued and 38,890,533 shares				
outstanding at December 31, 2014		625		620
Class B common stock; \$0.01 par value; 30,000,000 shares authorized; 12,029,375 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2015		121		121
and December 31, 2014 Paid-in capital		705,046		697,760
Retained earnings		402,575		376,353
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(6,455)		(6,424)
Treasury stock, at cost; 23,755,187 Class A shares held at June 30, 2015 and 23,156,433 Class A shares				
held at December 31, 2014.		(416,478)		(401,712)
Total Stockholders' Equity		685,434		666,718
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	3,275,495	\$	3,183,135

# SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

	Class A Common Stock			Class Treasury		Class B ck Common Stock Paid-In Retained		Retained	Accumulated Other Comprehensive	Total Stockholders'		
	Shares	Am	ount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Ar	nount	Capital	Earnings	Income (Loss)	Equity
						Dollars and	sha	res in th	ousands)			
Balance at December 31, 2014	62,047	\$	620	(23,156) \$	(401,712)	12,029	\$	121	\$ 697,760	\$ 376,353	\$ (6,424)	\$ 666,718
Shares awarded under stock												
compensation plans	383		5	-	-	-		-	2,127	-	-	2,132
Purchases of treasury stock	-		-	(599)	(14,766)	-		-	-	-	-	(14,766)
Income tax benefit associated												
with stock compensation plans	-		-	-	-	-		-	416	-	-	416
Fair value of interest rate swap agreements, net of tax												
benefit of \$19	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	(31)	(31)
Restricted stock amortization	-		-	-	-	-		-	4,743	-	-	4,743
Other	21		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	28,749	-	28,749
Dividends (\$0.05 per share)				-	-					(2,527)		(2,527)
Balance at June 30, 2015	62,451	\$	625	(23,755) \$	(416,478)	12,029	\$	121	\$ 705,046	\$ 402,575	\$ (6,455)	\$ 685,434

# SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		Six Months Ended June 3		
		2015	2014	
		(Dollars in thousa	nds)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income (loss)	\$	28,749 \$	46,379	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment		33,701	28,809	
Provision for bad debt expense		1,425	191	
Other amortization		325	780	
Debt issuance cost amortization		966	1,144	
Debt discount amortization, net of premium amortization		83	29	
Stock - based compensation expense		4,743	4,181	
Deferred income taxes		8,396	14,198	
Equity interest in earnings of investee		(143)	(141)	
Asset impairment charges		16,661	7	
Loss (gain) on disposal of dealerships and property and equipment		(1,202)	(8,193)	
Loss (gain) on exit of leased dealerships		707	624	
Changes in assets and liabilities that relate to operations:				
Receivables		65,824	63,214	
Inventories		(129,446)	(44,708)	
Other assets		(4,163)	(41,474)	
Notes payable - floor plan - trade		51,905	23,096	
Trade accounts payable and other liabilities		(24,422)	(34,496)	
Total adjustments		25,360	7,261	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		54,109	53,640	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of businesses, net of cash acquired		-	(2,573	
Purchases of land, property and equipment		(82,922)	(48,586	
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment		775	3,954	
Proceeds from sales of dealerships				
		1,250	27,235	
Distributions from equity investee		225	400	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(80,672)	(19,570)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net (repayments) borrowings on notes payable - floor plan - non-trade		(5,217)	(55,628)	
Borrowings on revolving credit facilities		238,672	59,429	
Repayments on revolving credit facilities		(229,674)	(59,429)	
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		46,075	40,421	
Principal payments on long-term debt		(9,149)	(7,937)	
Purchases of treasury stock		(14,766)	(11,155)	
Income tax benefit (expense) associated with stock compensation plans		416	332	
Issuance of shares under stock compensation plans		2,132	2,527	
Dividends paid		(2,556)	(2,647	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		25,933	(34,087	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(630)	(17)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,182	3,016	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	3,552 \$	2,999	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FERIOD	<b>3</b>	3,332 \$	2,999	
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Change in fair value of cash flow hedging instruments (net of tax benefit and expense of				
\$19 and \$451 in the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively)	\$	(31) \$	735	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:				
Cash paid (received) during the period for:				
Interest, including amount capitalized	\$	35,825 \$	36,804	
Income taxes	\$	7,768 \$	23,708	
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation – The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of Sonic Automotive, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries ("Sonic," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our") for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all material normal recurring adjustments necessary to fairly state the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire fiscal year or future interim periods, because the first quarter normally contributes less operating profit than the second, third and fourth quarters. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements – In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-03 to simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs. The amendments in this ASU require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts and premiums. The ASU also requires that the amortization of debt issuance costs be reported as interest expense. For public companies, this ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2015 (early adoption is permitted). The adoption of this ASU will impact the presentation of certain items in Sonic's consolidated financial position and other disclosures.

Also in April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-05 related to customer's accounting for fees paid in a cloud computing arrangement. The amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2015 (early adoption is permitted). Sonic does not expect this ASU to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows

**Principles of Consolidation** – All of Sonic's dealership and non-dealership subsidiaries are wholly-owned and consolidated in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, except for one 50% - owned dealership that is accounted for under the equity method. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

Lease Exit Accruals – Lease exit accruals relate to facilities Sonic has ceased using in its operations. The accruals represent the present value of the lease payments, net of estimated or actual sublease proceeds, for the remaining life of the operating leases and other accruals necessary to satisfy the lease commitment to the landlord. These situations could include the relocation of an existing facility or the sale of a dealership whereby the buyer will not be subleasing the property for either the remaining term of the lease or for an amount of rent equal to Sonic's obligation under the lease. See Note 12, "Commitments and Contingencies," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for further discussion.

A summary of the activity of these operating lease exit accruals consists of the following:

	(In th	nousands)
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$	18,962
Lease exit expense (1)		707
Payments (2)		(3,066)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	16,603

- (1) Expense of approximately \$0.1 million is recorded in interest expense, other, net, and expense of approximately \$0.6 million is recorded in income (loss) from discontinued operations before taxes, in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.
- (2) Amount is recorded as an offset to rent expense, with approximately \$0.4 million in selling, general and administrative expenses, and \$2.7 million in income (loss) from discontinued operations before taxes, in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.

*Income Tax Expense* – The overall effective tax rate from continuing operations was 39.0% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, and was 39.7% and 39.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. Sonic's effective tax

rate varies from year to year based on the distribution of taxable income between states in which Sonic operates and other tax adjustments. Sonic expects the effective ax rate in future periods to fall within a range of 38.0% to 40.0% before the impact, if any, of changes in valuation allowances related to deferred income tax assets or unusual discrete tax adjustments.

### 2. Business Acquisitions and Dispositions

Acquisitions – Sonic acquired one luxury franchise during the six months ended June 30, 2014 for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$2.6 million. Sonic did not acquire any franchises during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

**Dispositions** – As discussed in Note 1, "Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08 which amended the definition of and reporting requirements for discontinued operations. Sonic elected to adopt and apply this guidance beginning with its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2014. The results of operations for those dealerships that were classified as discontinued operations as of March 31, 2014 are included in income (loss) from discontinued operations in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income and will continue to be reported within discontinued operations in the future. Revenues and other activities associated with dealerships classified as discontinued operations were as follows:

		Three Months Ended June 30,				June 30,		
	_	2015		2014		2015		2014
	_			(In thou	ısands)			
Income (loss) from operations	\$	(393)	\$	(181)	\$	(645)	\$	(770)
Gain (loss) on disposal		-		97		-		53
Lease exit accrual adjustments and charges		(116)		(43)		(555)		(375)
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$	(509)	\$	(127)	\$	(1,200)	\$	(1,092)
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Beginning with disposals occurring during the three months ended June 30, 2014, only the operating results of disposals that represent a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major impact on Sonic's results of operations and financial position will be included in the income (loss) from discontinued operations in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. Sonic disposed of one franchise during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 that generated net cash of approximately \$1.3 million. Sonic disposed of two franchises during the three months ended June 30, 2014 and disposed of three franchises during the six months ended June 30, 2014. These disposals generated net cash from disposition in those periods of approximately \$13.3 million and \$15.2 million, respectively.

Revenues and other activities associated with disposed dealerships that remain in continuing operations were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months E	une 30,	
	 2015		2014		2015		2014
			(In tho	usands	)		_
Income (loss) from operations	\$ (998)	\$	719	\$	(1,280)	\$	205
Gain (loss) on disposal	1,057		7,260		955		7,624
Property impairment charges	(10,096)		-		(10,096)		-
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$ (10,037)	\$	7,979	\$	(10,421)	\$	7,829
Total revenues	\$ 4,504	\$	82,783	\$	10,603	\$	155,232

#### 3. Inventories

Inventories consists of the following:

	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(In t	housands)
New vehicles	\$ 1,028,430	924,818
Used vehicles	232,773	3 214,015
Service loaners	117,639	112,520
Parts, accessories and other	62,306	60,349
Net inventories	\$ 1,441,148	3 \$ 1,311,702

### 4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, net consists of the following:

	Ju	ne 30, 2015	Decei	mber 31, 2014			
		(In thousands)					
Land	\$	244,004	\$	224,124			
Building and improvements		632,443		582,261			
Office equipment and fixtures		174,083		151,165			
Parts and service equipment		73,806		68,248			
Company vehicles		8,997		8,958			
Construction in progress		45,503		81,180			
Total, at cost		1,178,836		1,115,936			
Less accumulated depreciation		(349,138)		(316,617)			
Property and equipment, net	\$	829,698	\$	799,319			

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, capital expenditures were approximately \$36.2 million and \$82.9 million, respectively and in the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, capital expenditures were approximately \$27.0 million and \$48.6 million, respectively. Capital expenditures in both periods were primarily related to real estate acquisitions, construction of new dealerships and EchoPark® stores, building improvements and equipment purchased for use in Sonic's dealerships and EchoPark® stores.

Impairment charges for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 were approximately \$10.5 million and \$16.7 million, respectively. Impairment charges for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 include the write-off of goodwill, intangible assets, property and equipment as part of the disposal of a franchise, the write-off of certain costs associated with website and software development projects as well as abandonment of certain construction projects.

### 5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The change in the carrying amount of franchise assets and goodwill for the six months endedJune 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Franchise Assets		Net Goodwill
	(I	n thousands)	
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 77,1	100 \$	475,929 (1)
Prior year acquisition allocations		-	230
Reductions from dispositions	(2,4	100)	(2,446)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 74,7	700 \$	473,713 (1)

### (1) Net of accumulated impairment losses of \$796,725.

At December 31, 2014, Sonic had approximately \$6.6 million of definite life intangibles related to favorable lease agreements. After the effect of amortization of the definite life intangibles, the balance recorded at June 30, 2015 was approximately \$6.3 million and is included in other intangible assets, net, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

### 6. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	Ju	ne 30, 2015	Decei	nber 31, 2014
		(In thou	sands)	
2014 Revolving Credit Facility (1)	\$	8,998	\$	-
7.0% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2022 (the "7.0% Notes")		200,000		200,000
5.0% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2023 (the "5.0% Notes")		300,000		300,000
Notes payable to a finance company bearing interest from 9.52% to 10.52% (with				
a weighted average of 10.19%)		2,604		4,367
Mortgage notes to finance companies-fixed rate, bearing interest from 3.51% to 7.03%		164,281		147,554
Mortgage notes to finance companies-variable rate, bearing interest at 1.25 to 3.50				
percentage points above one-month LIBOR		140,439		118,368
Net debt discount and premium (2)		(1,678)		(1,761)
Other		4,775		4,884
Total debt	\$	819,419	\$	773,412
Less current maturities		(38,536)		(30,802)
Long-term debt	\$	780,883	\$	742,610

- (1) The interest on the 2014 Revolving Credit Facility was 2.25% above LIBOR at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.
- June 30, 2015 includes a \$1.4 million discount associated with the 7.0% Notes and a \$0.3 million discount associated with mortgage notes payable. December 31, 2014 includes a \$1.5 million discount associated with the 7.0% Notes, a \$0.1 million premium associated with notes payable to a finance company and a \$0.4 million discount associated with mortgage notes payable.

#### 2014 Credit Facilities

On July 23, 2014, Sonic entered into agreements to amend and restate its syndicated revolving credit agreement and syndicated new and used vehicle floor plan credit facilities. The amended and restated syndicated revolving credit agreement (the "2014 Revolving Credit Facility") and the amended and restated syndicated new and used vehicle floor plan credit facilities (the "2014 Floor Plan Facilities" and, together with the 2014 Revolving Credit Facility, the "2014 Credit Facilities") are scheduled to mature on August 15, 2019.

Availability under the 2014 Revolving Credit Facility is calculated as the lesser of \$225.0 million or a borrowing base calculated based on certain eligible assets, less the aggregate face amount of any outstanding letters of credit under the 2014 Revolving Credit Facility (the "Revolving Borrowing Base"). The 2014 Revolving Credit Facility may be increased at Sonic's option up to \$275.0 million upon satisfaction of certain conditions. Based on balances as of June 30, 2015, the Revolving Borrowing Base was approximately \$178.4 million. As of June 30, 2015, Sonic had approximately \$9.0 million of outstanding borrowings and \$25.2 million in outstanding letters of credit under the 2014 Revolving Credit Facility, resulting in total borrowing availability of \$144.2 million under the 2014 Revolving Credit Facility. See Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for further discussion.

### 7.0% Senior Subordinated Notes

On July 2, 2012, Sonic issued \$200.0 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured senior subordinated 7.0% Notes which mature on July 15, 2022. The 7.0% Notes were issued at a price of 99.11% of the principal amount thereof, resulting in a yield to maturity of 7.125%. Interest on the 7.0% Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on January 15 and July 15 of each year. See Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for further discussion.

### 5.0% Senior Subordinated Notes

On May 9, 2013, Sonic issued \$300.0 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured senior subordinated 5.0% Notes which mature on May 15, 2023. The 5.0% Notes were issued at a price of 100.0% of the principal amount thereof. Interest on the 5.0% Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year. See Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," of the notes to the

consolidated financial statements in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for further discussion.

### Notes Payable to a Finance Company

Three notes payable (due October 2015 and August 2016) were assumed in connection with an acquisition in 2004 (the "Assumed Notes"). Sonic recorded the Assumed Notes at fair value using an interest rate of 5.35%. The interest rate used to calculate the fair value was based on a quoted market price for notes with similar terms as of the date of assumption. As a result of calculating the fair value, a premium of \$7.3 million was recorded that is being amortized over the lives of the Assumed Notes. At June 30, 2015, the outstanding principal balance on the Assumed Notes was approximately \$2.6 million.

#### Mortgage Notes

At June 30, 2015, Sonic had mortgage financing totaling approximately \$304.7 million related to approximately 30% of its operating properties. These mortgage notes require monthly payments of principal and interest through their respective maturities and are secured by the underlying properties. Maturity dates range between 2015 and 2033. The weighted average interest rate was 3.65% at June 30, 2015.

#### Covenants

Sonic was in compliance with the covenants under the 2014 Credit Facilities as of June 30, 2015. Financial covenants include required specified ratios (as each is defined in the 2014 Credit Facilities) of:

	Covenant	
Minimum Consolidated Liquidity Ratio	Minimum Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	Maximum Consolidated Total Lease Adjusted Leverage Ratio
1.05	1.20	5.50
1.19	1.75	4.24

The 2014 Credit Facilities contain events of default, including cross-defaults to other material indebtedness, change of control events and events of default customary for syndicated commercial credit facilities. Upon the future occurrence of an event of default, Sonic could be required to immediately repay all outstanding amounts under the 2014 Credit Facilities.

In addition, many of Sonic's facility leases are governed by a guarantee agreement between the landlord and Sonic that contains financial and operating covenants. The financial covenants are identical to those under the 2014 Credit Facilities with the exception of one financial covenant related to the ratio of EBTDAR to Rent (as defined in the lease agreements) with a required ratio of no less than 1.50 to 1.00. As of June 30, 2015, the ratio was 3.60 to 1.00.

### Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Sonic has interest rate cash flow swap agreements to effectively convert a portion of its LIBOR-based variable rate debt to a fixed rate. The fair value of these swap positions at June 30, 2015 was a liability of approximately \$10.9 million, with \$5.7 million included in other accrued liabilities and \$5.2 million included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. The fair value of these swap positions at December 31, 2014 was a net liability of approximately \$11.1 million, with \$8.2 million included in other accrued liabilities and \$3.5 million included in other long-term liabilities, offset partially by an asset of approximately \$0.6 million included in other assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Under the terms of these cash flow swaps, Sonic will receive and pay interest based on the following

Notional Amount	•		Receive Rate (1)	Maturing Date
(In millions)			- · ·	
\$ 2.7		7.100%	one-month LIBOR + 1.50%	July 10, 2017
\$ 8.5		4.655%	one-month LIBOR	December 10, 2017
\$ 7.3	(2)	6.860%	one-month LIBOR + 1.25%	August 1, 2017
\$ 100.0		3.280%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2015
\$ 100.0		3.300%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2015
\$ 6.3	(2)	6.410%	one-month LIBOR + 1.25%	September 12, 2017
\$ 50.0		3.240%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2015
\$ 50.0		3.070%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2015
\$ 100.0	(3)	2.065%	one-month LIBOR	June 30, 2017
\$ 100.0	(3)	2.015%	one-month LIBOR	June 30, 2017
\$ 200.0	(3)	0.788%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2016
\$ 50.0	(4)	1.320%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2017
\$ 250.0	(5)	1.887%	one-month LIBOR	June 30, 2018
\$ 25.0	(4)	2.080%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2017
\$ 100.0	(3)	1.560%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2017
\$ 125.0	(4)	1.303%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2017
\$ 125.0	(6)	1.900%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2018
\$ 50.0	(7)	2.320%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2019
\$ 200.0	(7)	2.313%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2019

- (1) The one-month LIBOR rate was approximately 0.187% at June 30, 2015.
- (2) Changes in fair value are recorded through earnings.
- (3) The effective date of these forward-starting swaps is July 1, 2015.
- (4) The effective date of these forward-starting swaps is July 1, 2016.
- (5) The effective date of this forward-starting swap is July 3, 2017.
- (6) The effective date of this forward-starting swap is July 1, 2017.
- (7) The effective date of these forward-starting swaps is July 2, 2018.

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, Sonic entered into four forward-starting interest rate cash flow swap agreements with notional amounts of \$125.0 million, \$125.0 million, \$50.0 million and \$200.0 million. These interest rate swaps have been designated and qualify as cash flow hedges and, as a result, changes in the fair value of these swaps are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss), net of related income taxes, in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

For the interest rate swaps not designated as cash flow hedges, the changes in the fair value of these swaps are recognized through earnings and are included in interest expense, other, net, in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, these items were a benefit of approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, these items were a benefit of approximately \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

For the cash flow swaps that qualify as cash flow hedges, the changes in the fair value of these swaps have been recorded in other comprehensive income (loss), net of related income taxes, in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income and are disclosed in the supplemental schedule of non-cash financing activities in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The incremental interest expense (the difference between interest paid and interest received) related to these cash flow swaps was approximately \$2.3 million and \$4.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and \$3.0 million and \$5.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, and is included in interest expense, other, net, in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income and the interest paid amount disclosed in the supplemental disclosures of cash flow information in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The estimated net expense expected to be reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into results of operations during the next twelve months is approximately \$3.5 million.

### 7. Per Share Data and Stockholders' Equity

The calculation of diluted earnings per share considers the potential dilutive effect of options and shares under Sonic's stock compensation plans. Certain of Sonic's non-vested restricted stock and restricted stock units contain rights to receive non-forfeitable dividends and thus, are considered participating securities and are included in the two-class method of computing earnings per share. The following table illustrates the dilutive effect of such items on earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

				Т	hree Mont	ths En	ded June 30,	2015					
				e (Loss)			Income (						
			From Co	ontinuir ations	ıg		From Disco Operat		ed		Incom	let	٠,
	Weighted Average		Орег		Per Share		Operat	]	Per hare		Hicom		Per Share
	Shares	A	mount		mount		Amount		nount	A	mount	Aı	mount
				(In t	thousands,	excep	t per share a	mount	s)				
Earnings (loss) and shares	50,784	\$	15,092			\$	(311)			\$	14,781		
Effect of participating securities:													
Non-vested restricted stock and restricted stock units			(7)				_				(7)		
Basic earnings (loss) and shares	50,784	\$	15,085	\$	0.30	\$	(311)	\$	(0.01)	\$	14,774	\$	0.29
Effect of dilutive securities:			.,				(- )		( )				
Stock compensation plans	309												
Diluted earnings (loss) and shares	51,093	\$	15,085	\$	0.30	\$	(311)	\$	(0.01)	\$	14,774	\$	0.29
	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014												
			Income				Income (						
			From Co	ntinuing	g		From Disco	ntinue	d			let	
	Operations D					Operati				Incom	_		
	Weighted				er are				Per hare				Per Share
	Average Shares	Δ	mount		ount	A	Amount		nare nount	A	mount		mount
							t per share a						
										_			
Earnings (loss) and shares	52,514	\$	27,061			\$	(68)			\$	26,993		
Effect of participating securities: Non-vested restricted stock													
and restricted stock units			(87)				-				(87)		
Basic earnings (loss) and shares	52,514	\$	26,974	\$	0.51	\$	(68)	\$	-	\$	26,906	\$	0.51
Effect of dilutive securities:													
Stock compensation plans	416	_	26054		0.74	_	(60)			_	21001		0.54
Diluted earnings (loss) and shares	52,930	\$	26,974	\$	0.51	\$	(68)	\$	-	\$	26,906	\$	0.51
					Six Mont	hs End	ded June 30,	2015					
	<u> </u>		Incom	e (Loss	)		Income (Lo	oss)					
			From C		ng	I	From Discont						
	XX	-	Ope	rations	D		Operation			N	let Incom	,	
	Weighted Average				Per hare			Per Shar					er are
	Shares		Amount		nount	An	nount	Amou		Amo	unt		ount
				(In	thousands	, exce	pt per share a	amoun	ıts)				
Earnings (loss) and shares	50,819	) {	3 29,481			\$	(732)		\$	2	28,749		
Effect of participating securities:							, ,						
Non-vested restricted stock and restricted stock units			(14)				_				(14)		
Basic earnings (loss) and shares	50,819	9 5		\$	0.58	\$	(732) \$	((	0.01) \$	2	28,735	\$	0.57
Effect of dilutive securities:													
Stock compensation plans	428		20.467	<u>e</u>	0.57	Φ.	(722)	- (1	0.01)		10.725	Ф.	0.56
Diluted earnings (loss) and shares	51,24	7 9	3 29,467	\$	0.57	\$	(732) \$	((	0.01) \$	2	28,735	\$	0.56

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014															
	Income (Loss)			Income (Loss)												
			From Co	ntinuing	3		From Disc	ontinue	ed							
					Ope		Opera	erations		Operations				Net Income		
	Weighted			P	er			P	er			P	er			
	Average			Sh	are			Sh	are			Sh	are			
	Shares		Amount	Amount		Amount		Amount		Amount		Am	ount			
	(In thousands, except per share amounts)															
Earnings (loss) and shares	52,466	\$	47,045			\$	(666)			\$	46,379					
Effect of participating securities:																
Non-vested restricted stock																
and restricted stock units			(151)				-				(151)					
Basic earnings (loss) and shares	52,466	\$	46,894	\$	0.89	\$	(666)	\$	(0.01)	\$	46,228	\$	0.88			
Effect of dilutive securities:																
Stock compensation plans	472															
Diluted earnings (loss) and shares	52,938	\$	46,894	\$	0.89	\$	(666)	\$	(0.02)	\$	46,228	\$	0.87			

In addition to the stock options included in the table above, options to purchase approximately 0.4 million shares of Class A common stock were outstanding at June 30, 2015 and 2014, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the options were not dilutive.

### 8. Contingencies

### Legal and Other Proceedings

Sonic is involved, and expects to continue to be involved, in numerous legal and administrative proceedings arising out of the conduct of its business, including regulatory investigations and private civil actions brought by plaintiffs purporting to represent a potential class or for which a class has been certified. Although Sonic vigorously defends itself in all legal and administrative proceedings, the outcomes of pending and future proceedings arising out of the conduct of Sonic's business, including litigation with customers, employment related lawsuits, contractual disputes, class actions, purported class actions and actions brought by governmental authorities, cannot be predicted with certainty. An unfavorable resolution of one or more of these matters could have a material adverse effect on Sonic's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

Included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets was approximately \$0.9 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, at June 30, 2015, and approximately \$2.0 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, at December 31, 2014, in reserves that Sonic was holding for pending proceedings. Except as reflected in such reserves, Sonic is currently unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss, or a range of reasonably possible loss in excess of the amount accrued, for pending proceedings.

### **Guarantees and Indemnification Obligations**

In accordance with the terms of Sonic's operating lease agreements, Sonic's dealership subsidiaries, acting as lessees, generally agree to indemnify the lessor from certain exposure arising as a result of the use of the leased premises, including environmental exposure and repairs to leased property upon termination of the lease. In addition, Sonic has generally agreed to indemnify the lessor in the event of a breach of the lease by the lessee.

In connection with dealership dispositions, certain of Sonic's dealership subsidiaries have assigned or sublet to the buyer their interests in real property leases associated with such dealerships. In general, the subsidiaries retain responsibility for the performance of certain obligations under such leases, including rent payments, and repairs to leased property upon termination of the lease, to the extent that the assignee or sub-lessee does not perform. In the event the sub-lessees do not perform their obligations under such leases, Sonic remains liable for the lease payments. See Note 12, "Commitments and Contingencies," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for further discussion.

In accordance with the terms of agreements entered into for the sale of Sonic's franchises, Sonic generally agrees to indemnify the buyer from certain exposure and costs arising subsequent to, but that existed prior to, the date of sale, including environmental exposure and exposure resulting from the breach of representations or warranties made in accordance with the agreement. While Sonic's exposure with respect to environmental remediation and repairs is difficult to quantify, Sonic's maximum exposure associated with these general indemnifications was approximately \$6.8 million and \$16.8 million at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. These indemnifications expire within a period of one to two years following the date of sale. The estimated fair value of

these indemnifications was not material and the amount recorded for this contingency was not significant atJune 30, 2015. Sonic also guarantees the floor plan commitments of its 50% -owned joint venture, the amount of which was approximately \$2.8 million at both June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

#### 9. Fair Value Measurements

In determining fair value, Sonic uses various valuation approaches including market, income and/or cost approaches. "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" in the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of Sonic. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect Sonic's assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

- Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that Sonic has the ability to access. Assets utilizing Level 1 inputs include marketable securities that are actively traded.
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. Assets and liabilities utilizing Level 2 inputs include cash flow swap instruments and deferred compensation plan balances.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. Asset and liability measurements utilizing Level 3 inputs include those used in estimating fair value of non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities in purchase acquisitions, those used in assessing impairment of property, plant and equipment and other intangibles and those used in the reporting unit valuation in the annual goodwill impairment evaluation.

The availability of observable inputs can vary and is affected by a wide variety of factors. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment required by Sonic in determining fair value is greatest for assets and liabilities categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is disclosed is determined based on the lowest level input (Level 3 being the lowest level) that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant who holds the asset or owes the liability rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, Sonic's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Sonic uses inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods when the market may be abnormally high or abnormally low. Accordingly, fair value measurements can be volatile based on various factors that may or may not be within Sonic's control.

Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Fair Value Based on

		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)					
	June	30, 2015	Decem	ber 31, 2014			
		(In thou	sands)				
Assets:							
Cash surrender value of life insurance policies (1)	\$	29,674	\$	27,552			
Cash flow swaps designated as hedges (1)		_		618			
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	29,674	\$	28,170			
Liabilities:							
Cash flow swaps designated as hedges (2)	\$	9,683	\$	10,251			
Cash flow swaps not designated as hedges (3)		1,233		1,469			
Deferred compensation plan (4)		16,361		15,863			
Total liabilities	•	27 277	•	27 583			

- (1) Included in other assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- As of June 30, 2015, approximately \$5.1 million and \$4.6 million were included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2014, approximately \$7.5 million and \$2.8 million were included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- (3) As of June 30, 2015, approximately \$0.6 million was included in both other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of December 31, 2014, approximately \$0.7 million and \$0.8 million were included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities, respectively, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- (4) Included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

There were no instances in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 which required a fair value measurement of assets ordinarily measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Therefore, the carrying value of assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2015 have not changed since December 31, 2014.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the fair values of Sonic's financial instruments, including receivables, notes receivable from finance contracts, notes payable – floor plan, trade accounts payable, borrowings under the 2014 Credit Facilities and certain mortgage notes, approximate their carrying values due either to length of maturity or existence of variable interest rates that approximate prevailing market rates.

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the fair value and carrying value of Sonic's fixed rate long-term debt were as follows:

	June 30, 2015					December 31, 2014			
	Fair Value		Carrying Val		ying Value Fa		Car	rying Value	
	·			(In tho	usands	s)			
7.0% Notes (1)	\$	217,000	\$	198,630	\$	216,000	\$	198,556	
5.0% Notes (1)	\$	294,000	\$	300,000	\$	294,000	\$	300,000	
Mortgage Notes (2)	\$	168,499	\$	164,281	\$	152,240	\$	147,554	
Assumed Notes (2)	\$	2,602	\$	2,641	\$	4,365	\$	4,474	
Other (2)	\$	4,487	\$	4,775	\$	4,588	\$	4,884	

- (1) As determined by market quotations as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively (Level 1).
- (2) As determined by discounted cash flows (Level 3)

#### 10. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2015 are as follows:

		Inc	ome	umulated Other Com e (Loss) by Compone Ionths Ended June 3	nt	
	Gains and Losses on Cash Flow Hedges		Defined Benefit Pension Plan			Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
			(In thousands)			
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$	(5,973)	\$	(451)	\$	(6,424)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications (1)		(2,922)		-		(2,922)
Amounts reclassified out of accumulated						
other comprehensive income (loss) (2)		2,891				2,891
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)		(31)		<u>-</u>		(31)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	(6,004)	\$	(451)	\$	(6,455)

- (1) Net of tax benefit of \$1,791.
- (2) Net of tax expense of \$1,772.

See the heading "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" in Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," for further discussion of Sonic's cash flow hedges. For further discussion of Sonic's defined benefit pension plan, see Note 10, "Employee Benefit Plans," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### 11. Segment Information

As of June 30, 2015, Sonic had two operating segments: Franchised Dealerships and EchoPark®. The Franchised Dealerships segment is comprised of retail automotive franchises that sell new and used vehicles, replacement parts and vehicle repair and maintenance services, and finance and insurance products. The EchoPark® segment is comprised of stand-alone pre-owned specialty retail locations that provide customers an opportunity to search, buy, service and sell pre-owned vehicles.

The operating segments identified above are the business activities of Sonic for which discrete financial information is available and for which operating results are regularly reviewed by Sonic's chief operating decision maker to assess operating performance and allocate resources. Sonic's chief operating decision maker is a group consisting of the Company's Executive Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President and Chief Financial Officer. The Company has determined that its operating segments also represent its reportable segments.

Reportable segment revenue and segment income are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June			
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
				(In tho	usands	s)			
Revenues:									
Franchised Dealerships	\$	2,402,764	\$	2,353,280	\$	4,622,594	\$	4,489,666	
EchoPark®		20,976		-		36,662			
Total consolidated revenues	\$	2,423,740	\$	2,353,280	\$	4,659,256	\$	4,489,666	
	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months E	nded J	led June 30,	
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
		2015		(In tho	usands			2014	
Segment income (loss) (1):		2015		-	usands			2014	
Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships	\$	41,714	\$	-	usands \$		\$	109,691	
E , , , ,	\$		\$	(In tho		s)	\$		
Franchised Dealerships	\$	41,714	\$	(In tho		84,785	\$	109,691	
Franchised Dealerships EchoPark®	\$	41,714 (3,929)	\$	(In tho 61,996 (3,244)		84,785 (10,282)	\$	109,691 (4,985)	
Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total segment income	\$	41,714 (3,929) 37,785	\$	(In tho 61,996 (3,244) 58,752		84,785 (10,282) 74,503	\$	109,691 (4,985) 104,706	

<sup>(1)</sup> Segment income (loss) for each segment is defined as operating income less floor plan interest expense.

### 12. Subsequent Events

On July 22, 2015, Sonic's Board of Directors appointed B. Scott Smith as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, effective immediately. He will also continue to serve as the Company's President and as a director of the Company. In connection with B. Scott Smith's appointment as Chief Executive Officer, a position previously held by O. Bruton Smith, Sonic's Board of Directors appointed O. Bruton Smith as Executive Chairman of the Company, effective immediately. As Executive Chairman, O. Bruton Smith will report directly to Sonic's Board of Directors and will work closely with the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer and the Vice Chairman with regard to overall leadership and strategic direction of the Company, guidance of the Company's senior management, coordination of the Board of Directors' activities and communication with the Company's key stakeholders.

The Company has deemed that B. Scott Smith shall be the principal executive officer of the Company for purposes of all documents and certifications to be filed with or submitted to the SEC or the New York Stock Exchange and for all other similar or related purposes.

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Sonic Automotive, Inc. condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report, as well as the audited financial statements and related notes thereto, "Item 1A: Risk Factors" and "Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Except to the extent that differences among operating segments are material to an understanding of our business taken as a whole, we present the discussion in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations on a consolidated basis.

As a result of the way we manage our business, as of June 30, 2015, we had two operating segments: Franchised Dealerships and EchoPar®. The Franchised Dealerships segment is comprised of retail automotive franchises that sell new and used vehicles, replacement parts and vehicle repair and maintenance services, and finance and insurance products. The EchoPark® segment is comprised of stand-alone pre-owned specialty retail locations that provide customers an opportunity to search, buy, service and sell pre-owned vehicles.

### Overview

We are one of the largest automotive retailers in the United States. As of June 30, 2015, we operated 117 franchises in 13 states (representing 25 different brands of cars and light trucks) and 19 collision repair centers. For management and operational reporting purposes, we group certain franchises together that share management and inventory (principally used vehicles) into "stores." As of June 30, 2015, we operated 99 franchised dealership stores and three EchoPark® stores.

Our dealerships provide comprehensive services including (1) sales of both new and used cars and light trucks; (2) sales of replacement parts, performance of vehicle maintenance, manufacturer warranty repairs, paint and collision repair services (collectively, "Fixed Operations"); and (3) arrangement of extended warranties, service contracts, financing, insurance and other aftermarket products (collectively, "F&I") for our customers.

The following is a detail of our new vehicle revenues by brand for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Percentage of New V	Vehicle Revenue	Percentage of New Vehicle Revenue				
	Three Months En	ided June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
Brand	2015	2014	2015	2014			
Luxury:							
BMW	20.9 %	21.1 %	21.5 %	20.8 %			
Mercedes	9.4%	8.7%	9.5%	9.1%			
Audi	5.3 %	5.0%	5.0%	4.9 %			
Lexus	5.1 %	4.8%	5.4%	4.9 %			
Land Rover	3.9%	3.0%	4.2 %	2.9 %			
Cadillac	3.0%	4.6%	3.1%	4.5 %			
Porsche	2.6%	2.5%	2.4%	2.3 %			
Mini	2.3 %	2.3 %	2.1%	2.2 %			
Acura	0.8 %	0.9%	0.9%	0.9 %			
Jaguar	0.7%	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%			
Infiniti	0.7%	0.8%	0.7%	0.8 %			
Volvo	0.7%	0.9%	0.7%	0.8%			
Total Luxury	55.4 %	55.2 %	56.2 %	54.8 %			
Mid-line Import:							
Honda	16.0 %	15.6 %	15.6 %	15.1 %			
Toyota	11.5 %	10.4 %	11.1 %	10.2 %			
Volkswagen	1.9%	1.9%	1.8%	1.9%			
Hyundai	1.4%	1.8%	1.4%	1.8%			
Other (1)	1.1%	1.4%	1.3 %	1.6%			
Nissan	0.5 %	1.2%	0.5%	1.1%			
Total Mid-line Import	32.4 %	32.3 %	31.7 %	31.7 %			
Domestic:							
Ford	6.9%	7.1%	6.8%	7.9%			
General Motors (2)	5.3 %	5.4%	5.3 %	5.6%			
Total Domestic	12.2 %	12.5 %	12.1 %	13.5 %			
Total	100.0%	100.0 %	100.0%	100.0 %			

- (1) Includes Kia, Scion and Subaru.
- (2) Includes Buick, Chevrolet and GMC.

### Results of Operations

Unless otherwise noted, all discussion of increases or decreases for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 are compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, as applicable. The following discussion of new vehicles, used vehicles, wholesale vehicles, Fixed Operations and F&I are on a same store basis, except where otherwise noted. All currently operating continuing operations stores are included within the same store group in the first full month following the first anniversary of the store's opening or acquisition.

### New Vehicles

The automobile retail industry uses the Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate ("SAAR") to measure the annual amount of expected new vehicle unit sales activity (both retail and fleet sales) within the United States. The SAAR below reflects all brands marketed or sold in the United States. The SAAR includes brands we do not sell and markets in which we do not operate, therefore, our new vehicle sales may not trend directly with the SAAR.

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	_	Six Months E	nded June 30,	
(in millions of vehicles)	2015	2015 2014		2015	2014	% Change
SAAR	17.1	16.5	3.6%	16.9	16.1	4.8 %

New vehicle revenues include the sale of new vehicles to retail customers, as well as the sale of fleet vehicles. New vehicle revenues can be influenced by manufacturer incentives for consumers, which vary from cash-back incentives to low interest rate financing. New vehicle revenues are also dependent on manufacturers providing adequate vehicle allocations to our dealerships to meet customer demands and the availability of consumer credit.

Our reported new vehicle results (including fleet) are as follows:

		Three Months Ended June 30,			Better / (Worse)		orse)
		2015		2014	Change		% Change
		(I	n thou	sands, except un	its and	d per unit data)	
Reported:							
Revenue	\$	1,295,288	\$	1,298,777	\$	(3,489)	(0.3 %)
Gross profit	\$	64,936	\$	74,193	\$	(9,257)	(12.5%)
Unit sales		34,963		35,405		(442)	(1.2 %)
Revenue per unit	\$	37,047	\$	36,683	\$	364	1.0%
Gross profit per unit	\$	1,857	\$	2,096	\$	(239)	(11.4%)
Gross profit as a % of revenue	\$ 1,295,288 \$ 1,298,777 \$ 64,936 \$ 74,193 34,963 \$ 35,405 \$ 37,047 \$ 36,683		7% (70) bps		s		

	 Six Months E	nded	June 30,		worse)	
	 2015		2014		Change	% Change
	(Iı	ı thou	sands, except u	nits ar	nd per unit data	)
Reported:						
Revenue	\$ 2,497,610	\$	2,445,397	\$	52,213	2.1 %
Gross profit	\$ 128,285	\$	140,866	\$	(12,581)	(8.9 %)
Unit sales	66,652		66,536		116	0.2 %
Revenue per unit	\$ 37,472	\$	36,753	\$	719	2.0%
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,925	\$	2,117	\$	(192)	(9.1 %)
Gross profit as a % of revenue	5.1 %		5.8%	ó	(70)	bps

Our same store new vehicle results (including fleet) are as follows:

	_	Three Month	s Ende	d June 30,		Better / (Wo	orse)
		2015		2014		Change	% Change
		(	In thou	sands, except un	its and	l per unit data)	
Same Store:							
Revenue	\$	1,282,668	\$	1,252,870	\$	29,798	2.4%
Gross profit	\$	64,789	\$	71,765	\$	(6,976)	(9.7 %)
Unit sales		34,575		34,125		450	1.3 %
Revenue per unit	\$	37,098	\$	36,714	\$	384	1.0%
Gross profit per unit	\$	1,874	\$	2,103	\$	(229)	(10.9%)
Gross profit as a % of revenue		5.1 %	6	5.7%	6	(60) bp	S

	 Six Months Ended June 30,			Better / (Worse)		orse)
	2015		2014		Change	% Change
	 (1)	n thou	sands, except un	its an	d per unit data)	
Same Store:						
Revenue	\$ 2,472,920	\$	2,362,936	\$	109,984	4.7%
Gross profit	\$ 127,227	\$	136,397	\$	(9,170)	(6.7 %)
Unit sales	65,911		64,207		1,704	2.7%
Revenue per unit	\$ 37,519	\$	36,802	\$	717	1.9%
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,930	\$	2,124	\$	(194)	(9.1 %)
Gross profit as a % of revenue	5.1%	)	5.8%	ó	(70) bp	S

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we continued to test our new car pricing model. As we move toward our national One Sonic-One Experience launch (our new customer experience initiative), we believe we will become more aggressive in pricing as well as gain market share as customers benefit from the entire complement of our new shopping experience.

The increase in new vehicle revenue during the three and six months endec June 30, 2015, was primarily driven by an increase in new vehicle unit sales volume of 1.3% and 2.7%, respectively. Also contributing to the increase in new vehicle revenue during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 was an increase in new vehicle revenue per unit of 1.0% and 1.9%, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, excluding fleet sales (which we began to scale back in 2014), our retail new vehicle revenue increased 2.9% and 6.0%, respectively, and our retail new unit sales volume increased 2.1% and 4.4%, respectively. Our Toyota/Scion, Mercedes and Honda dealerships led our retail new vehicle unit sales volume growth with increases of 9.8%, 16.3% and 2.2%, respectively, in the three months ended June 30, 2015. Our Toyota/Scion, Mercedes and Honda dealerships led our retail new vehicle unit sales volume growth with increases of 10.8%, 14.7% and 6.0%, respectively, in the six months ended June 30, 2015.

Total new vehicle gross profit dollars decreased \$7.0 million, or 9.7%, during the three months ended June 30, 2015 and decreased \$9.2 million, or 6.7%, during the six months ended June 30, 2015. Our gross profit per new unit decreased in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 by \$229 and \$194 per unit, respectively, primarily driven by our BMW, Honda and Toyota/Scion dealerships. New fleet vehicle gross profit dollars decreased \$0.4 million and \$1.3 million, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

Our luxury dealerships (which include Cadillac) experienced an increase in retail new vehicle revenue of 3.1% and 7.8%, duringthe three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, primarily due to a retail new unit sales volume increase of 1.8% and 5.3%, respectively. Luxury dealership retail new vehicle gross profit decreased 4.3% during the three months ended June 30, 2015, primarily driven by gross profit per unit decreases at our BMW, Audi and Porsche dealerships. Luxury dealership retail new vehicle gross profit was flat during the six months ended June 30, 2015, as a result of gross profit per unit decreases at our BMW and Audi dealerships, being offset by gross profit increases at our Land Rover dealerships. Luxury dealership retail new vehicle gross profit per unit decreased 6.0% and 4.5% during the three and six months ended June, 2015, respectively, primarily driven by our BMW and Audi dealerships.

Our mid-line import dealerships experienced an increase in retail new vehicle revenue of 3.6% and 5.1%, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, primarily due to a retail new unit sales volume increase of 3.5% and 5.5%, respectively. Mid-line import dealership retail new vehicle gross profit decreased 25.0% and 23.0% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, primarily driven by our Honda, Toyota/Scion and Hyundai dealerships. Mid-line import dealership retail new vehicle gross profit per unit decreased 27.5% and 27.0% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, primarily driven by our Honda, Toyota/Scion and Hyundai dealerships. These declines are the result of our strategy to maintain and gain market share in a highly competitive environment.

Our domestic dealerships retail new vehicle revenue was flat during thethree and six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to a retail new unit sales volume decrease of 1.7% and 2.5%, respectively, offset by an increase in revenue per unit of 1.7% and 2.4%, respectively. Domestic dealership retail new vehicle gross profit decreased 6.7% and 8.7% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, driven by our General Motors dealerships. Domestic dealerships pertail new vehicle gross profit per unit decreased 5.1% and 6.4% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, driven by our General Motors dealerships, partially offset by our Ford dealerships.

### **Used Vehicles**

Used vehicle revenues are directly affected by a number of factors, including the level of manufacturer incentives on new vehicles, the number and quality of trade-ins and lease turn-ins, the availability and pricing of used vehicles acquired at auction and the availability of consumer credit.

Our reported used vehicle results are as follows:

	 Three Months Ended June 30,				Vorse)			
	 2015 2014		Change		% Change			
		(In the	ousands, except u	nits and	its and per unit data)			
Reported:								
Revenue	\$ 658,794	\$	603,868	\$	54,926	9.1%		
Gross profit	\$ 40,696	\$	37,473	\$	3,223	8.6%		
Unit sales	30,301		28,514		1,787	6.3 %		
Revenue per unit	\$ 21,742	\$	21,178	\$	564	2.7%		
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,343	\$	1,314	\$	29	2.2%		
Gross profit as a % of revenue	6.2 %	0	6.2 %	, )	0 b	ps		

	 Six Months Ended June 30,			Better / (Worse)		orse)	
	 2015		2014		Change	% Change	
		(In the	nits and	its and per unit data)			
Reported:							
Revenue	\$ 1,252,536	\$	1,163,684	\$	88,852	7.6%	
Gross profit	\$ 81,540	\$	78,167	\$	3,373	4.3 %	
Unit sales	58,436		56,171		2,265	4.0%	
Revenue per unit	\$ 21,434	\$	20,717	\$	717	3.5%	
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,395	\$	1,392	\$	3	0.2 %	
Gross profit as a % of revenue	6.5 %	ó	6.7%	)	(20) bp	S	

Our same store used vehicle results are as follows:

	 Three Months Ended June 30,				Better / (V	Vorse)
	2015		2014		Change	% Change
		(In tho	usands, except u	nits ar	nd per unit data)	
Same Store:						
Revenue	\$ 632,838	\$	581,024	\$	51,814	8.9 %
Gross profit	\$ 38,884	\$	36,647	\$	2,237	6.1 %
Unit sales	28,973		27,397		1,576	5.8 %
Revenue per unit	\$ 21,842	\$	21,208	\$	634	3.0%
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,342	\$	1,338	\$	4	0.3 %
Gross profit as a % of revenue	6.1 %	ó	6.3 %	)	(20)	bps

	 Six Months Ended June 30,				Better / (W	Vorse)
	2015		2014		Change	% Change
		(In tho	usands, except u	nits an	nd per unit data)	
Same Store:						
Revenue	\$ 1,205,597	\$	1,118,663	\$	86,934	7.8 %
Gross profit	\$ 78,897	\$	75,933	\$	2,964	3.9 %
Unit sales	56,052		53,998		2,054	3.8%
Revenue per unit	\$ 21,509	\$	20,717	\$	792	3.8%
Gross profit per unit	\$ 1,408	\$	1,406	\$	2	0.1 %
Gross profit as a % of revenue	\$ 1,205,597 \$ 1,118,663 \$ 78,897 \$ 75,933 56,052 \$ 53,998 \$ 21,509 \$ 20,717				(30) 1	bps

In the three months ended June 30, 2015, our used vehicle unit volume increased 5.8%, driven by an 8.2% increase at our BMW stores and a 17.7% increase at our Audi stores. Used vehicle unit volume increased 3.8% in the six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to a 24.9% increase at our Audi stores. Gross profit for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 increased 6.1% and 3.9%, respectively. This was primarily the result of a 19.4% and an 18.4% increase in gross profit at our BMW stores for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. As we move toward our national One Sonic-One Experience launch and continue to test our used car pricing model, we believe we will have the opportunity to experience gains in our used vehicle unit volume and gross profit.

### Wholesale Vehicles

Wholesale vehicle revenues are highly correlated with new and used vehicle retail sales and the associated trade-in volume and are also significantly affected by our corporate inventory management policies, which are designed to optimize our total used vehicle inventory.

Our reported wholesale vehicle results are as follows:

	 Three Months Ended June 30,				Better / (Wo	rse)
	 2015		2014		Change	% Change
		(In the	ousands, except uni	ts and	per unit data)	
Reported:						
Revenue	\$ 41,131	\$	44,765	\$	(3,634)	(8.1 %)
Gross profit (loss)	\$ (2,676)	\$	(1,314)	\$	(1,362)	(103.7 %)
Unit sales	8,010		7,738		272	3.5 %
Revenue per unit	\$ 5,135	\$	5,785	\$	(650)	(11.2%)
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ (334)	\$	(170)	\$	(164)	(96.5%)
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	(6.5 %)		(2.9 %)		(360) bps	

	 Six Months Ended June 30,				Better / (Wo	se)	
	 2015		2014		Change	% Change	
		(In thou	sands, except uni	its and p	per unit data)		
Reported:							
Revenue	\$ 82,789	\$	86,363	\$	(3,574)	(4.1 %)	
Gross profit (loss)	\$ (2,884)	\$	(1,409)	\$	(1,475)	(104.7 %)	
Unit sales	15,787		15,118		669	4.4%	
Revenue per unit	\$ 5,244	\$	5,713	\$	(469)	(8.2 %)	
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ (183)	\$	(93)	\$	(90)	(96.8%)	
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	(3.5 %)		(1.6 %)		(190) bps		

Our same store used vehicle results are as follows:

		Three Months Ended June 30,			Better / (Wor		orse)
	2015		2014		Change		% Change
		(	In thou	sands, except un	its and	per unit data)	
Same Store:							
Revenue	\$	39,497	\$	43,326	\$	(3,829)	(8.8 %)
Gross profit (loss)	\$	(2,344)	\$	(1,307)	\$	(1,037)	(79.3 %)
Unit sales		7,637		7,476		161	2.2 %
Revenue per unit	\$	5,172	\$	5,795	\$	(623)	(10.8%)
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$	(307)	\$	(175)	\$	(132)	(75.4%)
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue		(5.9 %)	)	(3.0 %)		(290) b	pps

	 Six Months Ended June 30,				Better / (Wo	orse)
	 2015		2014	Change		% Change
		In thou	ısands, except uni	ts and p	oer unit data)	
Same Store:						
Revenue	\$ 80,270	\$	83,573	\$	(3,303)	(4.0 %)
Gross profit (loss)	\$ (2,530)	\$	(1,331)	\$	(1,199)	(90.1%)
Unit sales	15,160		14,621		539	3.7%
Revenue per unit	\$ 5,295	\$	5,716	\$	(421)	(7.4 %)
Gross profit (loss) per unit	\$ (167)	\$	(91)	\$	(76)	(83.5%)
Gross profit (loss) as a % of revenue	(3.2 %)		(1.6%)		(160) bps	S

Wholesale vehicle revenue and unit sales volume fluctuations are typically a result of new and used retail vehicle unit volumes that generate additional trade-in vehicle volume that we are not always able to sell as retail used vehicles and choose to sell at auction. Wholesale vehicle unit volume increased 2.2% and 3.7% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

Wholesale gross loss increased approximately \$1.0 million and \$1.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, as a result of an increase in overall retail activity.

### Parts, Service and Collision Repair ("Fixed Operations")

Parts and service revenue consists of customer requested parts and service orders ("customer pay"), warranty repairs, wholesale parts and collision repairs. Parts and service revenue is driven by the mix of warranty repairs versus customer pay repairs, available service capacity, vehicle quality, customer loyalty and manufacturer warranty programs.

Our reported Fixed Operations results are as follows:

	<u> </u>	Three Months l	Ended .	June 30,	Better / (Worse)			
		2015		2014		Change	% (	Change
Reported:				(In thou	sands)			
Revenue								
Customer pay	\$	146,548	\$	145,040	\$	1,508		1.0%
Warranty		57,150		47,050		10,100		21.5 %
Wholesale parts		45,850		47,145		(1,295)		(2.7 %)
Internal, sublet and other		96,616		89,899		6,717		7.5 %
Total	\$	346,164	\$	329,134	\$	17,030		5.2%
Gross profit								
Customer pay	\$	80,286	\$	79,606	\$	680		0.9%
Warranty		32,679		25,671		7,008		27.3 %
Wholesale parts		8,148		8,308		(160)		(1.9%)
Internal, sublet and other		49,122		46,274		2,848		6.2 %
Total	\$	170,235	\$	159,859	\$	10,376		6.5%
Gross profit as a % of revenue								
Customer pay		54.8 %		54.9 %		(10)	bps	
Warranty		57.2 %		54.6 %		260	bps	
Wholesale parts		17.8 %		17.6%		20	bps	
Internal, sublet and other		50.8 %		51.5 %		(70)	bps	
Total		49.2 %		48.6 %		60	bps	

		Six Months Er	ıded Jı	une 30,	Better / (Worse)			
		2015		2014		Change	% Change	-
Reported:				(In thous	ands)			
Revenue								
Customer pay	\$	284,171	\$	286,162	\$	(1,991)		(0.7 %)
Warranty		110,648		93,641		17,007		18.2 %
Wholesale parts		90,862		95,089		(4,227)		(4.4 %)
Internal, sublet and other		183,677		173,013		10,664		6.2%
Total	\$	669,358	\$	647,905	\$	21,453		3.3 %
Gross profit								_
Customer pay	\$	155,963	\$	157,605	\$	(1,642)		(1.0 %)
Warranty		62,440		50,909		11,531		22.7 %
Wholesale parts		16,287		16,469		(182)		(1.1 %)
Internal, sublet and other		91,919		87,023		4,896		5.6%
Total	<u>\$</u>	326,609	\$	312,006	\$	14,603		4.7%
Gross profit as a % of revenue								
Customer pay		54.9 %		55.1 %		(20)	bps	
Warranty		56.4 %		54.4 %		200	bps	
Wholesale parts		17.9 %		17.3 %		60	bps	
Internal, sublet and other		50.0 %		50.3 %		(30)	bps	
Total		48.8 %		48.2 %		60	bps	

Our same store Fixed Operations results are as follows:

Came Store:         Class of the control of the c	% Change
Revenue       \$ 145,235       \$ 140,701       \$ 4,53         Warranty       \$ 56,672       45,065       11,60	% Change
Customer pay       \$ 145,235       \$ 140,701       \$ 4,53         Warranty       56,672       45,065       11,60	
Warranty 56,672 45,065 11,60	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3.2%
	7 25.8 %
Wholesale parts 45,502 45,855 (35)	3) (0.8%
Internal, sublet and other 93,761 87,105 6,65	5 7.6%
Total \$ 341,170 \$ 318,726 \$ 22,44	7.0%
Gross profit	
Customer pay \$ 79,537 \$ 77,320 \$ 2,21	7 2.9%
Warranty 32,435 24,631 7,80	
Wholesale parts 8,082 8,064 1	3 0.2%
Internal, sublet and other 47,764 44,676 3,08	6.9%
Total \$ 167,818 \$ 154,691 \$ 13,12	
Gross profit as a % of revenue	
Customer pay 54.8 % 55.0 % (2	O) bps
Warranty 57.2 % 54.7 % 25	
Wholesale parts 17.8 % 17.6 % 2	
Internal, sublet and other 50.9 % 51.3 % (4	•
Total 49.2 % 48.5 % 7	) bps
Six Months Ended June 30, Be	ter / (Worse)
Six iyiontus Ended June 30, Be.	tel / ( ** 015c)
2015 2014 Change	% Change
2015 2014 Change	
Same Store: 2015 2014 Change (In thousands)	% Change
Same Store:         2015         2014         Change           Revenue           Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80	% Change
Same Store:         2015         2014         Change           Revenue           Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44	% Change 5 1.4% 6 22.0% 1) (2.6%
Same Store:         2015         2014         Change           Revenue           Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05	% Change  5 1.4% 6 22.0% 1) (2.6% 2 6.6%
Same Store:         2015         2014         Change           Revenue           Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44	% Change  5 1.4% 6 22.0% 1) (2.6% 2 6.6%
Same Store:         2015         2014         Change           Revenue           Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05	% Change  5 1.4% 6 22.0% 1) (2.6% 2 6.6%
Same Store:         (In thousands)           Revenue         281,002         277,187         3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05           Total         \$659,445         \$627,212         \$32,23	% Change  5 1.4% 6 22.0% 1) (2.6% 2 6.6% 3 5.1%
Same Store:         (In thousands)           Revenue         281,002         277,187         3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44)           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05           Total         \$659,445         \$627,212         \$32,23           Gross profit	% Change  5 1.4% 6 22.0% 1) (2.6% 2 6.6% 3 5.1% 8 0.9%
Same Store:         (In thousands)           Revenue         281,002         277,187         3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44)           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05           Total         \$ 659,445         \$ 627,212         \$ 32,23           Gross profit         Customer pay         \$ 154,225         \$ 152,877         \$ 1,34	% Change  5 1.4% 6 22.0% 1) (2.6% 2 6.6% 3 5.1% 8 0.9% 1 26.6%
Same Store:         (In thousands)           Revenue         281,002         277,187         3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44)           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05           Total         \$ 659,445         \$ 627,212         \$ 32,23           Gross profit         Customer pay         \$ 154,225         \$ 152,877         \$ 1,34           Warranty         61,892         48,901         12,99	% Change  5 1.4% 6 22.0% 9) (2.6% 2 6.6% 8 5.1% 8 0.9% 1 26.6% 4 1.0%
Same Store:         (In thousands)           Revenue         (In thousands)           Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05           Total         \$ 659,445         \$ 627,212         \$ 32,23           Gross profit         Customer pay         \$ 154,225         \$ 152,877         \$ 1,34           Warranty         61,892         48,901         12,99           Wholesale parts         16,135         15,971         16	% Change  5 1.4% 6 22.0% 9) (2.6% 2 6.6% 8 5.1% 8 0.9% 1 26.6% 4 1.0% 2 6.9%
Same Store:         (In thousands)           Revenue         (In thousands)           Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05           Total         \$ 659,445         \$ 627,212         \$ 32,23           Gross profit         State of the state	% Change  5 1.4% 6 22.0% 9) (2.6% 2 6.6% 8 5.1% 8 0.9% 1 26.6% 4 1.0% 2 6.9%
Same Store:         (In thousands)           Revenue         (In thousands)           Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05           Total         \$ 659,445         \$ 627,212         \$ 32,23           Gross profit         Customer pay         \$ 154,225         \$ 152,877         \$ 1,34           Warranty         61,892         48,901         12,99           Wholesale parts         16,135         15,971         16           Internal, sublet and other         89,573         83,821         5,75           Total         \$ 321,825         \$ 301,570         \$ 20,25	% Change  5
Same Store:         (In thousands)           Revenue         (In thousands)           Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05           Total         \$ 659,445         \$ 627,212         \$ 32,23           Gross profit         Stranger         \$ 154,225         \$ 152,877         \$ 1,34           Warranty         \$ 16,892         48,901         12,99           Wholesale parts         16,135         15,971         16           Internal, sublet and other         89,573         83,821         5,75           Total         \$ 321,825         301,570         \$ 20,25           Gross profit as a % of revenue         \$ 321,825         301,570         \$ 20,25	% Change           5         1.4%           6         22.0%           9)         (2.6%           2         6.6%           3         5.1%           8         0.9%           1         26.6%           4         1.0%           2         6.9%           5         6.7%
Same Store:         (In tousands)           Revenue         Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05           Total         \$ 659,445         \$ 627,212         \$ 32,23           Gross profit         S         154,225         \$ 152,877         \$ 1,34           Warranty         61,892         48,901         12,99           Wholesale parts         16,135         15,971         16           Internal, sublet and other         89,573         83,821         5,75           Total         \$ 321,825         301,570         20,25           Gross profit as a % of revenue         \$ 54,9%         55,2%         (3	% Change  5
Same Store:         (In thousands)           Revenue         Customer pay         \$ 281,002         \$ 277,187         \$ 3,81           Warranty         109,644         89,838         19,80           Wholesale parts         90,082         92,522         (2,44           Internal, sublet and other         178,717         167,665         11,05           Total         \$ 659,445         \$ 627,212         \$ 32,23           Gross profit         \$ 154,225         \$ 152,877         \$ 1,34           Warranty         61,892         48,901         12,99           Wholesale parts         16,135         15,971         16           Internal, sublet and other         89,573         83,821         5,75           Total         \$ 321,825         301,570         20,25           Gross profit as a % of revenue         \$ 321,825         301,570         20,25           Customer pay         \$ 49,90         55,2%         (3           Warranty         \$ 321,825         301,570         \$ 20,25	% Change  5

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, our total Fixed Operations customer pay revenue increased 3.2% and 1.4%, respectively. Warranty revenue increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 by 25.8% and 22.0%, respectively, led by increases in warranty activity, including recalls, at our BMW, Honda and Cadillac dealerships. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, used vehicle reconditioning revenue increased 9.0% and 7.2%, respectively, contributing to the net increase. Fixed Operations customer pay revenue increased 6.7% and 2.9% at our domestic dealerships, 3.5% and 1.6% at our luxury dealerships, and was flat at our midline dealerships, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

For the three months ended June 30, 2015, an increase in Fixed Operations revenue contributed approximately \$10.9 million in additional gross profit and an increase in gross margin rate of 70 basis points contributed to a \$2.2 million increase in gross profit. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, an increase in Fixed Operations revenue contributed approximately \$15.5 million in additional gross profit and an increase in gross margin rate of 70 basis points contributed to a \$4.8 million increase in gross profit. The gross margin rate increased primarily due to increased warranty activity at our BMW dealerships.

### Finance, Insurance and Other, Net ("F&I")

Finance, insurance and other revenues include commissions for arranging vehicle financing and insurance, sales of third-party extended warranties and service contracts for vehicles and other aftermarket products. In connection with vehicle financing, extended warranties, service contracts, other aftermarket products and insurance contracts, we receive commissions from the providers for originating contracts.

Our reported F&I results are as follows:

	Th	Three Months Ended June 30,				Better / (Worse)			
	2	2015		2014		2014		Change	% Change
	(In thousands, except per unit data)								
Reported:									
Revenue	\$	82,363	\$	76,736	\$	5,627	7.3 %		
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)	\$	1,268	\$	1,211	\$	57	4.7%		

	 Six Months Ended June 30,				Worse)	
	 2015		2014	14 Change		% Change
		(In	thousands, ex	er unit data)		
Reported:						
Revenue	\$ 156,963	\$	146,317	\$	10,646	7.3 %
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)	\$ 1,261	\$	1,209	\$	52	4.3 %

Our same store F&I results are as follows:

	_	Three Months Ended June 30,				Worse)					
	_	2015	2014		15 2014		2014 Chang		Change %		% Change
		(In thousands, except per unit data)									
Same Store:											
Revenue	\$	80,573	\$	74,237	\$	6,336	8.5%				
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)	\$	1,274	\$	1,218	\$	56	4.6%				

	Six Months Ended June 30,				Worse)			
	2015		2014		Change	% Change		
	(In thousands, except per unit data)							
Same Store:								
Revenue	\$ 153,702	\$	141,419	\$	12,283	8.7%		
Gross profit per retail unit (excludes fleet)	\$ 1,267	\$	1,213	\$	54	4.5 %		

F&I revenues and F&I gross profit per unit increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to improved penetration rates on service contracts and aftermarket products as a result of increased visibility into performance drivers provided by our proprietary internal software applications. In addition, F&I revenues improved due to increases in total new and used retail (excluding fleet) unit volume of 3.8% and 4.1% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

Finance contract revenue increased 6.7% and 8.0% for thethree and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, primarily due to increases in contract volume of 6.0% and 5.3%, respectively. The increase in finance contract revenue in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 was further driven by increases in gross profit per contract of 1.0% and 2.6%, respectively. Finance contract revenue may experience compression if manufacturers offer attractive financing rates from their captive finance affiliates because we tend to earn lower commissions under these programs.

Service contract revenue increased 5.1% and 3.2% in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. Total service contract volume increased 6.4% and 5.8% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, driven by a service contract penetration rate increase of 80 basis points and 50 basis points for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

Other aftermarket contract revenue increased 12.4% and 13.1% in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. Other aftermarket contract volume increased 6.9% and 8.9% in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, driven by other aftermarket contract penetration rate increases of 410 basis points and 620 basis points, respectively.

### **Segment Results**

In the following tables of financial data, total segment income of the operating segments is reconciled to consolidated operating income.

		Three Months	Ende	l June 30,		Better / (	Worse)
	_	2015		2014		Change	% Change
				(In thousands,	except	unit data)	
Revenues:							
Franchised Dealerships	\$	2,402,764	\$	2,353,280	\$	49,484	2.1%
EchoPark®	<del>.</del>	20,976	_			20,976	100.0 %
Total consolidated revenues	\$	2,423,740	\$	2,353,280	\$	70,460	3.0 %
Segment income (loss) (1):							
Franchised Dealerships	\$	41,714	\$	61,996	\$	(20,282)	(32.7 %
EchoPark®		(3,929)		(3,244)		(685)	(21.1%
Total segment income		37,785		58,752		(20,967)	(35.7%
Interest expense, other, net		(13,054)		(13,865)		811	5.8 %
Other income (expense), net	_	10		3		7	233.3 %
Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	\$	24,741	\$	44,890	\$	(20,149)	(44.9 %
(1) Segment income (loss) for each segment is defined as operating income less floor	or plan inter	est expense.					
Retail unit sales volume:							
Franchised Dealerships		64,096		63,361		735	1.2 %
EchoPark®		881		-		881	100.0%
	_		_	63,361	_	1,616	2.6%
Total units retailed		64.9//		0.2201			
Total units retailed	=	64,977	=	03,301	_	1,010	
Total units retailed		Six Months En	ded J			Better / (V	·
Total units retailed	<u> </u>	Six Months En		nne 30, 2014		Better / (V	·
	=	Six Months En		ine 30,		Better / (V	Vorse)
Revenues:		Six Months En 2015	n thou	une 30, 2014 sands, except ur	its and	Better / (V Change per unit data)	Vorse) % Change
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships	\$	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594		nne 30, 2014		Better / (V Change per unit data)	Worse) % Change
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark®		Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662	n thou \$	2014 sands, except ur 4,489,666	s	Better / (V Change per unit data) 132,928 36,662	Vorse) % Change 3.0% 100.0%
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues	\$ \$	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594	n thou	une 30, 2014 sands, except ur	its and	Better / (V Change per unit data)	Worse) % Change
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1):	<u>\$</u>	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256	s \$	2014 sands, except ur 4,489,666 4,489,666	\$	Better / (V Change per unit data) 132,928 36,662 169,590	Vorse) % Change 3.0% 100.0% 3.8%
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships		Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256 84,785	n thou \$	2014 sands, except ur 4,489,666 4,489,666 109,691	s	Better / (V Change per unit data) 132,928 36,662 169,590 (24,906)	Vorse) % Change  3.0 % 100.0 % 3.8 %  (22.7 %)
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships EchoPark®	<u>\$</u>	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256 84,785 (10,282)	s \$	109,691 (4,985)	\$	Better / (V Change per unit data) 132,928 36,662 169,590 (24,906) (5,297)	Vorse) % Change  3.0% 100.0% 3.8%  (22.7%) (106.3%)
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total segment income	<u>\$</u>	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256 84,785 (10,282) 74,503	s \$	109,691 (4,985)	\$	Better / (V Change per unit data) 132,928 36,662 169,590 (24,906) (5,297) (30,203)	Vorse) % Change  3.0% 100.0% 3.8%  (22.7%) (106.3%) (28.8%)
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total segment income Interest expense, other, net	<u>\$</u>	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256 84,785 (10,282) 74,503 (26,274)	s \$	109,691 (4,985) 104,706 (27,683)	\$	Better / (V Change per unit data) 132,928 36,662 169,590 (24,906) (5,297) (30,203) 1,409	3.0 % 100.0 % 3.8 % (22.7 %) (106.3 %) (28.8 %) 5.1 %
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total segment income Interest expense, other, net Other income (expense), net	<u>\$</u>	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256 84,785 (10,282) 74,503 (26,274) 100	\$\$	109,691 (4,985) 104,706 (27,683)	s \$ \$	Better / (V Change   per unit data)   132,928   36,662   169,590   (24,906)   (5,297)   (30,203)   1,409	Vorse) % Change  3.0 % 100.0 % 3.8 %  (22.7 %) (106.3 %) (28.8 %) 5.1 % 0.0 %
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total segment income Interest expense, other, net Other income (expense), net Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	\$ \$	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256 84,785 (10,282) 74,503 (26,274) 100 48,329	s \$	109,691 (4,985) 104,706 (27,683)	\$	Better / (V Change per unit data) 132,928 36,662 169,590 (24,906) (5,297) (30,203) 1,409	Vorse) % Change  3.0% 100.0% 3.8%  (22.7% (106.3%) (28.8%) 5.1% 0.0%
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total segment income Interest expense, other, net Other income (expense), net Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	\$ \$	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256 84,785 (10,282) 74,503 (26,274) 100 48,329	\$\$	109,691 (4,985) 104,706 (27,683)	s \$ \$	Better / (V Change   per unit data)   132,928   36,662   169,590   (24,906)   (5,297)   (30,203)   1,409	Vorse) % Change  3.0 % 100.0 % 3.8 %  (22.7 %) (106.3 %) (28.8 %) 5.1 % 0.0 %
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total segment income Interest expense, other, net Other income (expense), net Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes (1) Segment income less floor	\$ \$	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256 84,785 (10,282) 74,503 (26,274) 100 48,329	\$\$	109,691 (4,985) 104,706 (27,683)	s \$ \$	Better / (V Change   per unit data)   132,928   36,662   169,590   (24,906)   (5,297)   (30,203)   1,409	Vorse) % Change  3.0 % 100.0 % 3.8 %  (22.7 %) (106.3 %) (28.8 %) 5.1 % 0.0 %
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total segment income Interest expense, other, net Other income (expense), net Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes	\$ \$	Six Months En 2015 (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256 84,785 (10,282) 74,503 (26,274) 100 48,329	\$\$	109,691 (4,985) 104,706 (27,683)	s \$ \$	Better / (V Change   per unit data)   132,928   36,662   169,590   (24,906)   (5,297)   (30,203)   1,409	Vorse) % Change  3.0 % 100.0 % 3.8 %  (22.7 %) (106.3 %) (28.8 %) 5.1 % 0.0 % (37.3 %)
Revenues: Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total consolidated revenues Segment income (loss) (1): Franchised Dealerships EchoPark® Total segment income Interest expense, other, net Other income (expense), net Income (loss) from continuing operations before taxes (1) Segment income less floor Retail unit sales volume:	\$ \$	Six Months En 2015  (I 4,622,594 36,662 4,659,256  84,785 (10,282) 74,503 (26,274) 100 48,329 est expense.	\$\$	109,691 (4,985) 104,706 (27,683) 100 77,123	s \$ \$	Better / (V Change   per unit data)   132,928   36,662   169,590   (24,906)   (5,297)   (30,203)   1,409 	Vorse) % Change  3.0 % 100.0 % 3.8 % (22.7 %) (106.3 %) (28.8 %) 5.1 %

#### Franchised Dealerships

See the previous headers "New Vehicles," "Used Vehicles," "Wholesale Vehicles," "Parts, Service and Collision Repair" and "Finance, Insurance and Other, Net" for further discussion of the operating results of our Franchised Dealerships segment. The previous analyses include operating results for our EchoPark® segment as the results for EchoPark® are not material to the combined operating results.

### EchoPark®

We opened the first two EchoPark® locations in November and December 2014, and we opened the third location in January 2015. Our EchoPark® business operates independently from the previously existing new and used sales operations and introduces customers to an exciting shopping and buying experience. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, EchoPark® generated approximately \$21.0 million of revenue and gross profit of \$2.6 million, driven by used vehicle gross profit per unit of \$1,269, F&I gross profit per unit of \$910 and the sale of 881 pre-owned vehicles. EchoPark® incurred a \$4.1 million operating loss during the three months ended June 30, 2015, EchoPark® generated approximately \$36.7 million of revenue and gross profit of \$4.4 million, driven by used vehicle gross profit per unit of \$1,319, F&I gross profit per unit of \$901 and the sale of 1,541 pre-owned vehicles. EchoPark® incurred a \$10.4 million operating loss during the six months ended June 30, 2015, Included in the \$10.4 million operating loss during the six months ended June 30, 2015, is a \$1.4 million impairment charge primarily related to website development.

### Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") Expenses

SG&A expenses are comprised of four major groups: compensation expense, advertising expense, rent expense and other expense. Compensation expense primarily relates to dealership personnel who are paid a commission or a salary plus commission and support personnel who are paid a fixed salary. Commissions paid to dealership personnel typically vary depending on gross profits realized. Due to the salary component for certain dealership and corporate personnel, gross profits and compensation expense do not change in direct proportion to one another. Advertising expense and other expense vary based on the level of actual or anticipated business activity and number of dealerships owned. Rent expense typically varies with the number of dealerships owned, investments made for facility improvements and interest rates. Other expense includes various fixed and variable expenses, including certain customer-related costs, insurance, training, legal and IT expenses.

The following table sets forth information related to our reported SG&A expenses:

		lune 30,		Detter / (	Worse)	
2015	2014		Change		% Change	
		(In thou	sands)			
\$ 167,811	\$	163,109	\$	(4,702)	(2.9)	
15,358		13,864		(1,494)	(10.89	
18,246		18,643		397	2.1 9	
83,246		73,298		(9,948)	(13.69	
\$ 284,661	\$	268,914	\$	(15,747)	(5.9 9	
	<u> </u>					
47.2 %	)	47.0 %		(20)	bps	
4.3 %	)	4.0%		(30)	bps	
5.1%	,	5.4%		30	bps	
23.5 %	)	21.1 %		(240)	bps	
 80.1 %	,	77.5 %		(260)	bps	
\$ <u>\$</u>	15,358 18,246 83,246 \$ 284,661 47.2 % 4.3 % 5.1 % 23.5 %	15,358 18,246 83,246	\$ 167,811 \$ 163,109 15,358 13,864 18,246 18,643 83,246 73,298 \$ 284,661 \$ 268,914 47.2 % 47.0 % 4.3 % 4.0 % 5.1 % 5.4 % 23.5 % 21.1 %	\$ 167,811 \$ 163,109 \$ 15,358 13,864 18,246 18,643 83,246 73,298 \$ 284,661 \$ 268,914 \$ \$ 47.2 % 47.0 % 4.3 % 4.0 % 5.1 % 5.4 % 23.5 % 21.1 %	(In thousands)       (In thousands)       \$ 167,811 \$ 163,109 \$ (4,702)       15,358 13,864 (1,494)       18,246 18,643 397       83,246 73,298 (9,948)       \$ 284,661 \$ 268,914 \$ (15,747)       47.2% 47.0% (20)       4.3% 4.0% (30)       5.1% 5.4% 30       23.5% 21.1% (240)	

	Six Months Er	ided J	ıne 30,	Better / (Worse			e)	
	 2015	2014		Change		% (	Change	
			(In thou	ısands)				
SG&A expenses								
Compensation	\$ 329,669	\$	320,263	\$	(9,406)		(2.9 %)	
Advertising	30,689		27,982		(2,707)		(9.7%)	
Rent	36,500		37,178		678		1.8 %	
Other	 158,665		147,464		(11,201)		(7.6 %)	
Total	\$ 555,523	\$	532,887	\$	(22,636)		(4.2 %)	
SG&A expenses as a % of gross profit	 							
Compensation	47.7 %		47.4 %	)	(30)	bps		
Advertising	4.4%		4.1%	)	(30)	bps		
Rent	5.3 %		5.5%	)	20	bps		
Other	 23.1 %		21.8 %		(130)	bps		
Total	 80.5 %		78.8 %	,	(170)	bps		

Overall SG&A expenses increased in both dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, due primarily to costs related to our EchoPark®, One Sonic-One Experience and other strategic initiatives, among other cost drivers as discussed below. The effect of costs related to EchoPark® on total SG&A expenses as a percentage of gross profit was an increase of 70 basis points and 100 basis points in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, compared to the prior year periods. Excluding the effect of EchoPark® expenses, total SG&A expenses as a percentage of gross profit would have increased 190 basis points and 70 basis points for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, compared to the prior year periods.

Compensation costs as a percentage of gross profit increased 20 basis points and 30 basis points in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, primarily due to medical insurance claims experience, severance costs and increased headcount related to demand from centralization efforts and EchoPark® staffing.

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, total advertising expense increased as a percentage of gross profit due to increased advertising programs for EchoPark® and One-Sonic-One-Experience.

Rent expense as a percentage of gross profit decreased 30 basis points and 20 basis points in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, primarily due to higher gross profit levels and the purchase of properties that were previously leased.

Other SG&A expenses increased in dollar amount and as a percentage of gross profit during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, primarily due to higher IT expenses, legal fees, and physical damage insurance costs. Included in other SG&A expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, is approximately \$3.4 million and \$3.5 million, respectively, of storm-related physical damage, \$0.6 million of legal expense, partially offset by gains on disposal of dealership franchises of approximately \$0.8 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. During the three months ended June 30, 2014, other SG&A expenses were favorably affected by gains on disposal of dealership franchises totaling approximately \$7.3 million, and unfavorably impacted by charges of approximately \$1.4 million related to hail damage and legal settlement expenses.

### Impairment Charges

Impairment charges increased approximately \$10.5 million and \$16.7 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. Impairment charges for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 include the write-off of goodwill, intangible assets, property and equipment as part of the disposal of a franchise, the write-off of certain costs associated with website and software development projects as well as abandonment of certain construction projects.

### Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense increased approximately \$2.9 million, or 19.8%, and \$4.9 million, or 17.0%, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. The increase is primarily related to completed construction projects that were placed in service subsequent to June 30, 2014.

### Interest Expense, Floor Plan

Interest expense, floor plan for new vehicles incurred by continuing operations increased approximately \$0.3 million, or 6.3%, and \$0.2 million, or 2.0%, in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. The average new vehicle floor plan notes payable balance for continuing operations increased approximately \$55.9 million and \$30.8 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, resulting in an increase in new vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$0.2 million in each period. The average new vehicle floor plan interest rate incurred by continuing dealerships was 1.62% and 1.59% in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, compared to 1.60% in both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, resulting in an increase in new vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$0.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015.

Interest expense, floor plan for used vehicles incurred by continuing operations increased approximately \$0.2 million, or 73.1%, and \$0.4 million, or 69.1%, in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. The average used vehicle floor plan notes payable balance for continuing operations increased approximately \$50.2 million and \$45.9 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, resulting in an increase in used vehicle floor plan interest expense of approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million in the same periods. The average used vehicle floor plan interest rate incurred by continuing dealerships was 1.77% and 1.85% in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, compared to 1.83% and 1.89% in the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, which had minimal effect on new vehicle floor plan interest expense.

### Interest Expense, Other, Net

Interest expense, other, net, is summarized in the schedule below:

	Three Months l	Ended	June 30,	Better / (Worse)										
	2015	2014		2014		2014		2014		2014		Change		% Change
			(In tho	usands)	1	<u> </u>								
Stated/coupon interest	\$ 10,498	\$	10,462	\$	(36)	(0.3 %)								
Discount/premium amortization	38		35		(3)	(8.6 %)								
Deferred loan cost amortization	618		616		(2)	(0.3 %)								
Cash flow swap interest	2,089		2,890		801	27.7 %								
Capitalized interest	(364)		(314)		50	15.9 %								
Other interest	175		176		1	0.6%								
Total	\$ 13,054	\$	13,865	\$	811	5.8 %								

	 Six Months E	nded J	une 30,		Vorse)	
	 2015	2014		2014 Change		% Change
			(In tho	usand	s)	
Stated/coupon interest	\$ 20,853	\$	20,711	\$	(142)	(0.7 %)
Discount/premium amortization	75		70		(5)	(7.1 %)
Deferred loan cost amortization	1,236		1,414		178	12.6 %
Cash flow swap interest	4,314		5,716		1,402	24.5 %
Capitalized interest	(592)		(571)		21	3.7%
Other interest	388		343		(45)	(13.1%)
Total	\$ 26,274	\$	27,683	\$	1,409	5.1 %

Interest expense, other, net, decreased approximately \$0.8 million and \$1.4 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, primarily due to a decrease in cash flow swap interest payments due to the expiration of two interest rate swaps during the three months ended September 30, 2014.

### Income Taxes

The overall effective tax rate from continuing operations was 39.0% for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, and was 39.7% and 39.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. The effective tax rate varies from year to year based on the distribution of taxable income between states in which we operate and other tax adjustments. We expect the effective tax

rate in future periods to fall within a range of 38.0% to 40.0% before the impact, if any, of changes in valuation allowances related to deferred income tax assets or unusual discrete tax adjustments.

### **Discontinued Operations**

Significant components of results from discontinued operations were as follows:

	 Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2015		2014		2015		2014	
	 (In thousands)							
Income (loss) from operations	\$ (393)	\$	(181)	\$	(645)	\$	(770)	
Gain (loss) on disposal	-		97		-		53	
Lease exit accrual adjustments and charges	(116)		(43)		(555)		(375)	
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$ (509)	\$	(127)	\$	(1,200)	\$	(1,092)	
Total revenues	\$ -	\$		\$		\$	-	

See the discussion of our adoption of ASU 2014-08 in Note 1, "Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in Sonic's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. We do not expect significant activity classified as discontinued operations in the future due to the change in the definition of a discontinued operation. The results of operations for those dealerships and franchises that were classified as discontinued operations as of March 31, 2014 will continue to be reported within discontinued operations in the future.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

We require cash to fund debt service, operating lease obligations, working capital requirements, facility improvements and other capital improvements, dividends on our common stock and to finance acquisitions and otherwise invest in our business. We rely on cash flows from operations, borrowings under our revolving credit and floor plan borrowing arrangements, real estate mortgage financing, asset sales and offerings of debt and equity securities to meet these requirements. We closely monitor our available liquidity and projected future operating results in order to remain in compliance with restrictive covenants under the 2014 Credit Facilities and other debt obligations and lease arrangements. However, our liquidity could be negatively affected if we fail to comply with the financial covenants in our existing debt or lease arrangements. Cash flows provided by our dealerships are derived from various sources. The primary sources include individual consumers, automobile manufacturers, automobile manufacturers' captive finance subsidiaries and finance companies. Disruptions in these cash flows could have a material and adverse impact on our operations and overall liquidity.

Because the majority of our consolidated assets are held by our dealership subsidiaries, the majority of our cash flows from operations are generated by these subsidiaries. As a result, our cash flows and ability to service our obligations depends to a substantial degree on the cash generated from the operations of these dealership subsidiaries.

We had the following liquidity resources available as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	J	June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
		(In thousands)			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,552	\$	4,182	
Availability under our revolving credit facility		144,241		165,560	
Availability under our used floor plan facilities		54,999		22,642	
Floor plan deposit balance		54,000		57,500	
Total available liquidity resources	\$	256,792	\$	249,884	

We participate in a program with two of our manufacturer-affiliated finance companies (the floor plan deposit balance in the table above) wherein we maintain a deposit balance with the lender that earns interest based on the agreed upon rate. This deposit balance is not designated as a pre-payment of notes payable – floor plan, nor is it our intent to use this amount to offset principal amounts owed under notes payable – floor plan in the future, although we have the right and ability to do so. The deposit balance of \$54.0 million and \$57.5 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, is classified in other current assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Changes in this deposit balance are classified as changes in other assets in the cash flows from operating activities section of the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The interest rebate as a result of this deposit balance is classified as a reduction of interest expense, floor plan, in the accompanying condensed

consolidated statements of income. In the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the reduction in interest expense, floor plan, was approximately \$03 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. In the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the reduction in interest expense, floor plan, was approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.9 million, respectively.

### Floor Plan Facilities

We finance our new and certain of our used vehicle inventory through standardized floor plan facilities with manufacturer captive finance companies and a syndicate of manufacturer-affiliated finance companies and commercial banks. These floor plan facilities are due on demand and bear interest at variable rates based on either LIBOR or the prime rate. The weighted average interest rate for our new and used floor plan facilities for continuing operations was 1.63% and 1.61% in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and 1.61% and 1.62% in the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

We receive floor plan assistance from certain manufacturers. Floor plan assistance received is capitalized in inventory and charged against cost of sales when the associated inventory is sold. We received approximately \$10.2 million and \$19.4 million in floor plan assistance in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and \$10.0 million and \$19.0 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. We recognized manufacturer floor plan assistance in cost of sales for continuing operations of approximately \$11.2 million and \$19.6 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively, and \$9.6 million and \$18.4 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively. Interest payments under each of our floor plan facilities are due monthly and we are not required to make principal repayments prior to the sale of the vehicles.

### Long-Term Debt and Credit Facilities

See Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for discussion of our long-term debt and credit facilities and compliance with debt covenants.

### Dealership Acquisitions and Dispositions

See Note 2, "Business Acquisitions and Dispositions," to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

### Capital Expenditures

Our capital expenditures include the purchase of land and buildings, construction of new dealerships, EchoPark® stores and collision repair centers, building improvements and equipment purchased for use in our dealerships and EchoPark® stores. We selectively construct new or improve existing dealership facilities to maintain compliance with manufacturers' image requirements. We typically finance these projects through new mortgages, or, alternatively, through our credit facilities. We also fund these projects through cash flows from operations.

Capital expenditures in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 were approximately \$36.2 million and \$82.9 million, respectively. Of this amount, approximately \$18.0 million and \$48.4 million were related to facility construction projects in thethree and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. Real estate acquisitions accounted for approximately \$10.2 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015. Fixed assets utilized in our dealership operations accounted for the remaining \$8.0 million and \$24.3 million of the capital expenditures in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively.

Of the capital expenditures in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, approximately \$20.4 million and \$46.0 million, respectively, was funded through mortgage financing and approximately \$15.8 million and \$36.9 million, respectively, was funded through cash from operations and use of our credit facilities. As of June 30, 2015, commitments for facilities construction projects totaled approximately \$31.0 million. We expect investments related to capital expenditures to be partly dependent upon our overall liquidity position and the availability of mortgage financing to fund significant capital projects.

### Stock Repurchase Program

Our Board of Directors has authorized us to repurchase shares of our Class A common stock. Historically, we have used our share repurchase authorization to offset dilution caused by the exercise of stock options or the vesting of equity compensation awards and to maintain our desired capital structure. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we repurchased approximately 0.2 million shares and 0.6 million shares, respectively, of our Class A common stock for approximately \$3.6 million and \$14.8 million, respectively, in open-market transactions and in connection with tax withholdings on the vesting of equity compensation awards. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, we repurchased approximately 0.1 million shares and 0.5 million shares,

respectively, of our Class A common stock for approximately \$2.8 million and \$11.2 million, respectively, in open-market transactions and in connection with tax withholdings on the vesting of equity compensation awards. As of June 30, 2015, our total remaining repurchase authorization was approximately \$64.7 million. Under the 2014 Credit Facilities, share repurchases are permitted to the extent that no event of default exists and we have the pro forma liquidity amount required by the repurchase test (as defined in the 2014 Credit Facilities) and the result of such test has been accepted by the administrative agent.

Our share repurchase activity is subject to the business judgment of our Board of Directors and management, taking into consideration our historical and projected results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, capital requirements, covenant compliance and economic and other factors considered relevant. These factors are considered each quarter and will be scrutinized as our Board of Directors and management determine our share repurchase policy in the future.

### Dividends

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, our Board of Directors approved a cash dividend of \$0.025 per share on all outstanding shares of Class A and Class B common stock as of June 15, 2015 to be paid on July 15, 2015. Subsequent to June 30, 2015, our Board of Directors approved a cash dividend on all outstanding shares of Class A and Class B common stock of \$0.025 per share for stockholders of record on September 15, 2015 to be paid on October 15, 2015. Under the 2014 Credit Facilities, dividends are permitted to the extent that no event of default exists and we are in compliance with the financial covenants, including pro forma liquidity requirements, contained therein. The indentures governing our outstanding 5.0% Notes and 7.0% Notes contain restrictions on our ability to pay dividends. There is no guarantee that additional dividends will be declared and paid at any time in the future. See Note 6, "Long-Term Debt," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### Cash Flows

In the six months ended June 30, 2015, net cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$54.1 million. This provision of cash was comprised primarily of cash inflows related to operating profits, and a decrease in receivables and an increase in notes payable – floor plan – trade, offset partially by decreases in trade accounts payable and other liabilities and an increase in inventories. In the six months ended June 30, 2014, net cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$53.6 million. This provision of cash was comprised primarily of cash inflows related to operating profits, a decrease in receivables and an increase in notes payable – floor plan – trade, offset partially by increases in inventories and other assets.

Net cash used in investing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2015 was approximately \$80.7 million. This use of cash was primarily comprised of purchases of land, property and equipment. Net cash used in investing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2014 was approximately \$19.6 million. This use of cash was primarily comprised of purchases of land, property and equipment, offset partially by proceeds from sales of dealerships.

Net cash provided by financing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2015 was approximately \$25.9 million. This provision of cash was comprised primarily of cash inflows related to proceeds from issuance of mortgage-related long-term debt, offset partially by a decrease in notes payable – floor plan – non-trade, payments on long-term debt and purchases of treasury stock. Net cash used in financing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2014 was approximately \$34.1 million. This use of cash was primarily related to a decrease in notes payable – floor plan – non-trade and purchases of treasury stock, offset partially by proceeds from issuance of mortgage-related long-term debt.

We arrange our inventory floor plan financing through both manufacturer captive finance companies and a syndicate of manufacturer captive finance companies and commercial banks. Our floor plan financed with manufacturer captives is recorded as trade floor plan liabilities (with the resulting change being reflected as operating cash flows). Our dealerships that obtain floor plan financing from a syndicate of manufacturer captives and commercial banks record their obligation as non-trade floor plan liabilities (with the resulting change being reflected as financing cash flows).

Due to the presentation differences for changes in trade floor plan and non-trade floor plan in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, decisions made by us to move dealership floor plan financing arrangements from one finance source to another may cause significant variations in operating and financing cash flows without affecting our overall liquidity, working capital or cash flow. Net cash provided by combined trade and non-trade floor plan financing was approximately \$46.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015 and net cash used was approximately \$32.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2014. Accordingly, if all changes in floor plan notes payable were classified as an operating activity, the result would have been net cash provided by operating activities of approximately \$48.9 million and net cash used in operating activities of approximately \$2.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

### **Guarantees and Indemnification Obligations**

In connection with the operation and disposition of dealership franchises, we have entered into various guarantees and indemnification obligations. See Note 8, "Contingencies," to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. See also "Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and Note 12, "Commitments and Contingencies," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### Future Liquidity Outlook

We believe our best sources of liquidity for operations and debt service remain cash flows generated from operations combined with our availability of borrowings under the 2014 Credit Facilities (or any replacements thereof), real estate mortgage financing, selected dealership and other asset sales and our ability to raise funds in the capital markets through offerings of debt or equity securities. Because the majority of our consolidated assets are held by our dealership subsidiaries, the majority of our cash flows from operations are generated by these subsidiaries. As a result, our cash flows and ability to service debt depends to a substantial degree on the results of operations of these subsidiaries and their ability to provide us with cash. We expect to generate sufficient cash flow to fund our debt service, working capital requirements and operating requirements for the next twelve months and for the foreseeable future.

### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

See "Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

### Seasonality

Our operations are subject to seasonal variations. The first quarter normally contributes less operating profit than the second, third and fourth quarters. Weather conditions, the timing of manufacturer incentive programs and model changeovers cause seasonality and may adversely affect vehicle demand, and consequently, our profitability. Comparatively, parts and service demand remains stable throughout the year.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Our variable rate floor plan facilities, 2014 Revolving Credit Facility and other variable rate notes expose us to risks caused by fluctuations in the applicable interest rates. The total outstanding balance of such variable instruments after considering the effect of our interest rate swaps (see below) was approximately \$1.1 billion at June 30, 2015. A change of 100 basis points in the underlying interest rate would have caused a change in interest expense of approximately \$5.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2015. Of the total change in interest expense, approximately \$4.6 million would have resulted from the floor plan facilities.

In addition to our variable rate debt, certain of our dealership lease facilities have monthly lease payments that fluctuate based on LIBOR interest rates. An increase in interest rates of 100 basis points would not have had a significant impact on rent expense in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 due to the leases containing LIBOR floors which were above the LIBOR rate during the three and six months ended June 30, 2015.

We also have various cash flow swaps to effectively convert a portion of our LIBOR-based variable rate debt to a fixed rate. Under the terms of these cash flow swaps, interest rates reset monthly. The fair value of these swap positions at June 30, 2015 was a liability of approximately \$10.9 million, with \$5.7 million included in other accrued liabilities and \$5.2 million included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Under the terms of these cash flow swaps, Sonic will receive and pay interest based on the following:

Notional		Pay			
Amount Rate		Rate	Receive Rate (1)	Maturing Date	
(In millions)					
2.7		7.100%	one-month LIBOR + 1.50%	July 10, 2017	
8.5		4.655%	one-month LIBOR	December 10, 2017	
7.3	(2)	6.860%	one-month LIBOR + 1.25%	August 1, 2017	
100.0		3.280%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2015	
100.0		3.300%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2015	
6.3	(2)	6.410%	one-month LIBOR + 1.25%	September 12, 2017	
50.0		3.240%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2015	
50.0		3.070%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2015	
100.0	(3)	2.065%	one-month LIBOR	June 30, 2017	
100.0	(3)	2.015%	one-month LIBOR	June 30, 2017	
200.0	(3)	0.788%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2016	
50.0	(4)	1.320%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2017	
250.0	(5)	1.887%	one-month LIBOR	June 30, 2018	
25.0	(4)	2.080%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2017	
100.0	(3)	1.560%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2017	
125.0	(4)	1.303%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2017	
125.0	(6)	1.900%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2018	
50.0	(7)	2.320%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2019	
200.0	(7)	2.313%	one-month LIBOR	July 1, 2019	
	Amount (In millions)  2.7  8.5  7.3  100.0  100.0  6.3  50.0  100.0  100.0  200.0  50.0  25.0  25.0  100.0  125.0  125.0  50.0	Amount (In millions)  2.7 8.5 7.3 (2) 100.0 100.0 6.3 (2) 50.0 50.0 100.0 (3) 100.0 (3) 200.0 (3) 200.0 (3) 50.0 (4) 250.0 (5) 25.0 (4) 100.0 (3) 125.0 (4) 125.0 (6) 50.0 (7)	Amount         Rate           (In millions)         2.7         7.100%           8.5         4.655%           7.3         (2)         6.860%           100.0         3.280%           100.0         3.300%           6.3         (2)         6.410%           50.0         3.240%           50.0         3.070%           100.0         (3)         2.065%           100.0         (3)         2.015%           200.0         (3)         0.788%           50.0         (4)         1.320%           250.0         (5)         1.887%           25.0         (4)         2.080%           100.0         (3)         1.560%           125.0         (4)         1.303%           125.0         (6)         1.900%           50.0         (7)         2.320%	Rate         Receive Rate (1)           (In millions)         2.7         7.100%         one-month LIBOR + 1.50%           8.5         4.655%         one-month LIBOR           7.3         (2)         6.860%         one-month LIBOR + 1.25%           100.0         3.280%         one-month LIBOR           100.0         3.300%         one-month LIBOR           6.3         (2)         6.410%         one-month LIBOR           50.0         3.240%         one-month LIBOR           50.0         3.070%         one-month LIBOR           100.0         (3)         2.065%         one-month LIBOR           100.0         (3)         2.015%         one-month LIBOR           200.0         (3)         0.788%         one-month LIBOR           50.0         (4)         1.320%         one-month LIBOR           250.0         (5)         1.887%         one-month LIBOR           25.0         (4)         2.080%         one-month LIBOR           100.0         (3)         1.560%         one-month LIBOR           25.0         (4)         1.303%         one-month LIBOR           125.0         (6)         1.900%         one-month LIBOR	

- (1) The one-month LIBOR rate was approximately 0.187% at June 30, 2015.
- (2) Changes in fair value are recorded through earnings.
- (3) The effective date of these forward-starting swaps is July 1, 2015.
- (4) The effective date of these forward-starting swaps is July 1, 2016.
- (5) The effective date of this forward-starting swap is July 3, 2017.
- (6) The effective date of this forward-starting swap is July 1, 2017.
- (7) The effective date of these forward-starting swaps is July 2, 2018.

# Foreign Currency Risk

We purchase certain of our new vehicle and parts inventories from foreign manufacturers. Although we purchase our inventories in U.S. Dollars, our business is subject to foreign exchange rate risk that may influence automobile manufacturers' ability to provide their products at competitive prices in the United States. To the extent that we cannot recapture this volatility in prices charged to

customers of it this volatility negative	ery impacts consumer demand for	our products, this volatility could a	adversely affect our future of	beraung resins.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures – Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), we evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of June 30, 2015. Based upon that evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2015.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting — There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended June 30, 2015, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting can provide only reasonable assurance that the objectives of the control system are met and may not prevent or detect misstatements. In addition, any evaluation of the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting in future periods is subject to risk that those internal controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC. PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Sonic is involved, and expects to continue to be involved, in numerous legal and administrative proceedings arising out of the conduct of its business, including regulatory investigations and private civil actions brought by plaintiffs purporting to represent a potential class or for which a class has been certified. Although Sonic vigorously defends itself in all legal and administrative proceedings, the outcomes of pending and future proceedings arising out of the conduct of Sonic's business, including litigation with customers, employment related lawsuits, contractual disputes, class actions, purported class actions and actions brought by governmental authorities, cannot be predicted with certainty. An unfavorable resolution of one or more of these matters could have a material adverse effect on Sonic's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

# Item 1A . Risk Factors.

In addition to the information set forth in this Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The following table sets forth information about the shares of Class A common stock we repurchased during the three months ended June 30, 2015:

	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (2)		pproximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under e Plans or Programs
		(In tho	usands, except per share	data)	
April 2015	1	\$ 25.01	1	\$	68,342
May 2015	151	23.91	151		64,721
June 2015	-	-	-		64,721
Total	152	\$ 23.92	152	S	64.721

(1) All shares repurchased

(2) Our active publicly announced Class A common stock repurchase authorization plans do not have an expiration date and current remaining availability is as follows:

	(In th	housands)
February 2013 authorization	\$	100,000
Total active plan repurchases prior to June 30, 2015		(35,279)
Current remaining availability as of June 30, 2015	\$	64,721

See "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" for additional discussion of restrictions on share repurchases and payment of dividends.

# Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
10.1	Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for Retention Grant, dated May 6, 2015, between Sonic Automotive, Inc. and Jeff Dyke (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 8, 2015).
10.2	Form of Change in Control Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 8, 2015).
31.1*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).
31.2*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).
32.1*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

<sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith.

#### **Uncertainty of Forward Looking Statements and Information**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains, and written or oral statements made from time to time by us or by our authorized officers may contain, "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements address our future objectives, plans and goals, as well as our intent, beliefs and current expectations regarding future operating performance, results and events, and can generally be identified by words such as "may," "will," "should," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "foresee" and other similar words or phrases.

These forward-looking statements are based on our current estimates and assumptions and involve various risks and uncertainties. As a result, you are cautioned that these forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and that actual results could differ materially from those projected in these forward-looking statements. Factors which may cause actual results to differ materially from our projections include those risks described in Item 1A of Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 and elsewhere in this report, as well as:

- the number of new and used cars sold in the United States as compared to our expectations and the expectations of the market;
- · our ability to generate sufficient cash flows or obtain additional financing to fund capital expenditures, our share repurchase program, dividends on our common stock, acquisitions and general operating activities;
- our business and growth strategies, including, but not limited to, our EchoPark® initiative and One Sonic-One Experience initiative;
- the reputation and financial condition of vehicle manufacturers whose brands we represent, the financial incentives vehicle manufacturers offer and their ability to design, manufacture, deliver and market their vehicles successfully;
- our relationships with manufacturers, which may affect our ability to obtain desirable new vehicle models in inventory or complete additional acquisitions;
- adverse resolutions of one or more significant legal proceedings against us or our dealerships;
- changes in laws and regulations governing the operation of automobile franchises, accounting standards, taxation requirements and environmental laws;
- general economic conditions in the markets in which we operate, including fluctuations in interest rates, employment levels, the level of consumer spending and consumer credit availability;
- · high competition in the automotive retailing industry, which not only creates pricing pressures on the products and services we offer, but also on businesses we may seek to acquire;
- · our ability to successfully integrate potential future acquisitions; and
- the rate and timing of overall economic recovery or decline.

These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report or when made, and we undertake no obligation to revise or update these statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances, except as required under the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations of the SEC.

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

	SONIC A	SONIC AUTOMOTIVE, INC.	
Date: July 23, 2015	Ву:	/s/ B. SCOTT SMITH	
		B. Scott Smith  Chief Executive Officer and President	
Date: July 23, 2015	Ву:	/s/ HEATH R. BYRD	
		Heath R. Byrd  Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	

# EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
10.1	Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for Retention Grant, dated May 6, 2015, between Sonic Automotive, Inc. and Jeff Dyke (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 8, 2015).
10.2	Form of Change in Control Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 8, 2015).
31.1*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).
31.2*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).
32.1*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

<sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith.

## CERTIFICATION

#### I, Heath R. Byrd, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Sonic Automotive, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 23, 2015

By: /s/ HEATH R. BYRD

Heath R. Byrd Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

#### CERTIFICATION

#### I, B. Scott Smith, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Sonic Automotive, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 23, 2015

By: /s/ B. SCOTT SMITH

B. Scott Smith Chief Executive Officer and President

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Sonic Automotive, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Heath R. Byrd, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ HEATH R. BYRD

Heath R. Byrd

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

July 23, 2015

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Sonic Automotive, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, B. Scott Smith, Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ B. SCOTT SMITH

B. Scott Smith

Chief Executive Officer and President

July 23, 2015